

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier	
Product name	: Tankguard Type III Comp B
Product code	: 27301
Product description	: Hardener.
Product type	: Liquid.
Other means of identification	: Not available.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

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Başvurulacak Kişi: Deren Ercan deren.metiner@jotun.com Original preparation date : 06.07.2023

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National Poison Information Center

+90 224 442 82 93 Uludağ Üniversitesi Zehir Danışma Merkezi (www.uludag.edu.tr/uludag/zehir.html) a. ACİL DURUM TELEFONU: Zehirlenme durumlarında gerektiğinde ulusal zehir merkezinin (UZEM) 114 nolu telefonunu arayınız. b. ACİL İLK YARDIM MERKEZİ:112 c. İTFAİYE:110

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

: Mixture

Classification according to regulation SEA: RG.-10/12/2020-31330

Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT RE 2, H373 (heart, kidneys, liver) Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation SEA: RG.-10/12/2020-31330.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Product definition

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Hazard pictograms		
Signal word	Danger.	
Hazard statements	 H302 - Harmful if swallowed. H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (heart, kidneys, liver) H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. 	<u>}.</u>
Precautionary statements		
General	Not applicable.	
Prevention	 P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. P273 - Avoid release to the environment. P260 - Do not breathe vapour. P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. 	
Response	 P391 - Collect spillage. P304 + P310 - IF INHALED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. P301 + P310, P330, P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. P303 + P361 + P353, P310 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Immediately call a POISON CEI or doctor. P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. P305 + P351 + P338, P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for seve minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. 	
Storage	Not applicable.	
Disposal	 P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional national and international regulations. 	l,
Hazardous ingredients	 4,4'-methylenebis(cyclohexylamine) formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated benzenedimethanamine, n-(2-phenylethyl) derivs. 3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane 	
Supplemental label elements	Not applicable.	
Annex 17 - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	Not applicable.	
Special packaging requirem	<u>nts</u>	
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings	Not applicable.	
Tactile warning of danger	Not applicable.	
2.3 Other hazards		
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB	 This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT ov vPvB. 	or a
Other hazards which do not result in classification	None known.	
Date of revision	: 29.11.2023 Original preparation date : 06.07.2023 Version : 1.01	2/17

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures	: Mixture			
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	SEA: RG10/12/2020-31330	Туре
4,4'-methylenebis (cyclohexylamine)	EC: 217-168-8 CAS: 1761-71-3	≥50 - ≤75	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1B, H317 STOT RE 2, H373 (liver)	[1]
formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated	CAS: 135108-88-2	≥10 - ≤25	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT RE 2, H373 (kidneys) (oral) Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1]
benzyl alcohol	EC: 202-859-9 CAS: 100-51-6 Index: 603-057-00-5	≥10 - ≤17	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Eye Irrit. 2, H319	[1]
benzenedimethanamine, n- (2-phenylethyl) derivs.	CAS: 404362-22-7	≥10 - ≤17	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT RE 2, H373 (heart) Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	[1]
3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane	EC: 213-048-4 CAS: 919-30-2	≤8.7	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1B, H317 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	[1]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs or vPvBs or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid m	easures
Eye contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
Inhalation	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Skin contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	auses serious eye damage.	
Inhalation	lo known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Skin contact	auses severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
Ingestion	larmful if swallowed.	
Over-exposure signs/sympto		
Eye contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain vatering edness	
Inhalation	No specific data.	
Skin contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation edness plistering may occur	
Ingestion	Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains	
4.3 Indication of any immediat	edical attention and special treatment needed	

Notes to physician: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.
The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

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Hazards from the substance or mixture	: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, pro	te	ctive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.
6.3 Methods and material for	со	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.
6.4 Reference to other sections	:	See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

See Technical Data Sheet / packaging for further information.

Regulation on the prevention of major industrial accidents and reduction of their effects - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria

Category	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
E2	200 tonne	500 tonne

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations	: Not available.
Industrial sector specific solutions	: Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

No exposure limit value known.

Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

Recommended monitoring procedures : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
4,4'-methylenebis(cyclohexylamine)	DNEL	Short term Dermal	0.63 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	1.5 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.21 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.5 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.125 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.125 mg/ kg bw/day	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.053 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.13 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.2 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	2 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	2 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	6 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
benzyl alcohol	DNEL	Long term Oral	4 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	4 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	5.4 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	8 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Oral	20 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	20 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	22 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	27 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	40 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	110 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
benzenedimethanamine, n- (2-phenylethyl) derivs.	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.002 mg/ m ³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.004 mg/ m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.03 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
		Long term Dermal	0.03 mg/ kg bw/day	General population Conoral	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation Long term Dermal	0.04 mg/m ³ 0.05 mg/	General population Workers	Systemic Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	kg bw/day 0.18 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane	DNEL	Inhalation Short term Dermal	8.3 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
o-animopropyinemoxysilane	DNEL	Short term	bw/day 59 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
			55 mg/m		rsion : 1.01

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

SECTION 6. Exposure contro	12/h	ersonal protec			
		Inhalation) A / a m / a m a	Quatamia
	NEL	Long term Dermal	8.3 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
D		Long term Inhalation	59 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
D	NEL	Short term Dermal	5 mg/kg bw/day	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
D		Short term Inhalation	17.4 mg/m³	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
D	NEL	Long term Dermal	5 mg/kg bw/day	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
D		Long term Inhalation	17.4 mg/m³		Systemic
D	NEL	Long term Oral	1 mg/kg bw/day		Systemic
D	NEL	Long term Dermal	1 mg/kg bw/day		Systemic
D	NEL	Long term Dermal	2 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
D		Long term Inhalation	3.5 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
D		Long term Inhalation	14 mg/m³		Systemic

PNECs

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
4,4'-methylenebis(cyclohexylamine)	Fresh water	0.008 mg/l	-
	Marine	0.0008 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	80 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	0.39 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	0.039 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	0.072 mg/kg dwt	-
benzyl alcohol	Fresh water	1 mg/l	-
	Marine	0.1 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	39 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	5.27 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	0.527 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	0.456 mg/kg dwt	-
3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane	Fresh water	0.33 mg/l	-
	Marine	0.033 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	13 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	1.2 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	0.12 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	0.05 mg/kg dwt	-

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Individual protection measures

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

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Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying to ISO 16321-1:2022 should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	 There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals. The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material. Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly. The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/ chemical damage and poor maintenance. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred. Wear suitable gloves tested to ISO 374-1:2016. Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: neoprene (> 0.35 mm), 4H/ Silver Shield® (> 0.07 mm), Viton® (> 0.7 mm) May be used, gloves(breakthrough time) 4 - 8 hours: nitrile rubber (> 0.75 mm), butyl rubber (> 0.4 mm) Not recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) < 1 hour: PVC (> 0.5 mm)
	For right choice of glove materials, with focus on chemical resistance and time of penetration, seek advice by the supplier of chemical resistant gloves.
	The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.
Body protection	 Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

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Physical state	Liquid.
Colour	Clear.
Odour	Characteristic.
Odour threshold	Not applicable.
Melting point/freezing point	Not applicable.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	Lowest known value: 205.3°C (401.5°F) (benzyl alcohol). Weighted average: 289.18°C (552.5°F)
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	1.3 - 13%
Flash point	Closed cup: 90°C (194°F)
Auto-ignition temperature	Lowest known value: 300°C (572°F) (cyclohexanamine, 4,4'-methylenebis-).
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
рН	Not applicable.
Viscosity	Not available.
Solubility(ies)	
Media	Result
cold water hot water	Not soluble Not soluble

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not available.

water

Vapour pressure	 Highest known value: 0.008 kPa (0.06 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane). Weighted average: 0.001 kPa (0.008 mm Hg) (at 20°C)
	0.007 (benzyl alcohol) compared with butyl acetate
Density	: 0.984 g/cm ³
Vapour density	: Highest known value: 3.7 (Air = 1) (benzyl alcohol).
Explosive properties	: Not available.
Oxidising properties	: Not available.
Particle characteristics	
Median particle size	: Not applicable.

9.2 Other information

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingre	dients.
10.2 Chemical stability	The product is stable.	
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not oc	cur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	No specific data.	
10.5 Incompatible materials	No specific data.	
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition prod should not be produced.	lucts

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated	LD50 Oral	Rat	300 mg/kg	-
benzyl alcohol 3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane	LD50 Oral LD50 Oral	Rat Rat	1230 mg/kg 1780 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Tankguard Type III Comp B cyclohexanamine, 4,4'-methylenebis- formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated	526.5 500 300	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	15 N/A N/A
benzyl alcohol benzenedimethanamine, n-(2-phenylethyl) derivs. 3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane	1230 1000 1780	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	1.5 N/A N/A

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
4,4'-methylenebis (cyclohexylamine)	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit		24 hours 10 microliters	-
benzyl alcohol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Sensitisation

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
4,4'-methylenebis (cyclohexylamine) benzenedimethanamine, n-	skin skin	Mammal - species unspecified Mammal - species	Sensitising Sensitising
(2-phenylethyl) derivs.	SKIT	unspecified	Centrationing
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.		
<u>Mutagenicity</u>			
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.		
Carcinogenicity			
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.		
Reproductive toxicity			
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.		
Teratogenicity			
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.		
Specific target organ toxicit	<u>y (single exposur</u>	<u>e)</u>	
Not available.			
Specific target organ toxicit	y (repeated expos	<u>sure)</u>	

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
4,4'-methylenebis(cyclohexylamine)	Category 2	-	liver
formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated	Category 2	oral	kidneys
benzenedimethanamine, n-(2-phenylethyl) derivs.	Category 2	-	heart

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on likely routes of exposure	: Not available.
Potential acute health effect	<u>'S</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Harmful if swallowed.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	1	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	1	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	ect	<u>s</u>
Not available.		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Not available.
General	-	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Other information	:	Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
4,4'-methylenebis (cyclohexylamine)	Acute EC50 6.84 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute IC50 140 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute LC50 46 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

Conclusion/Summary : This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.		
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
4,4'-methylenebis (cyclohexylamine)	-	-	Not readily
benzyl alcohol	-	-	Readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

LogPow	BCF	Potential
2.03	-	low
-	209 to 219	low
0.87	<100 3 4	low low
	2.03	2.03 - - 209 to 219 0.87 <100

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
: Yes.
Waste code definition
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08 01 11* Waste paint and va	rnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances
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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Packaging

Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
14.1 UN number	UN2735	UN2735	UN2735	UN2735
14.2 UN proper shipping name	Amines, liquid, corrosive, n.o.s. (benzenedimethanamine, n-(2-phenylethyl) derivs., 3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane)	Amines, liquid, corrosive, n.o.s. (benzenedimethanamine, n-(2-phenylethyl) derivs., 3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane)	Amines, liquid, corrosive, n.o.s. (benzenedimethanamine, n-(2-phenylethyl) derivs., 3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane). Marine pollutant (benzenedimethanamine, n-(2-phenylethyl) derivs.)	Amines, liquid, corrosive, n.o.s. (benzenedimethanamine, n-(2-phenylethyl) derivs., 3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	8	8		8
14.4 Packing group	11	11	11	11
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.

Additional information ADR/RID : The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of $\leq 5 \text{ L}$ or $\leq 5 \text{ kg}$. Hazard identification number 80 Special provisions 274 Tunnel code (E) **ADN** The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported 5 in sizes of $\leq 5 \text{ L}$ or $\leq 5 \text{ kg}$. : The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 IMDG kg. Emergency schedules F-A, S-B Segregation Group: 18 - Alkalis ΙΑΤΑ : The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations. : The environmental hazardous / marine pollutant mark is only applicable for Marking packages containing more than 5 litres for liquids and 5 kg for solids. : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are 14.6 Special precautions for upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in user the event of an accident or spillage.

SECTION 14: Transport information

 14.7 Transport in bulk
 : Not available.

 according to IMO
 instruments

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Turkey Regulation No. 30105, KKDIK

Annex 14 - List of substances subject to authorization

<u>Annex 14</u>

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex 17 - Restrictions	1	Not applicable.
on the manufacture,		
placing on the market		
and use of certain		
dangerous substances,		
mixtures and articles		

Ozone depleting substances

Not listed.

Regulation on the prevention of major industrial accidents and reduction of their effects

This product is controlled under the Regulation on the prevention of major industrial accidents and reduction of their effects.

Danger criteria

Category E2

EU regulations

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable.

on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles <u>Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)</u>

Not listed.

Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety	: This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still
assessment	required.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate EUH statement = SEA-specific Hazard statement N/A = Not available PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration SGG = Segregation Group vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative
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Procedure used to derive the classification according to regulation SEA: RG.-10/12/2020-31330

Classification	Justification
Acute Tox. 4, H302	Calculation method
Skin Corr. 1B, H314	Calculation method
Eye Dam. 1, H318	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
STOT RE 2, H373 (heart, kidneys, liver)	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of classifications [SEA/GHS]

Aguta Tax 2		
Acute Tox. 3	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3	
Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4	
Aquatic Acute 1	SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1	
Aquatic Chronic 1	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1	
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2	
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3	
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1	
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2	
Skin Corr. 1B	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B	
Skin Corr. 1C	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1C	
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1	
Skin Sens. 1B	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1B	
STOT RE 2	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2	
Date of printing	: 29.11.2023	

SECTION 16: Other information

Date of issue/ Date of revision	: 29.11.2023
Date of previous issue	: 06.07.2023
Version	: 1.01

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Notice to reader

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Users should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.