SAFETY DATA SHEET



Jotafloor Topcoat E Comp A

Section 1. Chemical product and company identification

| GHS product identifier | : Jotafloor Topcoat E Comp A |
|----------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Product code | : 29980 |
| Other means of identification | : Not available. |
| Product type | : Liquid. |
| Product description | : Paint. |

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use in coatings - Consumer use: Apply this product only as specified on the label. Use in coatings - Professional use

| Supplier's details | : Jotun Kazakhstan LLP Al-Farabi Ave., 15, Nurly-Tau business center, building 4V, 9th floor, premise No. 18-4V-9NP, Almaty, Republic of Kazakhstan |
|--|--|
| | Tel: +7 (727) 311 56 37 / +7 (727) 311 56 85 |
| | infokz@jotun.com SDSJotun@jotun.com |
| Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation) | : 112 – Department for emergency situations 101 – Fire department; 103 – Ambulance |

Section 2. Hazards identification

| Classification of the substa | ance or mixture according to GOST 32419-2013 and GOST 32423/24/25-2013 |
|--|---|
| Classification of the substance or mixture | SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CHEMICALS THAT CAUSE SENSITIZATION - Chemical which cause skin sensitization LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2 |
| GHS label elements Hazard pictograms | |
| Signal word | : Warning. |
| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 30.10.2024 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 1/12 |

Section 2. Hazards identification

| Hazard statements | 1 | H315 - Causes skin irritation. |
|----------------------------|---|--|
| | | H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| | | H319 - Causes serious eye irritation. |
| | | H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| Precautionary statements | | |
| General | : | P102 - Keep out of reach of children. |
| Prevention | : | P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. P273 - Avoid release to the environment. P261 - Avoid breathing vapour. P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling. |
| Response | : | P391 - Collect spillage. P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P333 + P311 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Call a POISON CENTER or physician. P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337 + P311 - If eye irritation persists: Call a POISON CENTER or physician. |
| Storage | 1 | Not applicable. |
| Disposal | : | P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. |
| Other hazards which do not | : | None known. |

result in classification

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

| Substance/mixture | : Mixture |
|-------------------|------------------|
| Other means of | : Not available. |
| identification | |

| Ingredient name | % | Identifiers | Classification | Туре |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|-----------------|---|------|
| epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700) | ≥25 - ≤50 | CAS: 1675-54-3 | SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category | [1] |
| | | | SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A | |
| | | | CHEMICALS THAT CAUSE | |
| | | | SENSITIZATION - Chemical which cause skin sensitization | |
| | | | LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC | |
| avirana manal | ≤10 | | HAZARD - Category 2 | [4] |
| oxirane, mono[(c12-14-alkyloxy) | 510 | CAS. 00009-97-2 | SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category | [1] |
| methyl]derivs | | | CHEMICALS THAT CAUSE | |
| | | | SENSITIZATION - Chemical which cause skin sensitization | |
| Phenol, methylstyrenated | ≤5 | CAS: 68512-30-1 | SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category | [1] |
| | | | CHEMICALS THAT CAUSE | |
| | | | SENSITIZATION - Chemical which cause skin sensitization | |
| | | | LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 | |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

<u>Type</u>

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

| Eye contact | : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. |
|--------------|--|
| Inhalation | : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. |
| Skin contact | : Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. |
| Ingestion | : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. |

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

| most important symptoms/ | <u>neoto, doute una delayeu</u> |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Potential acute health effe | <u>:ts</u> |
| Eye contact | : Causes serious eye irritation. |
| Inhalation | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Skin contact | : Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| Ingestion | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Over-exposure signs/sym | i <u>toms</u> |
| Eye contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness |
| Inhalation | : No specific data. |
| Skin contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness |
| Ingestion | : No specific data. |
| Indication of immediate me | lical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary |
| Notes to physician | Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. |
| Specific treatments | : No specific treatment. |
| Protection of first-aiders | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. |

See toxicological information (Section 11)

| Date of issue/Date of revision : 30.10.2024 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 |
|---|
|---|

Section 5. Firefighting measures

| Extinguishing media | |
|--|--|
| Suitable extinguishing media | : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire. |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | : None known. |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain. |
| Hazardous thermal decomposition products | : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides |
| Special protective actions for fire-fighters | : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. |

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

| For non-emergency personnel | • | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. |
|--------------------------------|---|---|
| For emergency responders | : | If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel". |
| Environmental precautions | : | Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage. |

| Methods and material for containment and cleaning up | | | |
|--|---|---|--|
| Small spill | : | Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. | |
| Large spill | : | Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal. | |

Section 7. Handling and storage

| Precautions for safe handling | 1 | |
|--|---|---|
| Protective measures | : | Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. |
| Advice on general occupational hygiene | : | Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. |
| Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities | : | Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use. |

See Technical Data Sheet / packaging for further information.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| Contro | parameters |
|--------|------------|
| | |

Occupational exposure limits

None.

Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

| Appropriate engineering controls | : | Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. | |
|----------------------------------|-----|---|--|
| Environmental exposure controls | : | Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensu they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In som cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. | |
| Individual protection measu | res | | |
| Hygiene measures | : | Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. | |
| Eye/face protection | : | Safety eyewear complying to ISO 16321-1:2022 should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles. | |
| Skin protection | | | |
| Hand protection | : | | |

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| | There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals. |
|------------------------|---|
| | The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. |
| | The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, |
| | storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. |
| | Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material. |
| | Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly. |
| | The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance. |
| | Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred. |
| | Wear suitable gloves tested to ISO 374-1:2016. |
| | Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: PVC (> 0.5 mm), neoprene (> 0.35 mm), nitrile rubber (> 0.75 mm), butyl rubber (> 0.4 mm) |
| | For right choice of glove materials, with focus on chemical resistance and time of penetration, seek advice by the supplier of chemical resistant gloves. |
| | The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment. |
| Body protection | Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. |
| Other skin protection | Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. |
| Respiratory protection | : If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use a respirator according to EN 140. Use respiratory mask with charcoal and dust filter when spraying this product, according to EN 14387(as filter combination A2-P2). In confined spaces, use compressed-air or fresh-air respiratory equipment. When use of roller or brush, consider use of charcoalfilter. |

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

| Appearance |
|-------------------|
|-------------------|

| Appearance | | |
|---|---|--|
| Physical state | 1 | Liquid. |
| Colour | 1 | Brown., Grey, MCI Base 1, MCI Base 3, Red, Yellow. |
| Odour | : | Characteristic. |
| Odour threshold | : | Not applicable. |
| рН | : | Not applicable. |
| Melting point/freezing point | : | Not applicable. |
| Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range | 1 | Lowest known value: >260°C (>500°F)(epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)). Weighted average: 287.36°C (549.2°F) |
| Flash point | : | Closed cup: 100°C (212°F) |
| Evaporation rate | : | Not available. |
| Flammability | : | Not applicable. |
| Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit | 1 | Not applicable. |
| Vapour pressure | 1 | Highest known value: 0.001 kPa (0.008 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (Phenol, methylstyrenated). Weighted average: 9e-005 kPa (0.0007 mm Hg) (at 20°C) |
| Relative vapour density | : | Highest known value: 11.7 (Air = 1) (epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)). |
| Density | 1 | 1.505 to 1.604 g/cm ³ |
| Date of issue/Date of revision | | : 30.10.2024 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 6/12 |

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Solubility(ies)

| Solubility(ies) | 1 | | |
|--|---|----------------------------|--|
| Media | | Result | |
| cold water hot water | | Not soluble Not soluble | |
| Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water | : Not available. | | |
| Auto-ignition temperature | : Lowest known value: >385°C (>725°F) (Phenol, methylstyrenated). | | |
| Decomposition temperature | : Not available. | | |
| Viscosity | : Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >20.5 mm²/s (>20.5 cSt) | | |
| Particle characteristics | | | |
| Median particle size | : Not applicable. | | |
| Section 10 Stabili | 4., | and reactivity | |

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

| Reactivity | : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Chemical stability | : The product is stable. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. |
| Conditions to avoid | : No specific data. |
| Incompatible materials | : No specific data. |
| Hazardous decomposition products | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. |

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|--|---------------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------|
| epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700) oxirane, mono[(c12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs | LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral LD50 Oral | Rabbit Mouse Rat | 20 g/kg 15600 mg/kg 17100 mg/kg | - |

Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
|--|--------------------------|------------------------------------|-------|--------------------------|-------------|
| epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700) | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 2 milligrams | - |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 500 milligrams | - |
| oxirane, mono[(c12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs | Skin - Mild irritant | Mammal - species unspecified | - | - | - |
| | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 µl | - |
| Phenol, methylstyrenated | Skin - Mild irritant | Mammal - species unspecified | - | - | - |

Sensitisation

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Section 11. Toxicological information

| | – | | |
|--|-------------------|---------------------------------|-------------|
| Product/ingredient name | Route of exposure | Species | Result |
| epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700) | skin | Mammal - species unspecified | Sensitising |
| oxirane, mono[(c12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs | skin | Mammal - species unspecified | Sensitising |
| Phenol, methylstyrenated | skin | Mammal - species unspecified | Sensitising |

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on likely routes : Not available.

of exposure

| Potential acute health effects | |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Eye contact | : Causes serious eye irritation. |
| Inhalation | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Skin contact | : Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| Ingestion | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

| Eye contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness |
|--------------|--|
| Inhalation | : No specific data. |
| Skin contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness |
| Ingestion | : No specific data. |

| Delayed and immediate effect | ts as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure |
|---|---|
| <u>Short term exposure</u> | |
| Potential immediate effects | : Not available. |
| Potential delayed effects Long term exposure | : Not available. |

Date of issue/Date of revision

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Section 11. Toxicological information

| | - |
|------------------------------|---|
| Potential immediate effects | : Not available. |
| Potential delayed effects | : Not available. |
| Potential chronic health eff | <u>ects</u> |
| Not available. | |
| General | : Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels. |
| Carcinogenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Mutagenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Reproductive toxicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| | |

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

| Product/ingredient name | | Dermal (mg/kg) | | X • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • | Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l) |
|--|-------|-------------------|-----|--|--|
| oxirane, mono[(c12-14-alkyloxy)methyl]derivs | 17100 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|----------|
| | Acute EC50 1.4 mg/l | Daphnia | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 3.1 mg/l | Fish - pimephales promelas | 96 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 0.3 mg/l | Fish | 21 days |

Persistence and degradability

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|-------------------------|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700) | - | - | Not readily |

Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|--|----------------------|------------------|------------|
| epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700) oxirane, mono[(c12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs | 2.64 to 3.78 3.77 | 31 160 to 263 | low low |
| Phenol, methylstyrenated | 3.627 | - | low |

| Mobility in soil | |
|--|--|
| Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc) | : Not available. |
| Other adverse effects | : No known significant effects or critical |

nificant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

| | ADR/RID | ADN | IMDG | IATA |
|---|--|--|---|---|
| UN number | UN3082 | UN3082 | UN3082 | UN3082 |
| UN proper shipping name | Environmentally hazardous substance liquid, n.o.s. (epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)) | Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)) | Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)). Marine pollutant (epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)) | Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)) |
| Transport hazard class(es) | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 |
| Packing group | | | | |
| Environmental hazards | Yes. | Yes. | Yes. | Yes. |
| Additional information | tion | | | |
| ADN | and 4.1. [·] Hazard i Tunnel o This proo or ≤5 kg, | duct is not regulated as a c provided the packagings | dangerous good when tra | nsported in sizes of ≤5 L |
| IMDG | and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8. This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8. Emergency schedules F-A, S-F | | | |
| ΙΑΤΑ | This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 5.0.2.4.1, 5.0.2.6.1.1 and 5.0.2.8. | | | |
| Special precautions | upright a | rt within user's premise nd secure. Ensure that pe t of an accident or spillage | rsons transporting the pro | |
| Transport in bulk action to IMO instruments | | able. | | |
| Date of issue/Date of rev | rision : 30.10.20 | D24 Date of previous issue | : No previous validation | Version : 1 10/12 |

Section 15. Regulatory information

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Section 16. Other information

| <u>History</u> | |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Date of printing | : 30.10.2024 |
| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 30.10.2024 |
| Date of previous issue | : No previous validation |
| Version | : 1 |
| Key to abbreviations | : ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals GOST = Gosudarstvennyy standart IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations |
| Procedure used to derive t | ne classification |

Procedure used to derive the classification

| Classification | Justification |
|--|--------------------|
| SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 | Calculation method |
| SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A | Calculation method |
| CHEMICALS THAT CAUSE SENSITIZATION - Chemical which cause skin sensitization | Calculation method |
| LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2 | Calculation method |

References

: Not available.

V Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

Section 16. Other information

The information in this document is given to the best of Jotun's knowledge, based on laboratory testing and practical experience. Jotun's products are considered as semi-finished goods and as such, products are often used under conditions beyond Jotun's control. Jotun cannot guarantee anything but the quality of the product itself. Minor product variations may be implemented in order to comply with local requirements. Jotun reserves the right to change the given data without further notice.

Users should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.