# SAFETY DATA SHEET



### **Resist ZES Comp A**

Section 1. Identification		
GHS product identifier	: Resist ZES Comp A	
Product code	: 19880	
Other means of identification	: Not available.	
Product type	: Liquid.	
Product description	: Paint.	
Relevant identified uses of Use in coatings - Profess	<u>f the substance or mixture and uses advised against</u> ional use	
Supplier's details	<ul> <li>: 佐敦涂料(张家港)有限公司 江苏省张家港保税区扬子江化学工业园长江路15号 215634 电话: +86 512 58937988 传真: +86 512 58937986</li> <li>Jotun Coatings (Zhangjiagang) Co. Ltd No.15 Changjiang Road Jiangsu Yangtze River International Chemical Industry Park, Zhangjiagang Free Trade Zone, Jiangsu Province 215634 Tel: +86 512 58937988 Fax: +86 512 58937986</li> <li>Jotun Paints (Malaysia) Sdn Bhd, Lot 7 Persiaran Perusahaan, Section 23 40300 SHAH ALAM, Selangor Darul Ehsan Malaysia Tel: +603 51235500 Fax: +603 51235599</li> <li>SDSJotun@jotun.com</li> </ul>	
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: Jotun Coatings (Taiwan) Ltd. Co. Tel: +886 2 87705061	

# Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A AQUATIC TOXICITY (ACUTE) - Category 3 AQUATIC TOXICITY (CHRONIC) - Category 3
<u>GHS label elements</u> Hazard pictograms	:
Signal word	: Danger.

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# Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements	<ul> <li>H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour.</li> <li>H315 - Causes skin irritation.</li> <li>H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.</li> <li>H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	<ul> <li>P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection.</li> <li>P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.</li> <li>P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment.</li> <li>P242 - Use non-sparking tools.</li> <li>P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges.</li> <li>P233 - Keep container tightly closed.</li> <li>P273 - Avoid release to the environment.</li> </ul>
Response	<ul> <li>P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.</li> <li>P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.</li> <li>P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.</li> <li>Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.</li> <li>P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.</li> </ul>
Storage	: P403 + P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: None known.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

Product name	% (w/w)	CAS number	Туре
ethanol	≥10 - ≤25	64-17-5	[1] [2]
2-butoxyethanol	≤10	111-76-2	[1] [2]
tetraethyl silicate	≤5	78-10-4	[1]
xylene	≤5	1330-20-7	[1] [2]
1-methoxy-2-propanol	≤5	107-98-2	[1] [2]
ethylbenzene	≤2.2	100-41-4	[1] [2]
zinc chloride	<1	7646-85-7	[1] [2]
产品名称	% (w/w)	CAS号码	类型
乙醇	≥10 - ≤25	64-17-5	[1] [2]
2-丁氧基乙醇	≤10	111-76-2	[1] [2]
四乙氧基硅烷	≤5	78-10-4	[1]
二甲苯	≤5	1330-20-7	[1] [2]
1-甲氧基-2-丙醇	≤5	107-98-2	[1] [2]
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### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

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乙苯	≤2.2	100-41-4	[1] [2]
氯化锌	<1	7646-85-7	[1] [2]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

#### <u>Type</u>

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

#### Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects	1		
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.		
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.		
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Over-exposure signs/symptoms			
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness		
Inhalation	: No specific data.		
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness		
Ingestion	: No specific data.		

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

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### Section 4. First aid measures

Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	<ul> <li>Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.</li> </ul>

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

#### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and<br/>explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble.<br/>Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an<br/>appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal<br/>contractor.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth
and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13).
Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent
material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	1	
Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name			Exposure limits		
ethanol 2-butoxyethanol			TW Minstry of La workplace exposi- concentration (Ta STEL: 1880 mg/m STEL: 1000 ppm TWA: 1880 mg/m TWA: 1000 ppm TWA: 1000 ppm TW Minstry of La workplace exposi- concentration (Ta through skin. STEL: 37.5 ppm STEL: 181.5 mg/ TWA: 25 ppm 8 h TWA: 121 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	ure standards, all aiwan, 3/2018). n <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. 15 minutes. n <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. 8 hours. bor, labor permis ure standards, all aiwan, 3/2018). Ab 15 minutes. m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. nours.	owable sible owable
xylene			TW Minstry of La workplace expos	•	
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## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Section 8. Exposu	re controls/personal protection
	<b>concentration (Taiwan, 3/2018).</b> STEL: 542.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
1-methoxy-2-propanol	TW Minstry of Labor, labor permissible workplace exposure standards, allowable concentration (Taiwan, 3/2018). STEL: 461.25 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 369 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
ethylbenzene	TW Minstry of Labor, labor permissible workplace exposure standards, allowable concentration (Taiwan, 3/2018). STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 542.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
zinc chloride	TWA: 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. <b>TW Minstry of Labor, labor permissible</b> workplace exposure standards, allowable concentration (Taiwan, 3/2018). STEL: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form: Fume TWA: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Fume
<b>Biological exposure indices</b>	
No exposure indices known.	
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Individual protection measur	<u>es</u>
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
Hand protection	<ul> <li>There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals. The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material. Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly. The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred. Wear suitable gloves tested to ISO 374-1:2016.</li> </ul>
	Not recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) < 1 hour: PVC (> 0.5 mm) Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: butyl rubber (> 0.4 mm), Viton® (> 0.7 mm), 4H/Silver Shield® (> 0.07 mm) May be used, gloves(breakthrough time) 4 - 8 hours: neoprene (> 0.35 mm), Teflon (> 0.35 mm), nitrile rubber (> 0.4 mm), polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) (> 0.3 mm)
	For right choice of glove materials, with focus on chemical resistance and time of penetration, seek advice by the supplier of chemical resistant gloves.

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.
Eye protection	: Safety eyewear complying to ISO 16321-1:2022 should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance	
<b>D</b> hycical state	

Physical state	: Liquid.
Colour	: Grey.
Odour	: Characteristic.
Odour threshold	: Not available.
рН	: 4
Melting point/freezing point	: Not applicable.
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	: Not available.
Flash point	: Closed cup: 16°C (60.8°F)
Flammability	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	: 0.8 - 23%

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#### Vapour pressure

	Vapour Pressure at 20°C			Vapour pressure at 50°C		
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
ethanol	42.95	5.7				
propan-2-ol	33	4.4				
water	17.5	2.3				
ethylbenzene	9.3	1.2				
1-methoxy-2-propanol	8.5	1.1				
xylene	6.7	0.89				
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	2.7	0.36	OECD 104			
tetraethyl silicate	0.82	0.11				
2-butoxyethanol	0.75	0.1				
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hot water

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Soluble

	dimethyl sulfoxide	0.42	0.056	EU A.4		
	zinc chloride	0	0			
R	Relative vapour density : Not available.					
D	ensity	: 1.33 g/cr	m³			
S	olubility(ies)	:				
	Media		sult			
	cold water		tially soluble			

#### Partition coefficient: n-: Not applicable. octanol/water

#### **Auto-ignition temperature**

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method	
tetraethyl silicate	222	431.6		
2-butoxyethanol	230	446	DIN 51794	
1-methoxy-2-propanol	270	518		
dimethyl sulfoxide	300 to 302	572 to 575.6		
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	333	631.4	DIN 51794	
xylene	432	809.6		
ethylbenzene	432.22	810		
ethanol	455	851	DIN 51794	
propan-2-ol	456	852.8		

: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >20.5 mm<sup>2</sup>/s (>20.5 cSt)

: Not applicable.

**Particle characteristics** 

Viscosity

Median particle size

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
ethanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	124700 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
2-butoxyethanol	LD50 Oral	Guinea pig -	1414 mg/kg	-
-		Male, Female		
	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male,	1300 mg/kg	-
		Female		
xylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	20 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Dermal	Rabbit	4300 mg/kg	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	6600 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat - Male	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
zinc chloride	LD50 Oral	Rat	350 mg/kg	-

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
ethanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 microliters	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	400 milligrams	-
2-butoxyethanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
tetraethyl silicate	Eyes - Mild irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 microliters	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
zinc chloride	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	120 hours 1 Percent	-

#### **Sensitisation**

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

# Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
tetraethyl silicate	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
zinc chloride	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name		Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Product/ingredient name	Result
xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

#### Information on likely routes : Not available. of exposure Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.

#### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	Not available	9.
Potential delayed effects	Not available	2.
<u>Long term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	Not available	9.
Potential delayed effects	Not available	9.
Potential chronic health eff		
Not available.		
General	No known si	gnificant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	No known si	gnificant effects or critical hazards.

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### Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Mutagenicity

- : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- **Reproductive toxicity**
- : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Resist ZES Comp A	15170.7	24733.0	N/A	29.8	N/A
ethanol	7000	N/A	N/A	124.7	N/A
2-butoxyethanol	1200	N/A	N/A	3	N/A
tetraethyl silicate	N/A	N/A	N/A	11	N/A
xylene	N/A	1100	N/A	20	N/A
1-methoxy-2-propanol	6600	13000	N/A	N/A	N/A
ethylbenzene	N/A	N/A	N/A	17.8	N/A
zinc chloride	350	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

# Section 12. Ecological information

<u>Toxicity</u>			
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
2-butoxyethanol	Acute EC50 1000 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 1000 mg/l Marine water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna Crustaceans - Chaetogammarus marinus - Young	48 hours 48 hours
xylene	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes	48 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute LC50 13400 μg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 7700 μg/l Marine water Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l Acute LC50 4.2 mg/l	Fish - Pimephales promelas Algae - Skeletonema costatum Daphnia Fish	96 hours 96 hours 48 hours 96 hours

#### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
xylene ethylbenzene	-		Readily Readily

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
ethanol	-0.35	-	low
2-butoxyethanol	0.81	-	low
tetraethyl silicate	3.18	-	low
xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low
1-methoxy-2-propanol	<1	-	low
ethylbenzene	3.6	-	low
zinc chloride	-	60960	high

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

### Section 12. Ecological information

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### Section 14. Transport information

UN	IMDG	IATA		
UN1263	UN1263	UN1263		
Paint	Paint	Paint		
3	3	3		
П	11	11		
No.	No.	No.		
	UN1263 Paint 3 UN1263	UN1263 Paint Paint 3 Constant 3 Constant 1 UN1263 Paint 3 Constant 1 UN1263 Paint 1 UN1263 Paint 1 UN1263 Paint I I I I I I I I I I I I I		

#### Additional information

ADR/RID	<ul> <li>Tunnel restriction code: (D/E)</li> <li>Hazard identification number: 33</li> <li>Special provisions: 640D</li> </ul>
IMDG	: Emergency schedules F-E, <u>S-E</u>

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

### Section 15. Regulatory information

#### TCCSCA List of toxic chemicals

Not applicable.

#### **TCCSCA List of concerned chemicals**

Not applicable.

### Section 15. Regulatory information

OSHA Enforcement Rules	: This product contains substances "Specially hazardous to health": 2-butoxyethanol,
Article 28	xylene, propan-2-ol.

# Organic solvent poisoning : Type 2 prevention rule

#### Priority management chemicals, Article 2

CMR chemical substances, category 1 (Article 2.2 (I)) : Applicable

#### Chemical substances possessing physical hazards or health hazards (Article 2.2 (II))

Ingredient name	Name on list	Concentration	
xylene	xylenes	≤5	
1-methoxy-2-propanol	propylene glycol monomethyl ether	≤5	
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate	≤1	
propan-2-ol	isopropyl alcohol	≤0.3	

#### International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

#### **Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

#### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

### Section 16. Other information

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

	Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Cate SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATI SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE AQUATIC TOXICITY (ACUTE AQUATIC TOXICITY (CHROM	ON - Category 2 E IRRITATION - Category 2A :) - Category 3	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method
References Organisation that prepared the SDS	<ul> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Jotun AS, Norway +47 33 45 70 00</li> </ul>	
<u>History</u>		
Date of printing	: 14.08.2023	
Date of previous issue	: 18.07.2023	
Version	: 1.04	
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Class IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Go LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water parti MARPOL = International Convention for the F 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("M N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations	n oods ition coefficient Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

#### ✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 14.08.2023	Date of previous issue	: 18.07.2023	Version : 1.04	13/14
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### Section 16. Other information

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