SAFETY DATA SHEET



Megafiller Smooth Comp B

Section 1. Identification			
GHS product identifier : Megafiller Smooth Comp B			
Product code	: 2907		
Product description : Hardener. Putty.			
Other means of identification	: Not available.		
Product type	: Solid.		
Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against			
Use in coatings - Industrial use			
Supplier's details	: Jotun Paints Inc. 842 W. Sam Houston Parkway North City Center Three, Suite 300		

Houston, TX 77024 USA

SDSJotun@jotun.com

Phone number: +1 (713) 860-8241

Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: 1-800-424-9300 (Staffed 24/7)
operation	

Section 2. Hazards identification

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
: SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3
: Danger.
 H315 - Causes skin irritation. H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 - Causes serious eye damage. H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (kidneys) H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
 P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. P273 - Avoid release to the environment. P260 - Do not breathe vapor or spray.

Section 2. Hazards identification

Response	 P314 - Get medical advice or attention if you feel unwell. P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. P305 + P351 + P338, P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
Storage	: Not applicable.
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number	: Not applicable.		
Product code	: 2907		
Ingredient name		%	CAS number
fatty acids, c18-unsatd., triethylenetetramine	dimers, polymers with tall-oil fatty acids and	≥10 - <25	68082-29-1
benzyl alcohol		≤13	100-51-6
fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, polymers with tall-oil fatty acids, tetraethylenepentamine and triethylenetetramine		≤3	68071-65-8
formaldehyde, polymer v	vith benzenamine, hydrogenated	≤1.9	135108-88-2

formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated≤1.9135108-88-22,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol≤1.590-72-2amines, polyethylenepoly-, triethylenetetramine fraction≤1.490640-67-8polyethlyenepolyamines<1</td>90640-66-73-aminopropyldimethylamine<1</td>109-55-7

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

Section 4. First aid measures

Inhalation	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed		
Potential acute health effect	:ts	
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.	
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Over-exposure signs/symp	<u>toms</u>	
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness	
Inhalation	: No specific data.	
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur	
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains	
Indication of immediate med	lical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary	
Notes to physician	 In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. 	
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.	
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.	

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	 Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protec	tiv	e equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions		Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
Methods and materials for co	ont	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Move containers from spill area. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Place spilled material in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note:

see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Section 7. Handling and storage

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
fatty acids, c18-unsatd., dimers, polymers with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine	None
benzyl alcohol	OARS WEEL (United States, 4/2022). TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, polymers with tall-oil fatty acids, tetraethylenepentamine and triethylenetetramine	None
formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated	None
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	None
amines, polyethylenepoly-, triethylenetetramine fraction	None
polyethlyenepolyamines	None
3-aminopropyldimethylamine	None

Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

Appropriate engineering controls	:	If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measure	<u>es</u>	
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/ or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
	There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited
	resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals. The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.
	Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material. Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used
	correctly. The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical
	damage and poor maintenance. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.
	Wear suitable gloves tested to ISO 374-1:2016. May be used, gloves(breakthrough time) 4 - 8 hours: polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) (> 0.3 mm), PVC (> 0.5 mm), nitrile rubber (> 0.75 mm) Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: Viton® (> 0.7 mm), 4H/Silver
	Shield® (> 0.07 mm), neoprene (> 0.35 mm), butyl rubber (> 0.4 mm)
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
Santian 0 Dhusia	al and abamical properties

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	: Solid. [Paste.]
Color	: Orange [Light]
Odor	: Characteristic.
Odor threshold	: Not applicable.
рН	: Not applicable.
Melting point	: Not applicable.
Boiling point	: Not available.
Flash point	: Closed cup: 105°C (221°F) [Setaflash]
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not applicable.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: 1.3 - 13%

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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Vapor pressure	: Hig	Highest known value: 0 kPa (0 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (talc (non-asbestos form)).				
Vapor density	: No	t available.				
Relative density	: 1.6	88 g/cm ³ 14.09 pounds/gallon				
Solubility(ies)	:					
Media		Result				
cold water hot water		Not soluble Not soluble				
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: No	t available.				
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.					
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.					
Viscosity	: Kin	: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >20.5 mm²/s (>20.5 cSt)				

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
benzyl alcohol	LD50 Oral	Rat	1230 mg/kg	-
formaldehyde, polymer with	LD50 Oral	Rat	300 mg/kg	-
benzenamine, hydrogenated 2,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	LD50 Oral	Rat	1673 mg/kg	-
amines, polyethylenepoly-, triethylenetetramine fraction	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit - Male, Female	1465.4 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male, Female	1716.2 mg/kg	-
3-aminopropyldimethylamine	LD50 Oral	Rat	1870 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
fatty acids, c18-unsatd., dimers, polymers with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine	Eyes - Irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
,	Skin - Mild irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
benzyl alcohol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, polymers with tall-oil fatty acids, tetraethylenepentamine and triethylenetetramine	Eyes - Mild irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
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Section 11. Toxicological information

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	Skin - Mild irritant	Mammal - species	-	-	-
		unspecified			
2,4,6-tris	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 50	-
(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol				μg	
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rat	-	0.25 ml	-
3-aminopropyldimethylamine	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	5 milligrams	-

Sensitization

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
fatty acids, c18-unsatd., dimers, polymers with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, polymers with tall-oil fatty acids, tetraethylenepentamine and triethylenetetramine	skin skin	Mammal - species unspecified Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitizing Sensitizing
amines, polyethylenepoly-, triethylenetetramine fraction	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitizing
polyethlyenepolyamines	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitizing
3-aminopropyldimethylamine	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitizing

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated	Category 2	oral	kidneys

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely	: Not available.
routes of exposure	

Potential	acute health	effects

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Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Date of issue

Section 11. Toxicological information

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains

Delayed and immediate effect	ts and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
<u>Long term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	ects
Not available.	
General	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	5953.37 mg/kg
Dermal	113196.09 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapors)	93.68 mg/l

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity				
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure	
amines, polyethylenepoly-, triethylenetetramine fraction	Acute EC50 20 mg/l	Algae	72 hours	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Acute EC50 31.1 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours	
	Acute LC50 330 mg/l	Fish	96 hours	

Persistence and degradability

Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
benzyl alcohol amines, polyethylenepoly-, triethylenetetramine fraction	-	-	Readily Not readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
benzyl alcohol	0.87	<100	low
formaldehyde, polymer with	-	209 to 219	low
benzenamine, hydrogenated			
2,4,6-tris	0.219	-	low
(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol			
amines, polyethylenepoly-,	-2.65	-	low
triethylenetetramine fraction			
polyethlyenepolyamines	-3.16	-	low
3-aminopropyldimethylamine	-0.352	-	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : Not available. coefficient (K_{oc})

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ADR/RID	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.

Additional information DOT Classification

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Section 14. Transport information

TDG Classification	1	-
Mexico Classification	:	-
ADR/RID	:	-
IMDG	:	Marine pollutant: No.
IATA	:	-
Special precautions for user	:	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
Transport in bulk according	:	Not available.

to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	÷
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	: Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	: Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	: Not listed
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	: Not listed
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	: Not listed
SARA 302/304	

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ	: Not applicable.
SARA 311/312	

Classification : SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification	
fatty acids, c18-unsatd., dimers,	≥10 - <25	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2	
polymers with tall-oil fatty acids		SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1	
and triethylenetetramine		SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1A	
benzyl alcohol	≤13	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4	
		ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4	
		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A	
fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers,	≤3	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2	
polymers with tall-oil fatty acids,		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A	
tetraethylenepentamine and		SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1	
triethylenetetramine			
formaldehyde, polymer with	≤1.9	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 3	
benzenamine, hydrogenated		SKIN CORROSION - Category 1C	
		SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1	
		SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1	
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED	
	-4.5	EXPOSURE) - Category 2	
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)	≤1.5	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4	
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Section 15. Regulatory information

phenol		SKIN CORROSION - Category 1C
phenol		SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
amines, polyethylenepoly-,	≤1.4	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
triethylenetetramine fraction	-1.4	ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4
		SKIN CORROSION - Category 1B
		SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
		SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
polyethlyenepolyamines	<1	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
		ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4
		SKIN CORROSION - Category 1B
		SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
		SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
3-aminopropyldimethylamine	<1	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
		ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
		SKIN CORROSION - Category 1B
		SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
		SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

State regulations

Massachusetts

: The following components are listed: BENZYL ALCOHOL

New York

: None of the components are listed.

New Jersey

: The following components are listed: SILICA, QUARTZ

Pennsylvania

: The following components are listed: BENZENEMETHANOL

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to Silica, crystalline, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Ingredient name	Cancer			Maximum acceptable dosage level
quartz, alveolar (<10 µm)	Yes.	No.	-	-

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC) Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals Not listed.

International lists

National inventory	
Australia	: Not determined.
Canada	: Not determined.
China	: Not determined.
Europe	: Not determined.
Japan	: Not determined.
Malaysia	: Not determined.
New Zealand	: Not determined.
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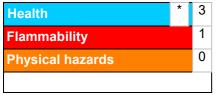
Section 15. Regulatory information

Philippines	1
Republic of Korea	1
Taiwan	1

- : Not determined. : Not determined.
- : Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



Procedure used to derive the classification

	Classification	Justification		
SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3		Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method		
listory				
Date of printing	: 10.01.2024			
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 10.01.2024			
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation	No previous validation		
Version	: 1			
Key to abbreviations	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations			
References	: Not available.			

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

Section 16. Other information

The information in this document is given to the best of Jotun's knowledge, based on laboratory testing and practical experience. Jotun's products are considered as semi-finished goods and as such, products are often used under conditions beyond Jotun's control. Jotun cannot guarantee anything but the quality of the product itself. Minor product variations may be implemented in order to comply with local requirements. Jotun reserves the right to change the given data without further notice.

Sers should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.