SAFETY DATA SHEET



1/14

Penguard Express CF Comp B

Section 1. Chemical product and company identification

GHS product identifier	: Penguard Express CF Comp B
ono product identifier	
Product code	: 29141
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product type	: Liquid.
Product description	: Hardener.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use in coatings - Professional use

Supplier's details	:	Jotun Kazakhstan LLP Al-Farabi Ave., 15, Nurly-Tau business center, building 4V, 9th floor, premise No. 18-4V-9NP, Almaty, Republic of Kazakhstan
		Tel: +7 (727) 311 56 37 / +7 (727) 311 56 85
		infokz@jotun.com SDSJotun@jotun.com
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	:	112 – Department for emergency situations 101 – Fire department; 103 – Ambulance

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substa	nce or mixture according to GOST 32419-2013 and GOST 32423/24/25-2013
Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 5 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 CHEMICALS THAT CAUSE SENSITIZATION - Chemical which cause skin sensitization LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
<u>GHS label elements</u> Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger.
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 30.10.2024 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1

Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements	:	H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour. H303 - May be harmful if swallowed. H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements		
General	:	Not applicable.
Prevention	:	 P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. P210 - Keep away from flames and hot surfaces. No smoking. P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. P242 - Use non-sparking tools. P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges. P273 - Avoid release to the environment. P260 - Do not breathe vapour.
Response	:	 P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. P301 + P330 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P333 + P311 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Call a POISON CENTER or physician. P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
Storage	:	P403 + P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	:	P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Other hazards which do not : None known.

result in classification

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of identification	: Not available.

Ingredient name	%	Identifiers	Classification	Туре
aminepoxyadduct	≥10 - ≤17	CAS: 1075254-00-0	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 CHEMICALS THAT CAUSE SENSITIZATION - Chemical which cause skin sensitization LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2	[1]
xylene	≥10 - ≤18	CAS: 1330-20-7	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3	[1] [2]
benzyl alcohol	≤8.1	CAS: 100-51-6	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4	[1] [2]
Date of issue/Date of rev	ision : 30.1	0.2024 Date of previous	issue : No previous validation Version : 1	2/14

Penguard Express CF Comp B

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Section 3. Con	iposition/ini	ormation o	ningrealents	
			ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CHEMICALS THAT CAUSE SENSITIZATION - Chemical which cause skin sensitization	
ethylbenzene	≤5	CAS: 100-41-4	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3	[1] [2]
3-aminomethyl- 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine	≤4.3	CAS: 2855-13-2	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 CHEMICALS THAT CAUSE SENSITIZATION - Chemical which cause skin sensitization	[1]
1,3-Cyclohexanedimethanamine	≤2.8	CAS: 2579-20-6	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1A SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3	[1]
2,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl) phenol	≤1.4	CAS: 90-72-2	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1C SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1	[1]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

<u>Type</u>

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessa	ary first aid measures
Eye contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
Inhalation	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Section 4. First aid measures

Skin contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effect		
Eye contact	Causes serious	eye damage.
Inhalation	No known signif	icant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	Causes severe	burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	May be harmful	if swallowed.
Over-exposure signs/symp		
Eye contact	Adverse sympto pain vatering edness	oms may include the following:
Inhalation	No specific data	L.
Skin contact	Adverse sympto pain or irritation edness plistering may o	oms may include the following: ccur
Ingestion	Adverse sympto stomach pains	ms may include the following:
Indication of immediate med	attention and s	special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician		ation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. erson may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	No specific trea	tment.
Protection of first-aiders	s suspected tha nask or self-co providing aid to	be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it at fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate ntained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.

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Section 5. Firefighting measures

Specific hazards arising	: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.
from the chemical	In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protect	tiv	e equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
Methods and material for con	tai	inment and cleaning up

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and

Large spinComplexing without risk. Move containers non-spin area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spill product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	
Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

See Technical Data Sheet / packaging for further information.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits		
xylene	Order of the Minister of Health of the Republic of Kazakhstan on approval of hygienic standards for atmospheric air in urban and rural settlements, on the territories of industrial organizations dated August 2, 2022 No.DSM -70 (KZ, 8/2022). [Диметилбензол(смесь 2-,3-, 4-изомеров)] STEL: 50 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: vapor		
benzyl alcohol	and (or) gases Order of the Minister of Health of the Republic of Kazakhstan on approval of hygienic standards for atmospheric air in urban and rural settlements, on the territories of industrial organizations dated August 2, 2022 No.DSM -70 (KZ, 8/2022). STEL: 5 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: vapor		
ethylbenzene	and (or) gases Order of the Minister of Health of the Republic of Kazakhstan on approval of hygienic standards for atmospheric air in urban and rural settlements, on the territories of industrial organizations		

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

dated August 2, 2022 No.DSM -70 (KZ,
8/2022).
TWA: 50 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: vapor and
(or) gases
STEL: 150 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: vapor
and (or) gases

Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measure	<u>lres</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying to ISO 16321-1:2022 should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	 There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals. The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.
	Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used
	correctly. The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.
	Wear suitable gloves tested to ISO 374-1:2016. Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: Teflon (> 0.35 mm), 4H/Silver Shield® (> 0.07 mm), polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) (> 0.3 mm), fluor rubber (> 0.35 mm), Viton® (> 0.7 mm), nitrile rubber (> 0.75 mm) May be used, gloves(breakthrough time) 4 - 8 hours: PVC (> 0.5 mm), neoprene (>
	0.35 mm), butyl rubber (> 0.4 mm)
	For right choice of glove materials, with focus on chemical resistance and time of penetration, seek advice by the supplier of chemical resistant gloves.
	The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use a respirator according to EN 140. Use respiratory mask with charcoal and dust filter when spraying this product, according to EN 14387(as filter combination A2-P2). In confined spaces, use compressed-air or fresh-air respiratory equipment. When use of roller or brush, consider use of charcoalfilter.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

<u>Appearance</u>				
Physical state	:	Liquid.		
Colour	1	Colourless.		
Odour	1	Characteristic.		
Odour threshold	1	Not applicable.		
рН	1	Not applicable.		
Melting point/freezing point	:	Not applicable.		
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	1	Lowest known value: 136.1°C (277°F) (ethylbenzene). Weighted average: 176.21°C (349.2°F)		
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 31°C (87.8°F)		
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.		
Flammability	:	Not applicable.		
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	1	0.8 - 13%		
Vapour pressure	:	Highest known value: 1.2 kPa (9.3 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (ethylbenzene). Weighted average: 0.52 kPa (3.9 mm Hg) (at 20°C)		
Relative vapour density	:	Highest known value: 3.7 (Air = 1) (xylene). Weighted average: 3.7 (Air = 1)		
Density	:	0.997 g/cm³		
Solubility(ies)	1			
Media		Result		
cold water hot water		Not soluble Not soluble		
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	1	Not available.		
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Lowest known value: 380°C (716°F) (3-aminomethyl- 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine).		
Decomposition temperature	1	Not available.		
Viscosity	:	Not available.		
Particle characteristics				
Median particle size	1	Not applicable.		

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
xylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	11 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Dermal	Rabbit	4300 mg/kg	-
benzyl alcohol	LD50 Oral	Rat	1230 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat - Male	11 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
3-aminomethyl-	LD50 Oral	Rat	1030 mg/kg	-
3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine				
1,3-Cyclohexanedimethanamine	LD50 Oral	Rat	880 mg/kg	-
2,4,6-tris	LD50 Oral	Rat	1673 mg/kg	-
(dimethylaminomethyl)			<u></u>	
phenol				

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
aminepoxyadduct	Eyes - Irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 microliters	-
benzyl alcohol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
2,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl) phenol	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 50 µg	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rat	-	0.25 ml	-

Sensitisation

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
aminepoxyadduct	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising
3-aminomethyl- 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine		Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name		Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name		Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result		
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1		

Information on likely routes	1	Not available.
of exposure		

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: May be harmful if swallowed.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	ect	<u>s</u>

Date of issue/Date of revision

Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

General	: Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Penguard Express CF Comp B	2493.0	8148.1	N/A	51.2	N/A
aminepoxyadduct	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
xylene	N/A	1100	N/A	11	N/A
benzyl alcohol	1230	N/A	N/A	11	N/A
ethylbenzene	N/A	N/A	N/A	11	N/A
3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine	1030	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1,3-Cyclohexanedimethanamine	880	1100	N/A	N/A	N/A
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	1673	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
aminepoxyadduct	Acute EC50 8.1 mg/l	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 5.7 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 7.9 mg/l	Fish - Oncorhynchus Mykiss	96 hours
xylene	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 7700 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
3-aminomethyl-	Acute EC50 388 mg/l	Crustaceans	48 hours
3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine			
	Acute EC50 23 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 110 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose	Inoculum
aminepoxyadduct	-	0 % - Not readily	- 28 days	-	-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half	life	Photoly	sis	Biodegradability
aminepoxyadduct xylene benzyl alcohol ethylbenzene 3-aminomethyl- 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine	- - - -		- - - - -		Not readily Readily Readily Readily Not readily

Section 12. Ecological information

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low
benzyl alcohol	0.87	<100	low
ethylbenzene	3.6	-	low
3-aminomethyl-	0.99	-	low
3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine			
1,3-Cyclohexanedimethanamine	0.783	-	low
2,4,6-tris	0.219	-	low
(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol			

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. 2 Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN3470	UN3470	UN3470	UN3470
UN proper shipping name	Paint, corrosive, flammable	Paint, corrosive, flammable	Paint, corrosive, flammable	Paint, corrosive, flammable
Transport hazard class(es)	8 (3)	8 (3)	8 (3)	8 (3)
Packing group	11	11	Ш	11
Environmental hazards	No.	Yes.	No.	No.
Additional informat ADR/RID ADN IMDG	: <u>Hazard id</u> <u>Tunnel co</u> : The produ transporte		s n environmentally hazar	dous substance when

Date of issue/Date of revision

Section 14. Transport information

Special precautions for user	:	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are
		upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in
		the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

International regulations

<u>Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals</u> Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of printing	: 30.10.2024
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 30.10.2024
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation
Version	: 1
Key to abbreviations	 ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals GOST = Gosudarstvennyy standart IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

Procedure used to derive the classification

Section 16. Other information

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 5 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 CHEMICALS THAT CAUSE SENSITIZATION - Chemical which cause skin sensitization LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method

References

: Not available.

V Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

The information in this document is given to the best of Jotun's knowledge, based on laboratory testing and practical experience. Jotun's products are considered as semi-finished goods and as such, products are often used under conditions beyond Jotun's control. Jotun cannot guarantee anything but the quality of the product itself. Minor product variations may be implemented in order to comply with local requirements. Jotun reserves the right to change the given data without further notice.

Users should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.