## SAFETY DATA SHEET



## Jotamastic Smart Pack Comp A

## Section 1. Chemical product and company identification

GHS product identifier : Jotamastic Smart Pack Comp A

Product code : 1550

Other means of identification

: Not available.

Product type : Liquid.
Product description : Paint.

### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use in coatings - Industrial use
Use in coatings - Professional use

Supplier's details : Jotun Kazakhstan LLP

Al-Farabi Ave., 15, Nurly-Tau business center, building 4V, 9th floor,

premise No. 18-4V-9NP, Almaty,

Republic of Kazakhstan

Tel: +7 (727) 311 56 37 / +7 (727) 311 56 85

infokz@jotun.com SDSJotun@jotun.com

Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation) : 112 – Department for emergency situations 101 – Fire department; 103 – Ambulance

## Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture according to GOST 32419-2013 and GOST 32423/24/25-2013

Classification of the substance or mixture

: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

CHEMICALS THAT CAUSE SENSITIZATION - Chemical which cause skin

sensitization

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2

LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2

**GHS label elements** 

Hazard pictograms :









Signal word : Warning.

Date of issue/Date of revision: 30.10.2024Date of previous issue: No previous validationVersion: 1

## Section 2. Hazards identification

**Hazard statements** : H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary statements** 

General : Not applicable.

**Prevention** : P201 + P202 - Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety

precautions have been read and understood.

P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.

P210 - Keep away from flames and hot surfaces. No smoking.

P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment.

P242 - Use non-sparking tools.

P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges. P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P261 - Avoid breathing vapour.

P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Response : P391 - Collect spillage.

P308 + P311 - IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or physician.

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated

clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.

P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P333 + P311 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Call a POISON CENTER or physician. P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337 + P311 - If eye irritation persists: Call a POISON CENTER or physician.

**Storage** : P403 + P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

**Disposal** : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional,

national and international regulations.

Other hazards which do not : None known.

result in classification

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

Mixture

Other means of identification

: Not available.

Ingredient name	%	Identifiers	Classification	Type
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	≥25 - ≤50	CAS: 1675-54-3	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2	[1]
,			SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION -	
			Category 2A CHEMICALS THAT CAUSE	
			SENSITIZATION - Chemical which cause	
			skin sensitization LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC	
			HAZARD - Category 2	
Phenol, methylstyrenated	≤10	CAS: 68512-30-1	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2	[1]
, ,			CHEMICALS THAT CAUSE	
			SENSITIZATION - Chemical which cause	
			skin sensitization	
			LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC	
			HAZARD - Category 3	
xylene	≤10	CAS: 1330-20-7	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4	[1] [2]

Date of issue/Date of revision 2/15 : 30.10.2024 Date of previous issue Version : 1 : No previous validation

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

			ii iiigi oaioiito	ı
			ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category	
			2  SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION -	
			Category 2A	
			SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY -	
			SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract	
			irritation) - Category 3	
			ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	
			LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC	
			HAZARD - Category 3	
epoxy resin (MW	≤5	CAS: 25036-25-3	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category	[1]
700-1200)		0, 10, 20000 20 0	2	L · J
			SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION -	
			Category 2A	
			CHEMICALS THAT CAUSE	
			SENSITIZATION - Chemical which cause	
			skin sensitization	
hydrocarbons, C9,	≤3	CAS: 64742-95-6	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3	[1]
aromatics			SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY -	
			SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract	
			irritation) - Category 3	
			SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY -	
			SINGLE EXPOSURE (Narcotic effects) -	
			Category 3	
			ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	
			LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC	
ethylbenzene	≤3	CAS: 100-41-4	HAZARD - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2	[1] [2]
Curyiberizerie		OAO. 100-41-4	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4	נין נבן
			SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY -	
			REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2	
			ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	
			LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQŬAŤIC	
			HAZARD - Category 3	
benzyl alcohol	≤3	CAS: 100-51-6	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4	[1] [2]
			ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4	
			SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION -	
			Category 2A	
			CHEMICALS THAT CAUSE SENSITIZATION - Chemical which cause	
			skin sensitization	
butan-1-ol	<3	CAS: 71-36-3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3	[1] [2]
Datail I Oi		57 to. 7 1 00-0	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4	ניונ~ן
			SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category	
			2	
			SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION -	
			Category 1	
			SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY -	
			SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract	
			irritation) - Category 3	
			SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY -	
			SINGLE EXPOSURE (Narcotic effects) -	
propylidynetrimethanol	<0.3	CAS: 77-99-6	Category 3 REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2	[1] [2]
propylicyriculineulalion	_0.0	J. 11 - 33 - 0	INC. NODOCTIVE TOMOTTI - Galegory 2	ני <u>ן נ</u>

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

### **Type**

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 30.10.2024 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 3/15

### Section 4. First aid measures

### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact

: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

**Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact**: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Ingestion**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

Date of issue/Date of revision: 30.10.2024Date of previous issue: No previous validationVersion: 14/15

### Section 4. First aid measures

### **Protection of first-aiders**

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear aloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Firefighting measures

#### Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

**Unsuitable extinguishing** media

: Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.

: Do not use water jet.

metal oxide/oxides

### Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

### **Hazardous thermal** decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide

### **Special protective actions** for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

### **Special protective** equipment for fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

### **Environmental precautions**

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

### **Small spill**

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 30.10.2024 Version :1 5/15 Date of previous issue : No previous validation

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

#### **Protective measures**

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

## including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage, : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and wellventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

See Technical Data Sheet / packaging for further information.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### **Control parameters**

### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	<b>Exposure limits</b>		
xylene	Order of the Minister of Health of the Republic of Kazakhstan on approval of hygienic standards for atmospheric air in urban and rural settlements, on the territories of industrial organizations dated August 2, 2022 No.DSM -70 (KZ, 8/2022). [Диметилбензол(смесь 2-,3-, 4-изомеров)]  STEL: 50 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: vapor		
ethylbenzene	and (or) gases  Order of the Minister of Health of the  Republic of Kazakhstan on approval of		

Date of issue/Date of revision : 30.10.2024 6/15 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version: 1

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

hygienic standards for atmospheric air in urban and rural settlements, on the territories of industrial organizations dated August 2, 2022 No.DSM -70 (KZ, 8/2022).

TWA: 50 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: vapor and (or) gases

STEL: 150 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: vapor and (or) gases

Order of the Minister of Health of the Republic of Kazakhstan on approval of hygienic standards for atmospheric air in urban and rural settlements, on the territories of industrial organizations dated August 2, 2022 No.DSM -70 (KZ, 8/2022).

STEL: 5 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: vapor and (or) gases

Order of the Minister of Health of the Republic of Kazakhstan on approval of hygienic standards for atmospheric air in urban and rural settlements, on the territories of industrial organizations dated August 2, 2022 No.DSM -70 (KZ, 8/2022).

TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: vapor and (or) gases

STEL: 30 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: vapor and (or) gases

Order of the Minister of Health of the Republic of Kazakhstan on approval of hygienic standards for atmospheric air in urban and rural settlements, on the territories of industrial organizations dated August 2, 2022 No.DSM -70 (KZ, 8/2022).

STEL: 50 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: vapor and (or) gases

benzyl alcohol

butan-1-ol

propylidynetrimethanol

### **Biological exposure indices**

No exposure indices known.

## Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

## **Environmental exposure** controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### **Individual protection measures**

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 30.10.2024 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 7/15

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### **Eye/face protection**

: Safety eyewear complying to ISO 16321-1:2022 should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

## Skin protection Hand protection

: There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.

The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material

Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.

Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

Wear suitable gloves tested to ISO 374-1:2016.

May be used, gloves(breakthrough time) 4 - 8 hours: neoprene (> 0.35 mm), butyl rubber (> 0.4 mm), PVC (> 0.5 mm)

Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: Viton® (> 0.7 mm), 4H/Silver Shield® (> 0.07 mm), Teflon (> 0.35 mm), polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) (> 0.3 mm), nitrile rubber (> 0.75 mm)

For right choice of glove materials, with focus on chemical resistance and time of penetration, seek advice by the supplier of chemical resistant gloves.

The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

### **Body protection**

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

### Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

### **Respiratory protection**

: If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use a respirator according to EN 140. Use respiratory mask with charcoal and dust filter when spraying this product, according to EN 14387(as filter combination A2-P2). In confined spaces, use compressed-air or fresh-air respiratory equipment. When use of roller or brush, consider use of charcoalfilter.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

### **Appearance**

Physical state : Liquid.

**Colour**: Grey, Red, Yellowish-brown., Black, Green.

Odour : Characteristic. [Strong]

Odour threshold : Not applicable.pH : Not applicable.Melting point/freezing point : Not applicable.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 30.10.2024 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 8/15

Jotamastic Smart Pack Comp A

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

**Boiling point, initial boiling** point, and boiling range

Lowest known value: 119°C (246.2°F) (butan-1-ol). Weighted average: 254.92°C

(490.9°F)

Flash point : Closed cup: 41°C (105.8°F)

**Evaporation rate** : Not available. **Flammability** : Not applicable. Lower and upper explosion : 0.8 - 13%

limit/flammability limit

Vapour pressure : Highest known value: 1.2 kPa (9.3 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (ethylbenzene). Weighted

average: 0.17 kPa (1.28 mm Hg) (at 20°C)

Relative vapour density Highest known value: 11.7 (Air = 1) (epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)). Weighted average:

9.81 (Air = 1)

**Density** 1.35 to 1.43 g/cm<sup>3</sup>

Solubility(ies)

Media	Result
cold water hot water	Not soluble Not soluble

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not available.

**Auto-ignition temperature** 

: Lowest known value: 280 to 470°C (536 to 878°F) (hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics).

**Decomposition temperature** 

: Not available.

**Viscosity** 

Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >20.5 mm<sup>2</sup>/s (>20.5 cSt)

**Particle characteristics** 

Median particle size : Not applicable.

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

**Chemical stability** 

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. : The product is stable.

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

reactions

Possibility of hazardous

Conditions to avoid

: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld,

braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

**Incompatible materials** 

: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

oxidising materials

**Hazardous decomposition** products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products

should not be produced.

## **Section 11. Toxicological information**

### Information on toxicological effects

### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	20 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	15600 mg/kg	-
xylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	11 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Dermal	Rabbit	4300 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat - Male	11 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
benzyl alcohol	LD50 Oral	Rat	1230 mg/kg	-
butan-1-ol	LD50 Oral	Rat	790 mg/kg	-
propylidynetrimethanol	LD50 Oral	Rat	14000 mg/kg	-

9/15 Date of issue/Date of revision : 30.10.2024 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
Phenol, methylstyrenated	Skin - Mild irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	_	87 milligrams	_
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 microliters	-
epoxy resin (MW 700-1200)	Eyes - Mild irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
benzyl alcohol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-

### **Sensitisation**

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising
Phenol, methylstyrenated	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising
epoxy resin (MW 700-1200)	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising

### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
butan-1-ol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs

Date of issue/Date of revision: 30.10.2024Date of previous issue: No previous validationVersion: 1

Jotamastic Smart Pack Comp A

## **Section 11. Toxicological information**

### **Aspiration hazard**

Product/ingredient name	Result
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on likely routes : Not available.

of exposure

Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

**Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact**: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General : Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed

to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Reproductive toxicity : Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

**Numerical measures of toxicity** 

Date of issue/Date of revision : 30.10.2024 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 11/15

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### **Acute toxicity estimates**

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Jotamastic Smart Pack Comp A	21693.9	18719.4	N/A	115.9	N/A
xylene	N/A	1100	N/A	11	N/A
ethylbenzene	N/A	N/A	N/A	11	N/A
benzyl alcohol	1230	N/A	N/A	11	N/A
butan-1-ol	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
propylidynetrimethanol	14000	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

## Section 12. Ecological information

### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	Acute EC50 1.4 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3.1 mg/l	Fish - pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.3 mg/l	Fish	21 days
xylene	Acute LC50 8500 μg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	Acute EC50 <10 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute IC50 <10 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute LC50 <10 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 7700 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	-	-	Not readily
xylene	-	-	Readily
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	-	-	Not readily
ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily
benzyl alcohol	-	-	Readily

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	2.64 to 3.78	31	low
Phenol, methylstyrenated	3.627	-	low
xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	-	10 to 2500	high
ethylbenzene	3.6	-	low
benzyl alcohol	0.87	<100	low
butan-1-ol	1	-	low
propylidynetrimethanol	-0.47	<1	low

### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Date of issue/Date of revision: 30.10.2024Date of previous issue: No previous validationVersion: 112/15

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

### **Disposal methods**

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers

## **Section 14. Transport information**

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	Paint	Paint	Paint. Marine pollutant (epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700))	Paint
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.

### **Additional information**

ADR/RID

**IMDG** 

IATA

: The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

Hazard identification number 30

Tunnel code (D/E)

**ADN** : The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

> The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. Emergency schedules F-E, S-E

The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other

transportation regulations.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according: Not available. to IMO instruments

Date of issue/Date of revision : 30.10.2024 Version:1 13/15 Date of previous issue : No previous validation

## Section 15. Regulatory information

### International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

### **Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

**Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)** 

Not listed.

**UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals** 

Not listed.

### Section 16. Other information

**History** 

Date of printing : 30.10.2024

Date of issue/Date of : 30.10.2024

revision

Date of previous issue : No previous validation

Version : 1

**Key to abbreviations** : ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous

Goods by Inland Waterway

ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of

Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

GOST = Gosudarstvennyy standart

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available

RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods

by Rail

SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3	On basis of test data
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A	Calculation method Calculation method
CHEMICALS THAT CAUSE SENSITIZATION - Chemical which cause skin	Calculation method
sensitization REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2	Calculation method
LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2	Calculation method

References : Not available.

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

**Notice to reader** 

Date of issue/Date of revision: 30.10.2024Date of previous issue: No previous validationVersion: 114/15

## Section 16. Other information

The information in this document is given to the best of Jotun's knowledge, based on laboratory testing and practical experience. Jotun's products are considered as semi-finished goods and as such, products are often used under conditions beyond Jotun's control. Jotun cannot guarantee anything but the quality of the product itself. Minor product variations may be implemented in order to comply with local requirements. Jotun reserves the right to change the given data without further notice.

Users should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 30.10.2024 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 15/15