# SAFETY DATA SHEET



# **Barrier 65 Comp B**

# Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier : Barrier 65 Comp B

Product code : 26940

Other means of identification

: Not available.

Product type : Liquid.
Product description : Hardener.

## Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use in coatings - Industrial use
Use in coatings - Professional use

## Supplier's details

: 佐敦涂料(张家港)有限公司

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# Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1

SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract

irritation) - Category 3

AQUATIC TOXICITY (CHRONIC) - Category 3

### **GHS label elements**

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# Section 2. Hazards identification

# **Hazard pictograms**







Signal word : Danger.

**Hazard statements** H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.

H313 - May be harmful in contact with skin.

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 - Causes serious eye damage. H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.

H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

## **Precautionary statements**

**Prevention** : P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection.

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P261 - Avoid breathing vapour.

Response P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.

P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P302 + P312, P352 - IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel

unwell. Wash with plenty of water.

P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. P305 + P351 + P338, P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

: P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. **Storage** 

P403 + P235 - Keep cool.

: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, **Disposal** 

national and international regulations.

Other hazards which do not : None known.

result in classification

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture Other means of

identification

: Not available.

Product name	% (w/w)	CAS number	Type
xylene	≥10 - ≤25	1330-20-7	[1] [2]
1-methoxy-2-propanol	≤10	107-98-2	[1] [2]
ethylbenzene	<10	100-41-4	[1] [2]
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	<5	90-72-2	[1]
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	≤3	64742-95-6	[1]
fatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with oleylamine	≤3	147900-93-4	[1]
butan-1-ol	≤2.4	71-36-3	[1] [2]
Fatty acids, tall-oil, compds. with oleylamine	≤3	85711-55-3	[1]

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# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

物品名稱	% (w/w)	化學文摘社登記號碼(CAS No.)	類型
二甲苯	≥10 - ≤25	1330-20-7	[1] [2]
丙二醇甲醚	≤10	107-98-2	[1] [2]
苯乙烷	<10	100-41-4	[1] [2]
2,4,6-三(二甲基氨基甲基)苯酚	<5	90-72-2	[1]
輕質芳香烴石腦油	≤3	64742-95-6	[1]
fatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with oleylamine	≤3	147900-93-4	[1]
1-丁醇	≤2.4	71-36-3	[1] [2]
Fatty acids, tall-oil, compds. with oleylamine	≤3	85711-55-3	[1]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

### **Type**

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

# Section 4. First aid measures

# **Description of necessary first aid measures**

### **Eye contact**

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

### Inhalation

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

# **Skin contact**

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

# Ingestion

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

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# Section 4. First aid measures

# Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

# Potential acute health effects

Eye contactInhalationCauses serious eye damage.May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin contact : May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic

skin reaction.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician

: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Specific treatments** 

: No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders** 

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

# See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Firefighting measures

# **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing

g

: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam.

**Unsuitable extinguishing** 

media

media

: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

 Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

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# Section 5. Firefighting measures

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

## **Environmental precautions**

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

## Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** 

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

## Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

# Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures** 

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

# Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

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# Section 7. Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

## **Control parameters**

### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
xylene	TW Minstry of Labor, labor permissible workplace exposure standards, allowable concentration (Taiwan, 3/2018). [xylenes] STEL: 542.5 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
1-methoxy-2-propanol	TW Minstry of Labor, labor permissible workplace exposure standards, allowable concentration (Taiwan, 3/2018).  STEL: 461.25 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.  TWA: 369 mg/m³ 8 hours.  TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
ethylbenzene	TW Minstry of Labor, labor permissible workplace exposure standards, allowable concentration (Taiwan, 3/2018).  STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.  STEL: 542.5 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.  TWA: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours.
butan-1-ol	TW Minstry of Labor, labor permissible workplace exposure standards, allowable concentration (Taiwan, 3/2018).  STEL: 378.75 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.  TWA: 303 mg/m³ 8 hours.  TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

#### **Biological exposure indices**

No exposure indices known.

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

# **Individual protection measures**

**Respiratory protection** 

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Hand protection

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# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.

The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use,

storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.

Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

Wear suitable gloves tested to ISO 374-1:2016.

May be used, gloves(breakthrough time) 4 - 8 hours: neoprene (> 0.35 mm), butyl rubber (> 0.4 mm), Viton® (> 0.7 mm)

Not recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) < 1 hour: PVC (> 0.5 mm) Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: 4H/Silver Shield® (> 0.07 mm), Teflon (> 0.35 mm), nitrile rubber (> 0.75 mm), polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) (> 0.3 mm)

For right choice of glove materials, with focus on chemical resistance and time of penetration, seek advice by the supplier of chemical resistant gloves.

The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

# **Eye protection**

Safety eyewear complying to ISO 16321-1:2022 should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

## **Body protection**

: Use chemical-resistant protective suit / disposable overall.

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

## Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

#### **Hygiene measures**

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

### **Appearance**

Physical state : Liquid.
Colour : Brown.

Odour : Characteristic.
Odour threshold : Not available.

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# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

pH : Not applicable.Melting point/freezing point : Not applicable.

Melting point/freezing point : Boiling point, initial boiling : point, and boiling range

: Not available.

Flash point : Closed cup: 24°C (75.2°F)

Flammability : Not available.

Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit

: Greatest known range: Lower: 1.48% Upper: 13.74% (1-methoxy-2-propanol)

Vapour pressure :

	Vapour Pressure at 20°C		Va	pour pressu	re at 50°C	
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
ethylenediamine	10.50085	1.4				
ethylbenzene	9.30076	1.2				
1-methoxy-2-propanol	8.5	1.1				
butan-1-ol	<7.50064	<1	DIN EN 13016-2			
xylene	6.7	0.89				
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	2.5	0.33				
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl) phenol	0.056	0.0075	EU A.4			
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	<0.0098	<0.0013				
fatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with oleylamine	0	0				
Fatty acids, tall-oil, compds. with oleylamine	0	0				

**Relative vapour density** : Not available. **Density** : 0.94 g/cm³

Solubility(ies) :

Media	Result
cold water	Not soluble
hot water	Not soluble

Partition coefficient: n- : Not applicable.

octanol/water

**Auto-ignition temperature** :

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method	
1-methoxy-2-propanol	270	518		
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	280 to 470	536 to 878		
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	337.78	640		
Fatty acids, tall-oil, compds. with oleylamine	342	647.6	EU A.15	
butan-1-ol	355	671	EU A.15	
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	382	719.6	EU A.15	
ethylenediamine	405	761	DIN 51794	
xylene	432	809.6		
ethylbenzene	432.22	810		

**Decomposition temperature**: Not available.

Viscosity : Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >20.5 mm²/s (>20.5 cSt)

**Particle characteristics** 

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# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Median particle size : Not applicable.

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability

The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid** 

: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

Incompatible materials

: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

oxidising materials

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# **Section 11. Toxicological information**

# Information on toxicological effects

## **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
xylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	11 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Dermal	Rabbit	4300 mg/kg	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	6600 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat - Male	11 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
2,4,6-tris	LD50 Oral	Rat	1673 mg/kg	-
(dimethylaminomethyl)				
phenol				
butan-1-ol	LD50 Oral	Rat	790 mg/kg	-

# **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 microliters	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
2,4,6-tris	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 50	-
(dimethylaminomethyl) phenol				μg	
·	Skin - Severe irritant	Rat	-	0.25 ml	-
Fatty acids, tall-oil, compds.	Eyes - Irritant	Mammal -	-	-	-
with oleylamine		species unspecified			

## **Sensitisation**

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Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
fatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with oleylamine	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising
Fatty acids, tall-oil, compds. with oleylamine	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising

## **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

# **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

# **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

# **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

# Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
butan-1-ol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

# Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	3 3 3	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs
fatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with oleylamine	Category 2	-	-
Fatty acids, tall-oil, compds. with oleylamine	Category 2	-	-

# **Aspiration hazard**

Product/ingredient name	Result
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

**Information on likely routes**: Not available.

of exposure

# Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage. Inhalation : May cause respiratory irritation.

**Skin contact** : May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

**Inhalation**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

**Ingestion**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

# Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General : Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed

to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# **Numerical measures of toxicity**

## **Acute toxicity estimates**

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Barrier 65 Comp B	10381.6	4969.2	N/A	37.3	N/A
xylene	N/A	1100	N/A	11	N/A
1-methoxy-2-propanol	6600	13000	N/A	N/A	N/A
ethylbenzene	N/A	N/A	N/A	11	N/A
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	1673	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
fatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with oleylamine	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
butan-1-ol	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

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# **Section 12. Ecological information**

### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
xylene	Acute LC50 8500 μg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 7700 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	Acute EC50 <10 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute IC50 <10 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute LC50 <10 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

# Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
xylene	-		Readily
ethylbenzene	-		Readily
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	-	-	Not readily

# **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low
1-methoxy-2-propanol	<1	-	low
ethylbenzene	3.6	-	low
2,4,6-tris	0.219	-	low
(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol			
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	-	10 to 2500	high
butan-1-ol	1	-	low

### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

## **Disposal methods**

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

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# **Section 14. Transport information**

	UN	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	Paint	Paint	Paint
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.

**Additional information** 

ADR/RID : Tunnel restriction code: (D/E)

Hazard identification number: 30

**IMDG** : Emergency schedules F-E, S-E

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available.

to IMO instruments

# **Section 15. Regulatory information**

# **TCCSCA List of toxic chemicals**

Not applicable.

# **TCCSCA List of concerned chemicals**

Not applicable.

**OSHA Enforcement Rules** 

**Article 28** 

: This product contains substances "Specially hazardous to health": xylene, butan-1-ol.

Organic solvent poisoning

prevention rule

: Type 2

**Priority management chemicals, Article 2** 

CMR chemical substances, category 1 (Article 2.2 (I)) : Applicable

Chemical substances possessing physical hazards or health hazards (Article 2.2 (II))

Ingredient name	Name on list	Concentration
1-methoxy-2-propanol	propylene glycol monomethyl ether	≤10

### **International regulations**

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

### **Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

# **Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants**

Not listed.

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# Section 15. Regulatory information

**UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals** 

Not listed.

# Section 16. Other information

## Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3	On basis of test data
ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5	Calculation method
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2	Calculation method
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1	Calculation method
SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract	Calculation method
irritation) - Category 3	
AQUATÍC TOXICITY (CHRONIC) - Category 3	Calculation method

References : Not available.

Organisation that prepared : Jotun AS, Norway +47 33 45 70 00

# **History**

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**Key to abbreviations** : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

▼ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

## **Notice to reader**

The information in this document is given to the best of Jotun's knowledge, based on laboratory testing and practical experience. Jotun's products are considered as semi-finished goods and as such, products are often used under conditions beyond Jotun's control. Jotun cannot guarantee anything but the quality of the product itself. Minor product variations may be implemented in order to comply with local requirements. Jotun reserves the right to change the given data without further notice.

Users should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.

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