# SAFETY DATA SHEET



### Jotamastic Smart Pack HB Comp A

### Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier	: Jotamastic Smart Pack HB Comp A
Product code	: 34802
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product type	: Liquid.
Product description	: Paint.

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use in coatings - Industrial use Use in coatings - Professional use

Supp	lier's c	letails
------	----------	---------

: 佐敦涂料(张家港)有限公司 江苏省张家港保税区扬子江化学工业园长江路15号 215634 电话: +86 512 58937988 传真: +86 512 58937986

Jotun Coatings (Zhangjiagang) Co. Ltd No.15 Changjiang Road Jiangsu Yangtze River International Chemical Industry Park, Zhangjiagang Free Trade Zone, Jiangsu Province 215634 Tel: +86 512 58937988 Fax: +86 512 58937986

Jotun Paints (Malaysia) Sdn Bhd, Lot 7 Persiaran Perusahaan, Section 23 40300 SHAH ALAM, Selangor Darul Ehsan Malaysia Tel: +603 51235500 Fax: +603 51235599

SDSJotun@jotun.com

: Jotun Coatings (Taiwan) Ltd. Co. Tel: +886 2 87705061

Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)

## Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
substance or mixture	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
	AQUATIC TOXICITY (CHRONIC) - Category 2

#### **GHS label elements**

# Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Warning.
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.</li> <li>H315 - Causes skin irritation.</li> <li>H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.</li> <li>H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.</li> <li>H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	<ul> <li>P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection.</li> <li>P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.</li> <li>P273 - Avoid release to the environment.</li> <li>P261 - Avoid breathing vapour.</li> </ul>
Response	<ul> <li>P391 - Collect spillage.</li> <li>P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.</li> <li>P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.</li> <li>P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.</li> <li>P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.</li> <li>Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.</li> <li>P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.</li> </ul>
Storage	: P403 + P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	<ul> <li>P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.</li> </ul>

Other hazards which do not : None known.

result in classification

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

Product name	% (w/w)	CAS number	Туре
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	≥25 - ≤50	1675-54-3	[1]
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane, reaction products with fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers	≥10 - ≤25	67989-52-0	[1]
glycidyl ether of 3-alkyl phenol	≤10	68413-24-1	[1]
Phenol, methylstyrenated	≤5	68512-30-1	[1]
xylene	≤5	1330-20-7	[1] [2]
silane, trimethyoxy[3-(oxiranyl-methoxy)propyl]-	<3	2530-83-8	[1]
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	≤3	64742-95-6	[1]

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

		5	
物品名稱	% (w/w)	化學文摘社登記號碼(CAS No.)	類型
環氧樹脂 (MW <sub>≤</sub> 700)	≥25 - ≤50	1675-54-3	[1]
C18-不饱和脂肪酸二聚体与4,4'-(1-甲基亚乙基)联 (二)苯酚和氯甲基环氧乙烷的聚合物	≥10 - ≤25	67989-52-0	[1]
Cashew, nutshell liq., oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane	≤10	68413-24-1	[1]
Phenol, methylstyrenated	≤5	68512-30-1	[1]
二甲苯	≤5	1330-20-7	[1] [2]
[3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl]trimethoxysilane	<3	2530-83-8	[1]
輕質芳香烴石腦油	≤3	64742-95-6	[1]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

#### **Type**

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health ef	fects
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Date of issue/Date of revision

# Section 4. First aid measures

Over-exposure signs/symp	<u>otoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Indication of immediate med	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.
Methods and material for con	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	
Protective measures :	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general : occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, : including any incompatibilities	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name			Exposure limits			
xylene			TW Minstry of Labor, labor permissible workplace exposure standards, allowa concentration (Taiwan, 3/2018). [xylene STEL: 542.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.			
Biological exposure indices No exposure indices known.						
Appropriate engineering controls	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. ventilation or other engineering cor contaminants below any recommen also need to keep gas, vapour or d limits. Use explosion-proof ventilat	trols to keep worker exp nded or statutory limits. ust concentrations below	osure to airbo The engineeri	rne ng conti	rols
ndividual protection measu	<u>res</u>					
Respiratory protection	:	Based on the hazard and potential appropriate standard or certification respiratory protection program to e aspects of use.	n. Respirators must be u	used according	g to a	
Hand protection	:	There is no one glove material or corresistance to any individual or com The breakthrough time must be great The instructions and information prostorage, maintenance and replacer Gloves should be replaced regularly material. Always ensure that gloves are free correctly. The performance or effectiveness of damage and poor maintenance. Barrier creams may help to protect applied once exposure has occurre Wear suitable gloves tested to ISO May be used, gloves(breakthrough mm), neoprene (> 0.35 mm), butyl Recommended, gloves(breakthrough mm), Teflon (> 0.35 mm), nitrile rule For right choice of glove materials, penetration, seek advice by the su The user must check that the final product is the most appropriate and use, as included in the user's risk a	bination of chemicals. eater than the end use tin ovided by the glove man nent must be followed. y and if there is any sign from defects and that th of the glove may be redu the exposed areas of th ed. 374-1:2016. time) 4 - 8 hours: polyvi rubber (> 0.4 mm), PVC gh time) > 8 hours: 4H/S ober (> 0.75 mm) with focus on chemical resista choice of type of glove s d takes into account the	ne of the prod ufacturer on u of damage to ey are stored iced by physic e skin but sho nyl alcohol (P\ (> 0.5 mm) ilver Shield® ( resistance and ant gloves. elected for har	uct. se, the glo and use al/chem uld not /A) (> 0 (> 0.07 time of ndling th	ve ed be ).3 f
Eye protection	:	Safety eyewear complying to ISO 1 assessment indicates this is neces gases or dusts. If contact is possibul unless the assessment indicates a goggles.	6321-1:2022 should be sary to avoid exposure to le, the following protection	o liquid splash on should be v	es, mist vorn,	
Body protection		Use chemical-resistant protective s Personal protective equipment for being performed and the risks invo before handling this product. Whe wear anti-static protective clothing. discharges, clothing should include	he body should be select lved and should be appro- n there is a risk of ignitio For the greatest protect anti-static overalls, boot	oved by a spe n from static e tion from static ts and gloves.	cialist lectricity c	
Other skin protection	-	Appropriate footwear and any addit selected based on the task being p approved by a specialist before has	erformed and the risks i			Э
Date of issue/Date of revision		: 25.11.2024 Date of previous issue	: 26.06.2024	Version :	1 12	6/13

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Hygiene measures**

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Colour	: Grey, Red, Yellowish-brown., Black, Green.
Odour	: Characteristic. [Strong]
Odour threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not applicable.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not applicable.
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	: Not available.
Flash point	: Closed cup: 44°C (111.2°F)
Flammability	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	: Greatest known range: Lower: 1.4% Upper: 7.6% (hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics)
Vapour pressure	:

	Va	Vapour Pressure at 20°C		V	apour pres	ssure at 50°C
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
ethylbenzene	9.30076	1.2				
butan-1-ol	<7.50064	<1	DIN EN 13016-2			
xylene	6.7	0.89				
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	2.5	0.33				
dimethyl sulfoxide	0.42	0.056	EU A.4			
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	0.22502 to 0.45004	0.03 to 0.06				
2,6-ditert-butyl-p-cresol	0.00825	0.0011				
silane, trimethyoxy[3-(oxiranyl- methoxy)propyl]-	0.0082	0.0011				
Phenol, methylstyrenated	0.0075	0.001	OECD 104			
glycidyl ether of 3-alkyl phenol	0.000000012	0.000000016				
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	0	0				
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane, reaction products with fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers	0 to 0.000000002	0 to 0.0000000027				
talc (non-asbestos form)	0	0				
12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine	0	0				
propylidynetrimethanol	0	0				
ate of issue/Date of revision	: 25.11.2	024 Date of p	previous issue	: 26.06.2024		Version : 1.12

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

R	elative vapour density	: Not available.			
D	ensity	: 1.29	93 to 1.39 g/cm <sup>3</sup>		
S	olubility(ies)	:			
	Media		Result		
	cold water hot water		Not soluble Not soluble		
-	and the second second second second	- NI.4	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

#### Partition coefficient: noctanol/water

### : Not applicable.

#### **Auto-ignition temperature**

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method	
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	>220	>428		
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	280 to 470	536 to 878		
dimethyl sulfoxide	300 to 302	572 to 575.6		
butan-1-ol	355	671	EU A.15	
glycidyl ether of 3-alkyl phenol	375	707	EU A.15	
silane, trimethyoxy[3-(oxiranyl-methoxy)propyl]-	400	752	DIN 51794	
Phenol, methylstyrenated	>385	>725	DIN 51794	
xylene	432	809.6		
ethylbenzene	432.22	810		

#### Viscosity : Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >20.5 mm<sup>2</sup>/s (>20.5 cSt)

#### **Particle characteristics** Median particle size

: Not applicable.

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

	-
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral		20 g/kg 15600 mg/kg	-
xylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour LD50 Oral	Rat		4 hours -
	TDLo Dermal		4300 mg/kg	-

Date of issue/Date of revision

# Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
Phenol, methylstyrenated	Skin - Mild irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit Rat	-	87 milligrams 8 hours 60 microliters	-
silane, trimethyoxy[3- (oxiranyl-methoxy)propyl]-	Eyes - Irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-

#### **Sensitisation**

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising
glycidyl ether of 3-alkyl phenol	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising
Phenol, methylstyrenated	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name		Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result	
5	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	

#### Information on likely routes : Not available. of exposure

# Potential acute health effectsEye contact: Causes serious eye irritation.

Date	of	issue	/Date	of	revision
Jaie	01	13306	Date	01	revision

# Section 11. Toxicological information

Inhalation	lo known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Skin contact	auses skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
Ingestion	lo known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Symptoms related to the phy	, chemical and toxicological characteristics	
Eye contact	dverse symptoms may include the following: ain or irritation vatering edness	
Inhalation	lo specific data.	
Skin contact	dverse symptoms may include the following: ritation edness	
Ingestion	o specific data.	
Delayed and immediate effect	well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure	
Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	lot available.	
Potential delayed effects	lot available.	
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	lot available.	
Potential delayed effects	lot available.	
Potential chronic health eff		
Not available.		
General	Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subseque overy low levels.	ntly exposed
Carcinogenicity	lo known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Mutagenicity	lo known significant effects or critical hazards.	

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Jotamastic Smart Pack HB Comp A	N/A	32924.6	N/A	329.2	N/A
xylene	N/A	1100	N/A	11	N/A

# Section 12. Ecological information

**Toxicity** 

# Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	Acute EC50 1.4 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3.1 mg/l	Fish - pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.3 mg/l	Fish	21 days
xylene	Acute LC50 8500 μg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics		Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute IC50 <10 mg/l Acute LC50 <10 mg/l	Algae Fish	72 hours 96 hours

#### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700) xylene	-		Not readily Readilv
silane, trimethyoxy[3- (oxiranyl-methoxy)propyl]-	-		Not readily
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	-	-	Not readily

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	2.64 to 3.78	31	low
Phenol, methylstyrenated	3.627	-	low
xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	-	10 to 2500	high

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	Paint	Paint. Marine pollutant (epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700))	Paint
Transport hazard class(es)	3		3
Packing group	111		111
Environmental hazards	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark not required.	k is Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Additional information	tion		
ADR/RID	: Tunnel restrict Hazard identifi	tion code: (D/E) ication number: 30	
IMDG	The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or <u>Emergency schedules</u> F-E, S-E		
ΙΑΤΑ	<ul> <li>The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.</li> </ul>		
Special precautions	upright and se	thin user's premises: always transp cure. Ensure that persons transportin accident or spillage.	
Transport in bulk a to IMO instruments			

### Section 15. Regulatory information

#### **TCCSCA List of toxic chemicals**

Not applicable.

#### **TCCSCA List of concerned chemicals**

Not applicable.

**OSHA Enforcement Rules** : This product contains substances "Specially hazardous to health": xylene, butan-1-ol. **Article 28** 

#### Priority management chemicals, Article 2

CMR chemical substances, category 1 (Article 2.2 (I))

: Applicable

#### International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals Not listed.

#### **Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals Not listed.

## Section 16. Other information

Procedure used to derive the classification

	Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 AQUATIC TOXICITY (CHRONIC) - Category 2		On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method
References	: Not available.	
Organisation that prepared the SDS	: Jotun AS, Norway +47 33 45 70 00	
<u>History</u>		
Date of printing	: 25.11.2024	
Date of previous issue	: 26.06.2024	
Version	: 1.12	
Key to abbreviations	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations	

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

The information in this document is given to the best of Jotun's knowledge, based on laboratory testing and practical experience. Jotun's products are considered as semi-finished goods and as such, products are often used under conditions beyond Jotun's control. Jotun cannot guarantee anything but the quality of the product itself. Minor product variations may be implemented in order to comply with local requirements. Jotun reserves the right to change the given data without further notice.

Users should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.