

Barrier Smart Pack Comp A

Section 1. Identif	fication
GHS product identifier	: Barrier Smart Pack Comp A
Product code	: 29560
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product type	: Liquid.
Product description	: Paint.
Use in coatings - Industria	
Use in coatings - Professi	onal use
Supplier's details	: 佐敦涂料(张家港)有限公司 江苏省张家港保税区扬子江化学工业园长江路15号 215634 电话: +86 512 58937988 传真: +86 512 58937986
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Section 2. Hazar	ds identification
Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 3 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 AQUATIC TOXICITY (ACUTE) - Category 1 AQUATIC TOXICITY (CHRONIC) - Category 1

GHS label elements Hazard pictograms

Signal word

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Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements	: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.
	H316 - Causes mild skin irritation.
	H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.
	H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: P280 - Wear protective gloves.
	P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P273 - Avoid release to the environment.
	P261 - Avoid breathing vapour.
Response	 P391 - Collect spillage. P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: P403 + P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	 P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Other hazards which do not : None known. result in classification

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

Product name	% (w/w)	CAS number	Туре
zinc	≥75 - ≤90	7440-66-6	[1]
epoxy-formaldehyde resin (MW<700)	≤5	9003-36-5	[1]
zinc oxide	≤3	1314-13-2	[1]
1-methoxy-2-propanol	≤3	107-98-2	[1] [2]
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	≤3	1675-54-3	[1]
产品名称	% (w/w)	CAS号码	类型
锌粉	≥75 - ≤90	7440-66-6	[1]
酚醛环氧树脂(MW<700)	≤5	9003-36-5	[1]
氧化锌	≤3	1314-13-2	[1]
1-甲氧基-2-丙醇	≤3	107-98-2	[1] [2]
环氧树脂(MW < 700)	≤3	1675-54-3	[1]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower Eye contact eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. If irritation persists, get medical attention. Inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Skin contact Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. 2 Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been Ingestion swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

most important symptoms/d	<u>, is, acute and delayed</u>		
Potential acute health effect			
Eye contact	No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Inhalation	No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Skin contact	Causes mild skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.		
Ingestion	No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Over-exposure signs/symp	<u>ns</u>		
Eye contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness		
Inhalation	No specific data.		
Skin contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness		
Ingestion	No specific data.		
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary			
Notes to physician	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.		
Specific treatments	No specific treatment.		
Protection of first-aiders	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitati Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear		

See toxicological information (Section 11)

gloves.

Section 5. Firefighting measures

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Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Ev er No Pr	o action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. vacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from ntering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. o flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. rovide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is adequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.		
Environmental precautions	ar po	: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.		
Methods and material for cor	<u>ntainn</u>	nent and cleaning up		
Small spill	ex Al ap	top leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and kplosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Iternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an opropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal ontractor.		
Large spill		top leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and plosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into		

explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	1	
Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	-	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits		
1-methoxy-2-propanol	TW Minstry of Labor, labor permissible workplace exposure standards, allowable concentration (Taiwan, 3/2018). STEL: 461.25 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 369 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.		

Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

Appropriate engineering controls	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Individual protection measures	
Respiratory protection	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
Hand protection	

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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	There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.
	The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.
	Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.
	Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.
	The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.
	Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.
	Wear suitable gloves tested to ISO 374-1:2016. May be used, gloves(breakthrough time) 4 - 8 hours: 4H/Silver Shield® (> 0.07 mm) Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: neoprene (> 0.35 mm), fluor rubber (> 0.35 mm), Viton® (> 0.7 mm), nitrile rubber (> 0.4 mm), butyl rubber (> 0.4 mm)
	For right choice of glove materials, with focus on chemical resistance and time of penetration, seek advice by the supplier of chemical resistant gloves.
	The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.
Eye protection	: Safety eyewear complying to ISO 16321-1:2022 should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

1	Liquid.
1	Grey
1	Characteristic.
1	Not available.
1	Not applicable.
4	Not applicable.
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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	: Not available.
Flash point	: Closed cup: 42°C (107.6°F)
Flammability	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	: 1.48 - 13.74%

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Vapour pressure

	Va	apour Press	ure at 20°C	V	apour pres	ssure at 50°C
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	20.25	2.7				
ethylbenzene	9.3	1.2				
1-methoxy-2-propanol	8.5	1.1				
xylene	6.7	0.89				
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	2.7	0.36	OECD 104			
epoxy-formaldehyde resin (MW<700)	0.62	0.083	EU A.4			
dimethyl sulfoxide	0.42	0.056	EU A.4			
silane, trimethyoxy[3-(oxiranyl- methoxy)propyl]-	0.0082	0.0011				
oxirane, mono[(c12-14-alkyloxy) methyl]derivs	0.00013	0.000017	OECD 104			
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	0	0				

Relative vapour density

: Not available.

Density

: 3.96 g/cm³

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Media	Result	
hot water	Not soluble	
cold water	Not soluble	

Partition coefficient: noctanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
dipropylene glycol methyl ether	207	404.6	EU A.15
1-methoxy-2-propanol	270	518	
hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	280 to 470	536 to 878	
dimethyl sulfoxide	300 to 302	572 to 575.6	
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	333	631.4	DIN 51794
silane, trimethyoxy[3-(oxiranyl-methoxy)propyl]-	400	752	DIN 51794
xylene	432	809.6	
ethylbenzene	432.22	810	

Decomposition temperature : Not available. Viscosity

: Not available.

Particle	characteristics
Median	particle size

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: Not applicable.
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Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
1-methoxy-2-propanol epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rat	13 g/kg 6600 mg/kg 20 g/kg 15600 mg/kg	- - -

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
zinc	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300 Micrograms Intermittent	-
epoxy-formaldehyde resin (MW<700)	Skin - Mild irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
zinc oxide	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-

Sensitisation

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
epoxy-formaldehyde resin (MW<700)	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Date of issue/Date of revision

Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name			Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
1-methoxy-2-propanol			Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Specific target organ toxici	ty (<u>repeated exposure)</u>	•		
Not available.					
Aspiration hazard					
Not available.					
Information on likely routes of exposure	:	Not available.			
Potential acute health effects	5				
Eye contact	1	No known significant effec	ts or critical haz	ards.	
Inhalation	:	No known significant effec	ts or critical haz	ards.	
Skin contact	1	Causes mild skin irritation	. May cause an	allergic skin react	tion.
Ingestion	:	No known significant effec	ts or critical haz	ards.	
Symptoms related to the phy	<u>/sic</u>	al, chemical and toxicolo	gical character	<u>ristics</u>	
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may ir pain or irritation watering redness	nclude the follow	ving:	
Inhalation	1	No specific data.			
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may ir irritation redness	nclude the follow	<i>i</i> ing:	
Ingestion	:	No specific data.			
Delayed and immediate effect	<u>ts</u>	as well as chronic effects	from short and	d long-term expo	sure
Short term exposure					
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.			
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.			
Long term exposure					
Potential immediate effects	;	Not available.			
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.			
Potential chronic health eff	ect	<u>s</u>			
Not available.					
General	:	Once sensitized, a severe to very low levels.	allergic reactior	n may occur when	subsequently expose
Carcinogenicity	:	No known significant effec	ts or critical haz	ards.	
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effec	ts or critical haz	ards.	
Reproductive toxicity	1	No known significant effec	ts or critical haz	ards.	

Section 11. Toxicological information

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)		(vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
1-methoxy-2-propanol	6600	13000	N/A	N/A	N/A

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
zinc	Acute LC50 330 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.78 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours
epoxy-formaldehyde resin (MW<700)	Acute EC50 2 mg/l	Daphnia	24 hours
. ,	Acute LC50 2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
zinc oxide	Acute LC50 1.1 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.02 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata - Exponential	72 hours
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	Acute EC50 1.4 mg/l	growth phase Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3.1 mg/l Chronic NOEC 0.3 mg/l	Fish - pimephales promelas Fish	96 hours 21 days

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
zinc epoxy-formaldehyde resin (MW<700)	-	-	Not readily Not readily
zinc oxide epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	-	-	Not readily Not readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
epoxy-formaldehyde resin (MW<700)	2.7	-	low
zinc oxide	-	28960	high
1-methoxy-2-propanol	<1	-	low
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	2.64 to 3.78	31	low

Mobility in soil Soil/water partition : Not available. coefficient (Koc)

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	Paint	Paint. Marine pollutant (zinc, zinc oxide)	Paint
Transport hazard class(es)	3		3
Packing group	111	111	III
Environmental hazards	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.

ADR/RID	:	Tunnel restriction code: (D/E) Hazard identification number: 30
IMDG	:	The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of \leq 5 L or \leq 5 kg. Emergency schedules F-E, <u>S-E</u>
ΙΑΤΑ	:	The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.
Special precautions for user	:	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
Transport in bulk according	:	Not available.

to IMO instruments

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Section 15. Regulatory information

TCCSCA List of toxic chemicals

Not applicable.

TCCSCA List of concerned chemicals

Not applicable.

Section 15. Regulatory information

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OSHA Enforcement Rules Article 28	: This product contains substances "Specially hazardous to health": xylene, lead.
OSHA Article 29	: Employers shall not employ persons under the age of 18 to perform any potentially dangerous or harmful work involving this product. (OSHA Art. 29 par 3)
OSHA Article 30	: Employers shall not employ female laborers who are still within their first postpartum year to perform potentially dangerous and hazardous work involving this product. (OSHA Art. 30 second part, par 2)
Priority management chemi	cals Article 2

<u>riority management chemicals, Article 2</u>

Chemical substances possessing physical hazards or health hazards (Article 2.2 (II))

Ingredient name	Name on list	Concentration	
xylene	zinc powder propylene glycol monomethyl ether xylenes propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate	≥75 - ≤90 ≤3 ≤1 ≤0.3	

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Section 16. Other information

Procedure used to derive the classification

	Classification	Justification		
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Cate SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATI SKIN SENSITISATION - Cate AQUATIC TOXICITY (ACUTE AQUATIC TOXICITY (CHROI	ON - Category 3 gory 1) - Category 1	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method		
References	: Not available.	·		
Organisation that prepared the SDS	: Jotun AS, Norway +47 33 45 70 00			
<u>History</u>				
Date of printing	: 14.08.2023			
Date of previous issue	: 18.07.2023			
Version	: 1.04			
Key to abbreviations	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations 			

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 14.08.2023	Date of previous issue	: 18.07.2023	Version :	1.04	12/13
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Section 16. Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

The information in this document is given to the best of Jotun's knowledge, based on laboratory testing and practical experience. Jotun's products are considered as semi-finished goods and as such, products are often used under conditions beyond Jotun's control. Jotun cannot guarantee anything but the quality of the product itself. Minor product variations may be implemented in order to comply with local requirements. Jotun reserves the right to change the given data without further notice.

Users should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.