## **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



### **Barrier Smart Pack Comp B**

Section 1. Identification	
GHS product identifier	: Barrier Smart Pack Comp B
Product code	: 29561
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product type	: Liquid.
Product description	: Hardener.
Relevant identified uses of	f the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Use in coatings - Industria	al use
Use in coatings - Professi	ional use
Supplier's details	: 佐敦涂料(张家港)有限公司 江苏省张家港保税区扬子江化学工业园长江路15号 215634 电话: +86 512 58937988 传真: +86 512 58937986
	Jotun Coatings (Zhangjiagang) Co. Ltd No.15 Changjiang Road Jiangsu Yangtze River International Chemical Industry Park, Zhangjiagang Free Trade Zone, Jiangsu Province 215634 Tel: +86 512 58937988 Fax: +86 512 58937986
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	SDSJotun@jotun.com
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: Jotun Coatings (Taiwan) Ltd. Co. Tel: +886 2 87705061

## Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	<ul> <li>FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 5 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 AQUATIC TOXICITY (CHRONIC) - Category 3</li> </ul>

#### **GHS label elements**

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## Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger.
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.</li> <li>H303 - May be harmful if swallowed.</li> <li>H315 - Causes skin irritation.</li> <li>H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.</li> <li>H318 - Causes serious eye damage.</li> <li>H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.</li> <li>H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	<ul> <li>P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection.</li> <li>P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.</li> <li>P273 - Avoid release to the environment.</li> <li>P261 - Avoid breathing vapour.</li> </ul>
Response	<ul> <li>P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.</li> <li>P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.</li> <li>P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.</li> <li>P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.</li> <li>P305 + P351 + P338, P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.</li> <li>Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.</li> </ul>
Storage	: P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P403 + P235 - Keep cool.
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Other hazards which do not : None known. result in classification

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

Product name	% (w/w)	CAS number	Туре
r methoxy-2-propanol	≥25 - ≤50	107-98-2	[1] [2]
aminepoxyadduct	≤10	1075254-00-0	[1]
benzyl alcohol	≤5	100-51-6	[1]
3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine	≤3	2855-13-2	[1]
2-methoxypropanol	<0.3	1589-47-5	[1]
物品名稱	% (w/w)	化學文摘社登記號碼(CAS No.)	類型
<b>冈</b> 二醇甲醚	≥25 - ≤50	107-98-2	[1] [2]
苯酚,4,4'-(1-甲基亚乙基)双-,与2-(氯甲基)环氧乙烷的聚合物,与5-氨基-1,3,3-三甲基环己烷甲胺和2-甲基-1,5-戊二胺的反应产物	≤10	1075254-00-0	[1]
苯甲醇	≤5	100-51-6	[1]
Date of issue/Date of revision : 25.11.2024	Date of previous issue	: 26.06.2024 Version : 1.08	8 2/13

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

異佛酮二胺	≤3	2855-13-2	[1]
2-甲氧基-1-丙醇	<0.3	1589-47-5	[1]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

#### **Type**

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is
<ul> <li>suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.</li> </ul>
: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Potential acute health effect	<u>s</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: May be harmful if swallowed.
Over-exposure signs/sympt	<u>oms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness

## Section 4. First aid measures

Inhalation	Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness	
Skin contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur	
Ingestion	Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains	
Indication of immediate me	I attention and special treatment needed, if necessary	
Notes to physician	In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours	
Specific treatments	No specific treatment.	
Protection of first-aiders	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.	' it

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Firefighting measures

	-
Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	<ul> <li>Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.</li> </ul>

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
Methods and material for co	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### Control parameters

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	E	Exposure limits
1-methoxy-2-propanol	w C	W Minstry of Labor, labor permissible vorkplace exposure standards, allowable concentration (Taiwan, 3/2018). STEL: 461.25 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 369 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
Biological exposure indices		
No exposure indices known.		
contaminants below any recommen		to keep worker exposure to airborne or statutory limits. The engineering controls oncentrations below any lower explosive
ndividual protection measure	<u>95</u>	
Respiratory protection	appropriate standard or certification. Re	xposure, select a respirator that meets the espirators must be used according to a e proper fitting, training, and other important
Hand protection	resistance to any individual or combinati The breakthrough time must be greater The instructions and information provide storage, maintenance and replacement Gloves should be replaced regularly and material. Always ensure that gloves are free from correctly. The performance or effectiveness of the damage and poor maintenance. Barrier creams may help to protect the e applied once exposure has occurred. Wear suitable gloves tested to ISO 374- May be used, gloves(breakthrough time PVC (> 0.5 mm)	than the end use time of the product. ed by the glove manufacturer on use, must be followed. d if there is any sign of damage to the glove a defects and that they are stored and used e glove may be reduced by physical/chemical exposed areas of the skin but should not be -1:2016. exposed areas intrile rubber (> 0.75 mm), me) > 8 hours: neoprene (> 0.35 mm), 4H/
	penetration, seek advice by the supplier The user must check that the final choic	focus on chemical resistance and time of r of chemical resistant gloves. ce of type of glove selected for handling this es into account the particular conditions of
Eye protection	<ul> <li>use, as included in the user's risk asses</li> <li>Safety eyewear complying to ISO 16321 assessment indicates this is necessary gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the unless the assessment indicates a high</li> </ul>	sment. I-1:2022 should be used when a risk to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists,
	roquirou motodu.	

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Colour	: Colourless.
Odour	: Characteristic.
Odour threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not applicable.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not applicable.
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	: Not available.
Flash point	: Closed cup: 25°C (77°F)
Flammability	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	: Greatest known range: Lower: 1.1% Upper: 14% (dipropylene glycol methyl ether)

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#### Vapour pressure

	V	apour Pres	sure at 20°C	V	apour pres	ssure at 50°C
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
ethanol	42.94865	5.7				
propan-2-ol	33.00268	4.4				
hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	20.25	2.7				
1-methoxy-2-propanol	8.5	1.1				
dimethyl sulfoxide	0.42	0.056	EU A.4			
2-methylpentane-1,5-diamine	0.2	0.027				
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl) phenol	0.056	0.0075	EU A.4			
benzyl alcohol	0.05	0.0067				
3-aminomethyl- 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine	0.01178	0.0016	OECD 104			
propylidynetrimethanol	0	0				
elative vapour density	: Not ava	ailable.				
ensity	: 0.949 g	g/cm³				

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

#### Solubility(ies) 2 Media Result cold water Not soluble hot water Not soluble

#### Partition coefficient: n-: Not applicable.

#### octanol/water

octanol/water		
Auto-ignition temperature	1.1	

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method	
dipropylene glycol methyl ether	207	404.6	EU A.15	
1-methoxy-2-propanol	270	518		
hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	280 to 470	536 to 878		
dimethyl sulfoxide	300 to 302	572 to 575.6		
3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine	380	716		
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	382	719.6	EU A.15	
benzyl alcohol	436	816.8		
ethanol	455	851	DIN 51794	
propan-2-ol	456	852.8		

#### **Decomposition temperature** : Not available. : Not available.

#### Viscosity **Particle characteristics**

Median particle size

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

: Not applicable.

Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
1-methoxy-2-propanol	LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rabbit Rat	13 g/kg 6600 mg/kg	-
benzyl alcohol 3-aminomethyl- 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine	LD50 Oral LD50 Oral	Rat Rat	1230 mg/kg 1030 mg/kg	-

#### Irritation/Corrosion

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
aminepoxyadduct	Eyes - Irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
benzyl alcohol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
2-methoxypropanol	Eyes - Irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-

#### **Sensitisation**

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
aminepoxyadduct	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising
3-aminomethyl- 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
1-methoxy-2-propanol 2-methoxypropanol	Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### Aspiration hazard

Not available.

#### Information on likely routes : Not available. of exposure

Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: May be harmful if swallowed.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics						
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness					
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness					
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur					
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains					
Delayed and immediate effe	ts as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure					
Short term exposure						
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.					
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.					
Long term exposure						
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.					
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.					
Potential chronic health eff	<u>cts</u>					
Not available.						
General	: Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.					
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.					
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.					
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.					

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Barrier Smart Pack Comp B	4929.6	N/A	N/A	307.7	N/A
1-methoxy-2-propanol	6600	13000	N/A	N/A	N/A
aminepoxyadduct	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
benzyl alcohol	1230	N/A	N/A	11	N/A
3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine	1030	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

## Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity Product/ingredient name** Result **Exposure Species** aminepoxyadduct Acute EC50 8.1 mg/l Algae - Pseudokirchneriella 72 hours subcapitata 48 hours Acute EC50 5.7 mg/l Daphnia - Daphnia magna Acute LC50 7.9 mg/l Fish - Oncorhynchus Mykiss 96 hours Acute EC50 388 mg/l Crustaceans 48 hours 3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine Acute EC50 23 mg/l Daphnia 48 hours Fish 96 hours Acute LC50 110 mg/l

#### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose	Inoculum	
aminepoxyadduct	-	0 % - Not re	adily - 28 days	-	-	
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic ha	lf-life	Photolys	sis	Biodegradability	
aminepoxyadduct benzyl alcohol 3-aminomethyl- 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine	- - -	-			Not readily Readily Not readily	

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
1-methoxy-2-propanol	<1	-	low
benzyl alcohol	0.87	<100	low
3-aminomethyl-	0.99	-	low
3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine			

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. 2 Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers

## Section 14. Transport information

263 t	UN1263 Paint 3	UN1263 Paint 3
: 		
	3	3
	No.	No.

ADR/RID	: Tunnel restriction code: (D/E)
	Hazard identification number: 30

IMDG : Emergency schedules F-E, S-E

# **Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available.

to IMO instruments

## Section 15. Regulatory information

#### TCCSCA List of toxic chemicals

Not applicable.

#### **TCCSCA List of concerned chemicals**

Not applicable.

**OSHA Enforcement Rules** : This product contains substances "Specially hazardous to health": propan-2-ol. **Article 28** 

#### Priority management chemicals, Article 2

CMR chemical substances, category 1 (Article 2.2 (I)) : Applicable

Chemical substances possessing physical hazards or health hazards (Article 2.2 (II))

Ingredient name	Name on list	Concentration	
	1 1 5 5 5	≥25 - ≤50 ≤0.1	

#### International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals	
Not listed.	

#### **Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

#### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

## Section 16. Other information

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification			Justification		
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 5 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 AQUATIC TOXICITY (CHRONIC) - Category 3		On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method			
References	t available.				
Organisation that prepared the SDS: Jotun AS, Norway +47 33 45 70 00					
History					
Date of printing         : 25.11.2024           Date of previous issue         : 26.06.2024           Version         : 1.08					
Xey to abbreviations       : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations					

**V** Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

The information in this document is given to the best of Jotun's knowledge, based on laboratory testing and practical experience. Jotun's products are considered as semi-finished goods and as such, products are often used under conditions beyond Jotun's control. Jotun cannot guarantee anything but the quality of the product itself. Minor product variations may be implemented in order to comply with local requirements. Jotun reserves the right to change the given data without further notice.

Users should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.