

### Jotafix PU Topcoat Comp B

Section 1. Identi	fication
GHS product identifier	: Jotafix PU Topcoat Comp B
Product code	: 36903
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product type	: Liquid.
Product description	: Hardener. Paint.
Relevant identified uses o	f the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Use in coatings - Industria	
Use in coatings - Profess	ional use
Supplier's details	: 佐敦涂料(张家港)有限公司 江苏省张家港保税区扬子江化学工业园长江路15号 215634 电话: +86 512 58937988 传真: +86 512 58937986
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	SDSJotun@jotun.com
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: Jotun Coatings (Taiwan) Ltd. Co. Tel: +886 2 87705061
Section 2. Hazar	ds identification
Classification of the substance or mixture	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 3 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms



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: Warning.

Signal word

Date of issue/Date of revision

## Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements	1226 - Flammable liquid and vapour. 1316 - Causes mild skin irritation. 1317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. 1332 - Harmful if inhaled. 1335 - May cause respiratory irritation.	
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	280 - Wear protective gloves. 210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other igniti sources. No smoking. 2261 - Avoid breathing vapour.	ion
Response	P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwe P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.	ell.
Storage	2403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. 2403 + P235 - Keep cool.	
Disposal	P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.	
Other hazards which do not	None known	

Other hazards which do not : None known. result in classification

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

Product name	% (w/w)	CAS number	Туре
hexane, 1,6-diisocyanato-, homopolymer	≥50 - ≤75	28182-81-2	[1]
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	≥10 - <20	108-65-6	[1]
xylene	<10	1330-20-7	[1] [2]
ethylbenzene	≤5	100-41-4	[1] [2]
产品名称	% (w/w)	CAS号码	类型
聚六亚甲基二异氰酸酯	≥50 - ≤75	28182-81-2	[1]
2-甲氧基-1-甲基乙基醋酸酯	≥10 - <20	108-65-6	[1]
二甲苯	<10	1330-20-7	[1] [2]
乙苯	$\leqslant 5$	100-41-4	[1] [2]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

#### **Type**

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures			
Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. If irritation persists, get medical attention.		
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.		
Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.		
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.		

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects			
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.		
Skin contact	: Causes mild skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.		
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Over-exposure signs/symptoms			
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness		
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing		
Skin contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness		
Ingestion	No specific data.		
Indication of immediate medic	al attention and special treatment needed, if necessary		
Notes to physician	In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.		
Specific treatments	No specific treatment.		

## Section 4. First aid measures

Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it
	is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate
	mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person
	providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing
	thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and material for cor	ntai	inment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.
Date of issue/Date of revision		: 14.08.2023 Date of previous issue : 18.07.2023 Version : 1.02 4/12

## Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	
Protective measures	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### Control parameters

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits	
xylene ethylbenzene	TW Minstry of Labor, labor permissible workplace exposure standards, allowable concentration (Taiwan, 3/2018). STEL: 542.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TW Minstry of Labor, labor permissible workplace exposure standards, allowable concentration (Taiwan, 3/2018). STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 542.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.	

#### **Biological exposure indices**

No exposure indices known.

Appropriate engineering	1
controls	

Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

#### **Individual protection measures**

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
Hand protection	<ul> <li>There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals. The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.</li> <li>Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly. The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.</li> <li>Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.</li> <li>Wear suitable gloves tested to ISO 374-1:2016.</li> </ul>
	Not recommended, gloves (breakthrough time) < 1 hour: neoprene (> 0.35 mm) May be used, gloves(breakthrough time) 4 - 8 hours: butyl rubber (> 0.4 mm), PVC (> 0.5 mm) Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: Viton® (> 0.7 mm), nitrile rubber (> 0.4 mm), 4H/Silver Shield® (> 0.07 mm), Teflon (> 0.35 mm), polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) (> 0.3 mm)
	For right choice of glove materials, with focus on chemical resistance and time of penetration, seek advice by the supplier of chemical resistant gloves.
	The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.
Eye protection	: Safety eyewear complying to ISO 16321-1:2022 should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Colour	: Clear.

Date of issue/Date of revision

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Odour	: Characteristic.
Odour threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not applicable.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not applicable.
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	: Not available.
Flash point	: Closed cup: 38°C (100.4°F)
Flammability	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	: 0.8 - 7%

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#### Vapour pressure

	V	Vapour Pressure at 20°C			Vapour pressure at 50°C		
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method	
ethylbenzene	9.3	1.2					
xylene	6.7	0.89					
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	2.7	0.36	OECD 104				
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	0.01	0.0013					
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	0.000018	0.0000024	EU A.4				
elative vapour density	: Not ava	ailable.		·			
ensity	: 1.07 g/	cm³					
olubility(ies)	1						

Media	Result
	Not soluble Not soluble

## Partition coefficient: n- : Not applicable. octanol/water

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#### Auto-ignition temperature

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method	
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	333	631.4	DIN 51794	
xylene	432	809.6		
ethylbenzene	432.22	810		
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	454	849.2		

# Decomposition temperature: Not available.Viscosity: Not available.Particle characteristics

#### Median particle size : Not applicable.

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

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Chemical stability	:	The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	:	Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

Date of issue/Date of revision

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:
	oxidising materials

- Hazardous decomposition products
- : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8532 mg/kg	-
xylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	20 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Dermal	Rabbit	4300 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat - Male	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
hexane, 1,6-diisocyanato-, homopolymer	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
xylene	Skin - Moderate irritant Eyes - Mild irritant Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit Rabbit Rat	-	500 mg 87 milligrams 8 hours 60	-
		Nat	-	microliters	-

#### **Sensitisation**

••••••	Route of exposure	Species	Result
hexane, 1,6-diisocyanato-, homopolymer	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
hexane, 1,6-diisocyanato-, homopolymer 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate xylene	Category 3 Category 3 Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name		Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs

#### Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on likely routes of exposure	:	Not available.		
Potential acute health effects				
Eye contact	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Inhalation	:	Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.		
Skin contact	:	Causes mild skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.		
Ingestion	;	No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics				
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness		

	reaness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effect	<u>ts:</u>	as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure
Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	1	Not available.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	1	Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	ec	<u>'S</u>
Not available.		
General	:	Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity Acute toxicity estimates

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Jotafix PU Topcoat Comp B hexane, 1,6-diisocyanato-, homopolymer	N/A N/A	11733.3 N/A	N/A N/A	155.2 N/A	2.0 1.5
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	8532	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
xylene ethylbenzene	N/A N/A	1100 N/A	N/A N/A	20 17.8	N/A N/A

## Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
xylene	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute LC50 13400 μg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 7700 μg/l Marine water Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l Acute LC50 4.2 mg/l	Fish - Pimephales promelas Algae - Skeletonema costatum Daphnia Fish	96 hours 96 hours 48 hours 96 hours

#### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
xylene ethylbenzene	-		Readily Readily

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
hexane, 1,6-diisocyanato-, homopolymer	5.54	367.7	low
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1.2	-	low
xylene ethylbenzene	3.12 3.6	8.1 to 25.9 -	low low

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

#### Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14.	i i ansport intornati	•	
	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1866	UN1866	UN1866
UN proper shipping name	Resin solution	Resin solution	Resin solution
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group			
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
IMDG	: <u>Emergency sche</u>	dules F-E. S-E	
Transport in bulk a	IMDG: Viscous su (applicable to rece s for user : Transport within upright and secure the event of an ac ccording : Not available.	bstance. Transport in accord eptacles < 450 litre capacity user's premises: always tra e. Ensure that persons transp	ansport in closed containers that are
Transport in bulk a to IMO instruments Section 15. I	IMDG: Viscous su (applicable to rece for user : Transport within upright and secure the event of an ac ccording : Not available. Regulatory informa	bstance. Transport in accord eptacles < 450 litre capacity <b>user's premises:</b> always tra e. Ensure that persons transp cident or spillage.	). ansport in closed containers that are
Transport in bulk a to IMO instruments	IMDG: Viscous su (applicable to rece for user : Transport within upright and secure the event of an ac ccording : Not available. Regulatory informa	bstance. Transport in accord eptacles < 450 litre capacity <b>user's premises:</b> always tra e. Ensure that persons transp cident or spillage.	).
Transport in bulk at to IMO instruments Section 15. I	IMDG: Viscous su (applicable to rece s for user : Transport within upright and secure the event of an ac ccording : Not available. Regulatory informa ic chemicals	bstance. Transport in accord eptacles < 450 litre capacity <b>user's premises:</b> always tra e. Ensure that persons transp cident or spillage.	). ansport in closed containers that are porting the product know what to do in
Transport in bulk at to IMO instruments Section 15. I TCCSCA List of tox Not applicable. TCCSCA List of con Not applicable. OSHA Enforcement Article 28	IMDG: Viscous su (applicable to rece s for user : Transport within upright and secure the event of an ac ccording : Not available. Regulatory informa ic chemicals neerned chemicals	bstance. Transport in accord eptacles < 450 litre capacity user's premises: always tra e. Ensure that persons transp cident or spillage. tion	). ansport in closed containers that are porting the product know what to do in
Transport in bulk at to IMO instruments Section 15. I TCCSCA List of tox Not applicable. TCCSCA List of con Not applicable. OSHA Enforcement Article 28 Organic solvent po prevention rule	IMDG: Viscous su (applicable to rece s for user : Transport within upright and secure the event of an ac ccording : Not available. Regulatory informa ic chemicals neerned chemicals : Rules : This product conta isoning : Type 2 nt chemicals, Article 2	bstance. Transport in accord eptacles < 450 litre capacity user's premises: always tra- e. Ensure that persons transp cident or spillage. tion	). ansport in closed containers that are porting the product know what to do in
Transport in bulk at to IMO instruments Section 15. I TCCSCA List of tox Not applicable. TCCSCA List of cor Not applicable. OSHA Enforcement Article 28 Organic solvent po prevention rule Priority management CMR chemical sub	IMDG: Viscous su (applicable to rece s for user : Transport within upright and secure the event of an ac ccording : Not available. Regulatory informa ic chemicals ic chemicals recerned chemicals : Rules : This product conta isoning : Type 2 int chemicals, Article 2 ostances, category 1 (Article 2	bstance. Transport in accord eptacles < 450 litre capacity user's premises: always tra- e. Ensure that persons transpicted or spillage. tion	). ansport in closed containers that are porting the product know what to do in azardous to health": xylene.
Transport in bulk at to IMO instruments Section 15. I TCCSCA List of tox Not applicable. TCCSCA List of con Not applicable. OSHA Enforcement Article 28 Organic solvent po prevention rule Priority management CMR chemical sub	IMDG: Viscous su (applicable to rece s for user : Transport within upright and secure the event of an ac ccording : Not available. Regulatory informa ic chemicals neerned chemicals : Rules : This product conta isoning : Type 2 nt chemicals, Article 2	bstance. Transport in accord eptacles < 450 litre capacity user's premises: always tra- e. Ensure that persons transpicted or spillage. tion	). ansport in closed containers that are porting the product know what to do in azardous to health": xylene.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

#### International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals Not listed.

#### **Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

#### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

### Section 16. Other information

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

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	Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 3 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3		On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method
References	: Not available.	
Organisation that prepared the SDS	: Jotun AS, Norway +47 33 45 70 00	
<u>History</u>		
Date of printing	: 14.08.2023	
Date of previous issue	: 18.07.2023	
Version	: 1.02	
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classificati IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition of MARPOL = International Convention for the Prever 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpo N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations	coefficient ntion of Pollution From Ships,

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

The information in this document is given to the best of Jotun's knowledge, based on laboratory testing and practical experience. Jotun's products are considered as semi-finished goods and as such, products are often used under conditions beyond Jotun's control. Jotun cannot guarantee anything but the quality of the product itself. Minor product variations may be implemented in order to comply with local requirements. Jotun reserves the right to change the given data without further notice.

Users should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.