# SAFETY DATA SHEET

# Jotashield Primer (T)

## Section 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

**GHS product identifier** : Jotashield Primer (T)

**Product code** : 23480

**Other means of identification** : Not available.

**Product description** : Waterborne paint.

**Product type** : Liquid.

**Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**

Use in coatings - Consumer use: Apply this product only as specified on the label.

**Manufacturing country** : Jotun Thailand Limited
700/353 Amata Nakorn Industrial Estate (BIP 2)
Moo 6, Tumbol Donhualoh, Amphur Muang Chonburi
Chonburi 20000 Thailand

Phone: +66 2 078 6099
SDSJotun@jotun.com

**Emergency telephone number** : Jotun Thailand Limited
Phone: +66 2 078 6099

## Section 2. Hazards identification

**Classification of the substance or mixture** : SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3

**GHS label elements**

**Signal word** : No signal word.

**Hazard statements** : H402 - Harmful to aquatic life.

**Precautionary statements**

**General** : P102 - Keep out of reach of children.

**Prevention** : P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

**Response** : Not applicable.

**Storage** : Not applicable.

**Disposal** : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

**Other hazards which do not result in classification** : None known.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

**Substance/mixture** : Mixture

**Other means of identification** : Not available.

| Ingredient name | % | CAS number |
|---|---|---|
| 3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate (IPBC) | <0.1 | CAS: 55406-53-6 |
| C(M)IT/MIT (3:1) | <0.0025 | CAS: 55965-84-9 |

**There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.**

**Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.**

# Section 4. First aid measures

## Description of necessary first aid measures

**Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.

**Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

**Skin contact** : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

**Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel.

## Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact** : No specific data.

**Inhalation** : No specific data.

**Skin contact** : No specific data.

**Ingestion** : No specific data.

## Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

**Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

**See toxicological information (Section 11)**

# Section 5. Firefighting measures

## Extinguishing media

**Suitable extinguishing media** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media** : None known.

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is harmful to aquatic life. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

**Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide
metal oxide/oxides

**Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

## Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

**For emergency responders** : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

## Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

**Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

## Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

**Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

**Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

## Control parameters

### Occupational exposure limits

None.

**Appropriate engineering controls** : Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

**Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## Individual protection measures

**Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection** : Safety eyewear complying to EN 166 should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

### Skin protection

**Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.
The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product.
The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.
Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.
Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.
The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.
Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN 374.
Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: nitrile rubber (> 0.75 mm), neoprene (> 0.35 mm), PVC (> 0.5 mm)

**Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection** : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

**Appearance**

**Physical state** : Liquid.

**Colour** : White.

**Odour** : Characteristic.

**Odour threshold** : Not available.

**pH** : 8-9

**Melting point/freezing point** : 0

**Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range** : Not available.

**Flash point** : Not available.

**Evaporation rate** : Not available.

**Flammability** : Not applicable.

**Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit** : Not available.

**Vapour pressure** : Not available.

| | Vapour Pressure at 20˚C | | | Vapour pressure at 50˚C | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Ingredient name** | **mm Hg** | **kPa** | **Method** | **mm Hg** | **kPa** | **Method** |
| water | 17.5 | 2.3 | | | | |

**Relative vapour density** : Not available.

**Relative density** : 1.27 g/cm³

**Solubility** : cold water Easily soluble
hot water Easily soluble

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

**Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water** : Not applicable.

**Auto-ignition temperature** : Not available.

**Decomposition temperature** : Not available.

**Viscosity** : Dynamic (room temperature): Not available.
Kinematic (room temperature): Not available.
Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >20.5 $mm^2/s$ (>20.5 cSt)

**Flow time (ISO 2431)** : Not available.

**Particle characteristics**

**Median particle size** : Not applicable.

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity** : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability** : The product is stable.

**Possibility of hazardous reactions** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid** : No specific data.

**Incompatible materials** : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

**Hazardous decomposition products** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

## Information on toxicological effects

### Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result |
|---|---|
| 3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate (IPBC) | **Rat - Oral - LD50**<br>1470 mg/kg<br>Toxic effects: Behavioral - Ataxia Liver - Other changes Kidney, Ureter, and Bladder - Other changes |
| C(M)IT/MIT (3:1) | **Rat - Oral - LD50**<br>53 mg/kg<br>Toxic effects: Behavioral - Somnolence (general depressed activity) Behavioral - Ataxia Lung, Thorax, or Respiration - Respiratory depression |

**Conclusion/Summary[Product]** : Not available.

### Skin corrosion/irritation

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary[Product]** : Not available.

### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

| Product/ingredient name | Result |
|---|---|

# Section 11. Toxicological information

| | |
|---|---|
| 3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate (IPBC) | **Mammal - species unspecified - Eyes - Irritant** |

**Conclusion/Summary[Product]** : Not available.

## Respiratory corrosion/irritation

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary[Product]** : Not available.

## Respiratory or skin sensitization

| Product/ingredient name | Result |
|---|---|
| 3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate (IPBC) | **Mammal - species unspecified - skin**<br>Result: Sensitising |
| C(M)IT/MIT (3:1) | **Mammal - species unspecified - skin**<br>Result: Sensitising |

## Skin

**Conclusion/Summary[Product]** : Not available.

| Ingredient name | Conclusion/Summary |
|---|---|
| 3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate (IPBC) | May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| C(M)IT/MIT (3:1) | May cause an allergic skin reaction. |

## Respiratory

**Conclusion/Summary[Product]** : Not available.

## Germ cell mutagenicity

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary[Product]** : Not available.

## Carcinogenicity

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary[Product]** : Not available.

## Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary[Product]** : Not available.

## Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

## Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Product/ingredient name | Result |
|---|---|
| 3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate (IPBC) | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE (trachea) - Category 1 |

## Aspiration hazard

# Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

## Information on likely routes of exposure

Not available.

## Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact** : No specific data.

**Inhalation** : No specific data.

**Skin contact** : No specific data.

**Ingestion** : No specific data.

## Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

### Short term exposure

**Potential immediate effects** : Not available.

**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

### Long term exposure

**Potential immediate effects** : Not available.

**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

## Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary[Product]** : Not available.

**General** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Carcinogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Reproductive toxicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Numerical measures of toxicity

### Acute toxicity estimates

| Product/ingredient name | Oral (mg/kg) | Dermal (mg/kg) | Inhalation (gases) (ppm) | Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l) | Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l) |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate (IPBC)<br>C(M)IT/MIT (3:1) | 500<br>53 | N/A<br>50 | N/A<br>N/A | N/A<br>0.5 | 0.5<br>N/A |

# Section 12. Ecological information

## Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result |
|---|---|
| 3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate (IPBC) | **Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water**<br>Fish - Rainbow trout,donaldson trout - *Oncorhynchus mykiss* - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)<br>Weight: 6 to 8 g<br>70 ppb [96 hours]<br>Effect: Mortality<br>**Acute - EC50**<br>Algae - Algae - *Scenedesmus subspicatus*<br>0.022 mg/l [72 hours]<br>Effect: (biomass)<br>**Acute - EC50**<br>Crustaceans - Daphnia - *Daphnia magna*<br>0.16 mg/l [48 hours]<br>**Acute - LC50**<br>Fish - Trout - *Oncorhynchus mykiss*<br>0.067 mg/l [96 hours] |
| C(M)IT/MIT (3:1) | **Acute - LC50**<br>OECD 203<br>Fish - Trout - *Oncorhynchus mykiss*<br>0.22 mg/l [96 hours]<br>**Acute - EC50**<br>OECD 202<br>Daphnia - *Daphnia magna*<br>0.1 mg/l [48 hours]<br>**Acute - EC50**<br>Algae - *Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata*<br>0.048 mg/l [72 hours]<br>**Chronic - NOEC**<br>OECD 211<br>Daphnia - *Daphnia magna*<br>0.004 mg/l [21 days]<br>**Chronic - NOEC**<br>OECD 210<br>Fish - *Oncorhynchus mykiss*<br>0.098 mg/l [28 days]<br>**Chronic - NOEC**<br>OECD 201<br>Algae - *Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata*<br>0.0012 mg/l [72 hours]<br>**Acute - EC50**<br>ISO 10253<br>Algae - *Skeletonema costatum*<br>0.0052 mg/l [48 hours]<br>**Acute - NOEC**<br>ISO 10253<br>Algae - *Skeletonema costatum*<br>0.00064 mg/l [48 hours] |

**Conclusion/Summary[Product]** : Not available.

## Persistence and degradability

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary[Product]** : Not available.

# Section 12. Ecological information

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|---|---|---|---|
| 3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate (IPBC) | - | - | Readily |
| C(M)IT/MIT (3:1) | - | - | Not readily |

## Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | $LogP_{ow}$ | BCF | Potential |
|---|---|---|---|
| C(M)IT/MIT (3:1) | - | 3.16 | Low |

## Mobility in soil

**Soil/water partition coefficient** : Not available.

## Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# Section 14. Transport information

| | UN | IMDG | IATA |
|---|---|---|---|
| **UN number** | Not regulated. | Not regulated. | Not regulated. |
| **UN proper shipping name** | - | - | - |
| **Transport hazard class(es)** | - | - | - |
| **Packing group** | - | - | - |
| **Environmental hazards** | No. | No. | No. |

**ADR / RID**

**Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

**Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments** : Not available.

# Section 15. Regulatory information

## Hazardous Substances Act

### Type

| Ingredient name | CAS number | Designated quantity | Type | Authority | Conditions |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| sodium hydroxide | 1310-73-2 | ≤20 | 1 | Department of Fisheries | In products used for fisheries and aquatic animal farming for the purpose of controlling, preventing, and destroying microorganisms, parasites, plants or other animals |

**Harmful Chemicals List** : Listed

## International regulations

### Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

### Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

### UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

# Section 16. Other information

## History

**Date of printing** : 21.05.2026

**Date of issue/Date of revision** : 21.05.2026

**Date of previous issue** : No previous validation

**Version** : 1

**Key to abbreviations** : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
IATA = International Air Transport Association
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
N/A = Not available
SGG = Segregation Group
UN = United Nations

## Procedure used to derive the classification

| Classification | Justification |
|---|---|
| SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 | Calculation method |

**References** : Not available.

**Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.**

## Notice to reader

# Section 16. Other information

**The information in this document is given to the best of Jotun's knowledge, based on laboratory testing and practical experience. Jotun's products are considered as semi-finished goods and as such, products are often used under conditions beyond Jotun's control. Jotun cannot guarantee anything but the quality of the product itself. Minor product variations may be implemented in order to comply with local requirements. Jotun reserves the right to change the data given without further notice.**

**Users should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.**

**If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.**