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SAFETY DATA SHEET



Tankguard HB Classic Comp A

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operation)

| Product name | : Tankguard HB Classic Comp A |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Product code | : 30382 |
| Product type | : Liquid. |
| Product description | : Paint. |
| Relevant identified uses | of the substance or mixture and uses advised against |
| Use in coatings - Industria | al use |
| Use in coatings - Professi | |
| - | |
| Supplier's details | : Chokwang Jotun Ltd. 30th Block Jisa science park, 1205 Jisa-dong, Gangseo-ku, Busan, South Korea Tel: + 82 51 797 6000 Fax: + 82 51 711 7735 |
| | 朝光 JOTUN 株式會社 大韓民國 釜山廣域市 江西區 科學産團 1路 96 (智士洞) Tel: + 86 535 3088 586 Fax: + 82 51 711 7735 |
| | SDSJotun@jotun.com |
| | |

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture according to GB 13690-2009 and GB 30000-2013

| Classification of the substance or mixture | SKIN CORF SERIOUS E SKIN SENS CARCINOG SHORT-TE | E LIQUIDS - Category 3 ROSION/IRRITATION - 0 EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRI SITISATION - Category 1 SENICITY - Category 2 RM (ACUTE) AQUATIC M (CHRONIC) AQUATIC | Category 2 TATION - Category 1 HAZARD - Category | |
|--|---|---|--|------|
| GHS label elements | | | | |
| Hazard pictograms | | | | |
| Signal word | : Danger. | • • | • | |
| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 27.11.2024 | Date of previous issue | : 05.07.2024 | Vers |

Section 2. Hazards identification

| Hazard statements | : | H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour. H315 - Causes skin irritation. H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 - Causes serious eye damage. H351 - Suspected of causing cancer. H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
|-------------------------------|---|--|
| Precautionary statements | | |
| General | : | Not applicable. |
| Prevention | : | P201 - Obtain special instructions before use. P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P273 - Avoid release to the environment. P261 - Avoid breathing vapour. |
| Response | : | P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. P305 + P351 + P338, P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. |
| Storage | 1 | P403 + P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. |
| Disposal | : | P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. |
| Physical and chemical hazards | : | Flammable liquid and vapour. |
| Health hazards | : | Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. Suspected of causing cancer. |

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture Other means of identification

- : Mixture
 - : Not available.

| Ingredient name | % | CAS number |
|--|------|------------|
| xylene | ≤12 | 1330-20-7 |
| epoxy resin (MW 700-1200) | ≤25 | 25036-25-3 |
| epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700) | <25 | 1675-54-3 |
| butan-1-ol | ≤7.1 | 71-36-3 |
| ethylbenzene | ≤5 | 100-41-4 |
| silane, trimethyoxy[3-(oxiranyl-methoxy)propyl]- | ≤3 | 2530-83-8 |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

| Description of necess | sary first aid measures |
|-----------------------|--|
| Eye contact | : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. |
| Inhalation | : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. |
| Skin contact | : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. |
| Ingestion | : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. |

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

| MOSt Important Sympto | ins/enects, acute and delayed |
|-------------------------|---|
| Potential acute health | <u>effects</u> |
| Eye contact | : Causes serious eye damage. |
| Inhalation | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Skin contact | : Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| Ingestion | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Over-exposure signs/s | symptoms |
| Eye contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness |
| Inhalation | : No specific data. |
| Skin contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur |
| Ingestion | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains |
| Indication of immediate | e medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary |
| Notes to physician | Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. |
| Specific treatments | : No specific treatment. |

Section 4. First aid measures

| Protection of first-aiders | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing |
|----------------------------|---|
| | thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. |

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Firefighting measures

| Extinguishing media | |
|--|--|
| Suitable extinguishing media | : Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam. |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | : Do not use water jet. |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | : Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain. |
| Hazardous thermal decomposition products | : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides |
| Special protective actions for fire-fighters | : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. |

Section 6. Accidental release measures

| Personal precautions, protec | tiv | ve equipment and emergency procedures |
|--------------------------------|------------|---|
| For non-emergency personnel | : | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. |
| For emergency responders | : | If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel". |
| Environmental precautions | : | Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. |
| Methods and material for con | <u>nta</u> | inment and cleaning up |
| Small spill | : | Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and |

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from split area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble.
 Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Date of issue/Date of revision

Section 6. Accidental release measures

| Large spill | : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). |
|-------------|---|
| | Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for |
| | emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal. |

Section 7. Handling and storage

| Precautions for safe handling | |
|--|---|
| Protective measures | Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. |
| Advice on general occupational hygiene | Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. |
| Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities | Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well- ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use. |
| | |

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

| Ingredient name | Exposure limits |
|-----------------|--|
| xylene | GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022). [Xylene] |
| | PC-STEL: 100 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. |
| | PC-TWA: 50 mg/m ³ 8 hours. |
| butan-1-ol | GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022). |
| | PC-TWA: 100 mg/m ³ 8 hours. |
| ethylbenzene | GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022). |
| - | PC-TWA: 100 mg/m ³ 8 hours. |
| | PC-STEL: 150 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. |

Biological exposure indices

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| Ingredient name | | Exposure indices |
|----------------------------------|---|---|
| xylene | | GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022) BEI: 0.4 g/L, methylhippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of work shift. BEI: 0.3 g/g Cr, methylhippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of work shift. |
| ethylbenzene | | GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022) BEI: 0.8 g/g Cr, mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid (MA and PGA) [in urine]. Sampling time: end of work shift. |
| Appropriate engineering controls | ventilation or other engin contaminants below any also need to keep gas, v | ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust eering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls apour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive pof ventilation equipment. |
| Environmental exposure controls | they comply with the requ cases, fume scrubbers, f | on or work process equipment should be checked to ensure uirements of environmental protection legislation. In some ilters or engineering modifications to the process sary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. |
| ndividual protection measu | res | |
| Hygiene measures | : Wash hands, forearms a eating, smoking and usin Appropriate techniques s Contaminated work cloth | nd face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before ing the lavatory and at the end of the working period. should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. ing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash efore reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety workstation location. |
| Eye/face protection | assessment indicates thi gases or dusts. If contac unless the assessment in | g to ISO 16321-1:2022 should be used when a risk s is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, ct is possible, the following protection should be worn, ndicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash ld. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be |
| Skin protection | | |
| Hand protection | resistance to any individu The breakthrough time m The instructions and info storage, maintenance an Gloves should be replace material. Always ensure that glove correctly. The performance or effer damage and poor mainte Barrier creams may help applied once exposure h Wear suitable gloves tes May be used, gloves(bre | to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be as occurred. ted to ISO 374-1:2016. akthrough time) 4 - 8 hours: Viton® (> 0.7 mm), neoprene |
| | (> 0.35 mm), butyl rubbe Recommended, gloves(b Silver Shield® (> 0.07 m | r (> 0.4 mm), PVC (> 0.5 mm) preakthrough time) > 8 hours: nitrile rubber (> 0.75 mm), 4F m), Teflon (> 0.35 mm), polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) (> 0.3 mm) |
| | | materials, with focus on chemical resistance and time of by the supplier of chemical resistant gloves. |

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| | The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment. |
|------------------------|---|
| Body protection | : Use chemical-resistant protective suit / disposable overall. |
| | Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. |
| Other skin protection | Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. |
| Respiratory protection | : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. |

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

| Appearance | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|
| Physical state | | Liquid. | | |
| Colour | 4 | Pink, Grey, Yellow. | | |
| Odour | 4 | Characteristic. | | |
| Odour threshold | 1 | Not applicable. | | |
| рН | 1 | Not applicable. | | |
| Melting point/freezing point | : | Not applicable. | | |
| Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range | : | Lowest known value: 119°C (246.2°F) (butan-1-ol). Weighted average: 181.91°C (359.4°F) | | |
| Flash point | : | Closed cup: 29°C (84.2°F) | | |
| Evaporation rate | : | Highest known value: 0.84 (ethylbenzene) Weighted average: 0.69compared with butyl acetate | | |
| Flammability | : | Not applicable. | | |
| Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit | : | Greatest known range: Lower: 1.4% Upper: 11.3% (butan-1-ol) | | |
| Vapour pressure | : | Highest known value: 1.2 kPa (9.3 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (ethylbenzene). Weighted average: 0.62 kPa (4.65 mm Hg) (at 20°C) | | |
| Relative vapour density | : | Highest known value: 11.7 (Air = 1) (epoxy resin (MW \leq 700)). Weighted average: 6.11 (Air = 1) | | |
| Density | : | 1.66 to 1.669 g/cm ³ | | |
| Solubility(ies) | : | | | |
| Media | | Result | | |
| cold water hot water | | Not soluble Not soluble | | |
| Solubility in water | : | Not available. | | |
| Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water | : | Not available. | | |
| Auto-ignition temperature | : | Lowest known value: 355°C (671°F) (butan-1-ol). | | |
| Decomposition temperature | 1 | Not available. | | |
| Viscosity | : | Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >20.5 mm²/s (>20.5 cSt) | | |
| Particle characteristics | | | | |
| Median particle size | : | Not applicable. | | |
| Date of issue/Date of revision | | : 27.11.2024 Date of previous issue : 05.07.2024 Version : 1.05 7/14 | | |

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

No additional information.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

| Reactivity | : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Chemical stability | : The product is stable. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. |
| Conditions to avoid | : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. |
| Incompatible materials | : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials |
| Hazardous decomposition products | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. |

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure | |
|-------------------------|------------------------|------------|-------------|----------|--|
| xylene | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat | 11 mg/l | 4 hours | |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 4300 mg/kg | - | |
| | TDLo Dermal | Rabbit | 4300 mg/kg | - | |
| epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700) | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 20 g/kg | - | |
| , | LD50 Oral | Mouse | 15600 mg/kg | - | |
| butan-1-ol | LD50 Oral | Rat | 790 mg/kg | - | |
| ethylbenzene | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat - Male | 11 mg/l | 4 hours | |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >5000 mg/kg | - | |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 3500 mg/kg | - | |

Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
|--|------------------------|------------------------------------|-------|---------------------------|-------------|
| xylene | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 87 milligrams | - |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rat | - | 8 hours 60 microliters | - |
| epoxy resin (MW 700-1200) | Eyes - Mild irritant | Mammal - species unspecified | - | - | - |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Mammal - species unspecified | - | - | - |
| epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700) | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 2 milligrams | - |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 500 milligrams | - |
| silane, trimethyoxy[3- (oxiranyl-methoxy)propyl]- | Eyes - Irritant | Mammal - species unspecified | - | - | - |

Sensitisation

Section 11. Toxicological information

| • | Route of exposure | Species | Result |
|---------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------------|-------------|
| epoxy resin (MW 700-1200) | skin | Mammal - species unspecified | Sensitising |
| epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700) | skin | Mammal - species unspecified | Sensitising |

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

| Product/ingredient name | IARC |
|--|---------|
| epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700) ethylbenzene | 3 2B |
| ethylbenzene | 20 |

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Product/ingredient name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|-------------------------|------------|-------------------|------------------------------|
| xylene | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| butan-1-ol | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| | Category 3 | | Narcotic effects |

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Product/ingredient name | | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|-------------------------|------------|----------------------|---------------|
| ethylbenzene | Category 2 | - | - |

Aspiration hazard

| Product/ingredient name | Result | |
|-------------------------|--|--|
| 5 | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 | |

| Information on likely routes of exposure | : | Not available. |
|--|---|--|
| Potential acute health effects | | |
| Eye contact | : | Causes serious eye damage. |
| Inhalation | : | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Skin contact | : | Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| Ingestion | : | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |

| Symptoms related to the phys | sical, chemical and toxicological characteristics |
|------------------------------|--|
| Eye contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness |

Section 11. Toxicological information

| Inhalation | : No specific data. |
|---------------------|--|
| Skin contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur |
| Ingestion | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains |
| Delayed and immedia | te effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure |

| <u>Short term exposure</u> | |
|--------------------------------|------------------|
| Potential immediate effects | : Not available. |
| Potential delayed effects | : Not available. |
| Long term exposure | |
| Potential immediate effects | : Not available. |
| Potential delayed effects | : Not available. |
| Potential chronic health effe | <u>ects</u> |
| Not available. | |
| | |

| General | : Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels. |
|-----------------------|---|
| Carcinogenicity | : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure. |
| Mutagenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Reproductive toxicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

| Product/ingredient name | Oral (mg/ kg) | Dermal (mg/kg) | Inhalation (gases) (ppm) | Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l) | Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l) |
|-----------------------------|------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| Tankguard HB Classic Comp A | 8333.3 | 10114.9 | N/A | 101.1 | N/A |
| xylene | N/A | 1100 | N/A | 11 | N/A |
| butan-1-ol | 500 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|----------|
| xylene | Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water | Crustaceans - Palaemonetes | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas | 96 hours |
| epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700) | Acute EC50 1.4 mg/l | Daphnia | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 3.1 mg/l | Fish - pimephales promelas | 96 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 0.3 mg/l | Fish | 21 days |
| ethylbenzene | Acute EC50 7700 µg/l Marine water | Algae - Skeletonema costatum | 96 hours |
| - | Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l | Daphnia | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 4.2 mg/ľ | Fish | 96 hours |

Persistence/degradability

Section 12. Ecological information

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|--|-------------------|-------------|--|
| xylene epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700) ethylbenzene silane, trimethyoxy[3- (oxiranyl-methoxy)propyl]- | | - - - | Readily Not readily Readily Not readily |

Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|-------------------------|--------------|-------------|-----------|
| xylene | 3.12 | 8.1 to 25.9 | low |
| epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700) | 2.64 to 3.78 | 31 | low |
| butan-1-ol | 1 | - | low |
| ethylbenzene | 3.6 | - | low |

Mobility in soil

| Soil/water partition | : Not available. |
|----------------------|------------------|
| coefficient (Koc) | |

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

| | China | UN | IMDG | IATA |
|-------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| UN number | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 |
| UN proper shipping name | Paint | Paint | Paint | Paint |
| Transport hazard class(es) | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Packing group | | | | |
| Environmental hazards | No. | No. | No. | No. |

IMDG

: Emergency schedules F-E, S-E

Date of issue/Date of revision

Section 14. Transport information

| | | IMDG: Viscous substance. Transport in accordance with 2.3.2.5 of the IMDG Code (only applicable to receptacles < 450 litre capacity). |
|--|---|---|
| ΙΑΤΑ | : | The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations. |
| ADR / RID | : | Tunnel restriction code: (D/E) Hazard identification number: 30 |
| | | ADR/RID: Viscous substance. Not goods of class 3, ref. 2.2.3.1.5 (only applicable to receptacles < 450 litre capacity). |
| Special precautions for user | : | Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage. |
| <u>Extinguishing media</u> | | |
| Suitable extinguishing media | : | Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam. |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | : | Do not use water jet. |
| Incompatible materials | : | Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials |
| Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments | : | Not available. |

Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product:

Law of the People's Republic of China on the Prevention and Control of Occupational Diseases

Regulations on the Control over Safety of Dangerous Chemicals Measures for Environmental Management of New Chemical Substances Law of the People's Republic of China on the Prevention and Control of Environment Pollution Caused by Solid Wastes Safety regulations for the use of chemicals in the workplace General Rule for Classification and Hazard Communication of Chemicals Classification and code of dangerous goods

List of Goods banned for Importing

None of the components are listed.

Drug Precursors Requiring an Import/Export License

None of the components are listed.

Inventory of Hazardous Chemicals

| Ingredient name | CAS number | Status | Reference number |
|-----------------|------------|--------|---------------------|
| xylene | 1330-20-7 | Listed | 358 |
| butan-1-ol | 71-36-3 | Listed | 2761 |
| ethylbenzene | 100-41-4 | Listed | 2566 |

List of Explosive Precursors

None of the components are listed.

List of Goods banned for Exporting

None of the components are listed.

List of Toxic Chemicals Severely Restricted for Importing & Exporting by China

None of the components are listed.

Catalogue and classification of drug precursor chemicals

None of the components are listed.

Section 15. Regulatory information

Inventory of highly toxic articles

None of the components are listed.

Catalogue of Hazardous Chemicals of Priority Management

None of the components are listed.

Catalogue of Occupational Disease Hazard Factors - Dust

| Ingredient name | Status |
|------------------|--------|
| barium sulfate | Listed |
| titanium dioxide | Listed |

Catalogue of Occupational Disease Hazard Factors - Chemical Factors

| Ingredient name | Status |
|-----------------|--------|
| barium sulfate | Listed |
| xylene | Listed |
| butan-1-ol | Listed |
| ethylbenzene | Listed |

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Section 16. Other information

| <u>History</u> | |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Date of printing | : 27.11.2024 |
| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 27.11.2024 |
| Date of previous issue | : 05.07.2024 |
| Version | : 1.05 |
| Key to abbreviations | : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations |
| Procedure used to derive t | he classification |

Procedure used to derive the classification

Section 16. Other information

| Classification | Justification |
|---|-----------------------|
| FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 | On basis of test data |
| SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 | Calculation method |
| SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 | Calculation method |
| SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 | Calculation method |
| CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 | Calculation method |
| SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 | Calculation method |
| LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 | Calculation method |

References

: Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

The information in this document is given to the best of Jotun's knowledge, based on laboratory testing and practical experience. Jotun's products are considered as semi-finished goods and as such, products are often used under conditions beyond Jotun's control. Jotun cannot guarantee anything but the quality of the product itself. Minor product variations may be implemented in order to comply with local requirements. Jotun reserves the right to change the given data without further notice.

Users should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.