SAFETY DATA SHEET



Futura Classic Comp B

Section 1. Chemical product and company identification : Futura Classic Comp B Product name **Product code** 18640 **Product type** : Liquid. **Product description** : Hardener. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Use in coatings - Industrial use Use in coatings - Professional use : Chokwang Jotun Ltd. 30th Block Jisa science park, 1205 Jisa-dong, Gangseo-ku, **Supplier's details** Busan, South Korea Tel: + 82 51 797 6000 Fax: + 82 51 711 7735 朝光 JOTUN 株式會社 大韓民國 釜山廣域市 江西區 科學産團 1路 96 (智士洞) Tel: + 86 535 3088 586 Fax: + 82 51 711 7735 SDSJotun@jotun.com **Emergency telephone** : +86 535 3088 586 number (with hours of operation)

Section 2. Hazards identification

Date of issue/Date of revision

Classification of the substance or mixture according to GB 13690-2009 and GB 30000-2013

Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 3 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
GHS label elements Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Warning.

:05.07.2024

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1/13

: 27.11.2024 Date of previous issue

Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements	:	 H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour. H316 - Causes mild skin irritation. H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H332 - Harmful if inhaled. H335 - May cause respiratory irritation. H351 - Suspected of causing cancer. H402 - Harmful to aquatic life.
Precautionary statements		
General	:	Not applicable.
Prevention	:	 P201 - Obtain special instructions before use. P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P273 - Avoid release to the environment. P261 - Avoid breathing vapour.
Response	:	 P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	:	P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P403 + P235 - Keep cool.
Disposal	:	P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Physical and chemical hazards	:	Flammable liquid and vapour.
Health hazards	:	Causes mild skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. Suspected of causing cancer.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
hexane, 1,6-diisocyanato-, homopolymer	≤75	28182-81-2
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	<20	108-65-6
xylene	<10	1330-20-7
ethylbenzene	≤5	100-41-4

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of neces	sary first aid measures
Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effe	<u>ts</u>	
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.	
Skin contact	: Causes mild skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Over-exposure signs/sym	toms	
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness	
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing	
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness	
Ingestion	: No specific data.	
Indication of immediate me	ical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary	
Notes to physician	In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.	
Specific treatments	No specific treatment.	
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.	
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Section 4. First aid measures

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Firefighting measures

: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
: Do not use water jet.
: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides
: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures			
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.	
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".	
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.	
Mothods and material for con	ta	inmont and cleaning up	

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and
explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble.
Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an
appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal
contractor.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	L	
Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
xylene ethylbenzene	GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022). [Xylene] PC-STEL: 100 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. PC-TWA: 50 mg/m ³ 8 hours. GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022). PC-TWA: 100 mg/m ³ 8 hours. PC-STEL: 150 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.

Biological exposure indices

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name		Exposure indices
xylene		GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022) BEI: 0.4 g/L, methylhippuric acids [in urine].
		Sampling time: end of work shift. BEI: 0.3 g/g Cr, methylhippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of work shift.
ethylbenzene		GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022) BEI: 0.8 g/g Cr, mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid (MA and PGA) [in urine]. Sampling time: end of work shift.
Appropriate engineering controls	ventilation or other engineering c contaminants below any recomm	on. Use process enclosures, local exhaust controls to keep worker exposure to airborne nended or statutory limits. The engineering controls r dust concentrations below any lower explosive lation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.	
Individual protection measu	res	
Hygiene measures	eating, smoking and using the la Appropriate techniques should be Contaminated work clothing shou	thoroughly after handling chemical products, before vatory and at the end of the working period. e used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. uld not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash using. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety ation location.
Eye/face protection	assessment indicates this is nec gases or dusts. If contact is pos	0 16321-1:2022 should be used when a risk essary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, sible, the following protection should be worn, a higher degree of protection: chemical splash
Skin protection		
Hand protection	resistance to any individual or co The breakthrough time must be g The instructions and information storage, maintenance and replac Gloves should be replaced regula material.	greater than the end use time of the product. provided by the glove manufacturer on use, cement must be followed. arly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove
	correctly. The performance or effectivenes damage and poor maintenance.	ee from defects and that they are stored and used so of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical ect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be rred.
	Wear suitable gloves tested to IS Not recommended, gloves(break May be used, gloves(breakthroug (> 0.5 mm) Recommended, gloves(breakthroug	
		ls, with focus on chemical resistance and time of supplier of chemical resistant gloves.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

<u>Appearance</u>				
Physical state	1	Liquid.		
Colour	4	Clear.		
Odour	4	Characteristic.		
Odour threshold	1	Not applicable.		
рН	1	Not applicable.		
Melting point/freezing point	1	Not applicable.		
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	:	Lowest known value: 136.1°C (277°F) (ethylbenzene). Weighted average: 140.97°C (285.7°F)		
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 38°C (100.4°F)		
Evaporation rate	:	Highest known value: 0.84 (ethylbenzene) Weighted average: 0.54compared with butyl acetate		
Flammability	1	Not applicable.		
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	:	Greatest known range: Lower: 0.8% Upper: 6.7% (xylene)		
Vapour pressure	:	Highest known value: 1.2 kPa (9.3 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (ethylbenzene). Weighted average: 0.17 kPa (1.28 mm Hg) (at 20°C)		
Relative vapour density	:	Highest known value: 4.6 (Air = 1) (2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate). Weighted average: 4.15 (Air = 1)		
Density	1	1.07 g/cm ³		
Solubility(ies)	1			
Media		Result		
cold water hot water		Not soluble Not soluble		
Solubility in water	1	Not available.		
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not available.		
Auto-ignition temperature	1	Lowest known value: 333°C (631.4°F) (2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate).		
Decomposition temperature	1	Not available.		
Viscosity	1	Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >20.5 mm²/s (>20.5 cSt)		
Particle characteristics				
Median particle size	4	Not applicable.		
No additional information.				

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Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials
Hazardous decomposition products	 Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Oral LC50 Inhalation Vapour LD50 Oral TDLo Dermal	Rat Rat Rat Rabbit	8532 mg/kg 11 mg/l 4300 mg/kg 4300 mg/kg	- 4 hours -
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rat - Male Rabbit Rat	11 mg/l >5000 mg/kg 3500 mg/kg	- 4 hours - -

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
hexane, 1,6-diisocyanato-, homopolymer	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
volene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit Rat	-	87 milligrams 8 hours 60 microliters	-

Sensitisation

••••••	Route of exposure	Species	Result
hexane, 1,6-diisocyanato-, homopolymer	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	IARC
ethylbenzene	2B

Reproductive toxicity

Date of issue/Date of revision

Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
hexane, 1,6-diisocyanato-, homopolymer	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate xylene	Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name		Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	-

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

nformation on likely routes of exposure	:	Not available.
Potential acute health effects	5	
Eye contact	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	:	Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	:	Causes mild skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
		pain or irritation watering redness
Eye contact		5
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Inhalation Skin contact		respiratory tract irritation

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure Short term exposure Potential immediate : Not available. effects : Not available. Potential delayed effects : Not available. Long term exposure : Not available. Potential immediate : Not available. effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects	: Not available.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General	: Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Futura Classic Comp B	N/A	11733.3	N/A	117.3	2.0
hexane, 1,6-diisocyanato-, homopolymer	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.5
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	8532	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
xylene	N/A	1100	N/A	11	N/A

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
xylene	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute LC50 13400 μg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 7700 μg/l Marine water Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l Acute LC50 4.2 mg/l	Fish - Pimephales promelas Algae - Skeletonema costatum Daphnia Fish	96 hours 96 hours 48 hours 96 hours

Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
xylene	-		Readily
ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
hexane, 1,6-diisocyanato-, homopolymer	5.54	367.7	low
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1.2	-	low
xylene ethylbenzene	3.12 3.6	8.1 to 25.9 -	low low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Date of issue/Date of revision

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	China	UN	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1866	UN1866	UN1866	UN1866
UN proper shipping name	Resin solution	Resin solution	Resin solution	Resin solution
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
Packing group	111	111		
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

Additional information		
IMDG	:	<u>Emergency schedules</u> F-E, <u>S-E</u>
		IMDG: Viscous substance. Transport in accordance with 2.3.2.5 of the IMDG Code (only applicable to receptacles < 450 litre capacity).
ADR / RID	:	Tunnel restriction code: (D/E) Hazard identification number: 30
		ADR/RID: Viscous substance. Not goods of class 3, ref. 2.2.3.1.5 (only applicable to receptacles < 450 litre capacity).
Special precautions for user	:	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	:	Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water jet.
Incompatible materials	:	Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials
Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	:	Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product:

Law of the People's Republic of China on the Prevention and Control of Occupational Diseases

Regulations on the Control over Safety of Dangerous Chemicals

Measures for Environmental Management of New Chemical Substances

Law of the People's Republic of China on the Prevention and Control of Environment Pollution Caused by Solid Wastes Safety regulations for the use of chemicals in the workplace

General Rule for Classification and Hazard Communication of Chemicals

Classification and code of dangerous goods

List of Goods banned for Importing

None of the components are listed.

Drug Precursors Requiring an Import/Export License

None of the components are listed.

Inventory of Hazardous Chemicals

Ingredient name	CAS number	Status	Reference number
xylene	1330-20-7	Listed	358
ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Listed	2566

List of Explosive Precursors

None of the components are listed.

List of Goods banned for Exporting

None of the components are listed.

List of Toxic Chemicals Severely Restricted for Importing & Exporting by China

None of the components are listed.

Catalogue and classification of drug precursor chemicals

None of the components are listed.

Inventory of highly toxic articles

None of the components are listed.

Catalogue of Hazardous Chemicals of Priority Management

None of the components are listed.

Catalogue of Occupational Disease Hazard Factors - Dust

None of the components are listed.

Catalogue of Occupational Disease Hazard Factors - Chemical Factors

Ingredient name	Status
xylene	Listed
ethylbenzene	Listed

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC) Not listed.

Section 15. Regulatory information

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of printing	: 27.11.2024
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Key to abbreviations	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 3 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method

References

: Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

The information in this document is given to the best of Jotun's knowledge, based on laboratory testing and practical experience. Jotun's products are considered as semi-finished goods and as such, products are often used under conditions beyond Jotun's control. Jotun cannot guarantee anything but the quality of the product itself. Minor product variations may be implemented in order to comply with local requirements. Jotun reserves the right to change the given data without further notice.

Users should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.