## SAFETY DATA SHEET



## Jotafix PU Topcoat Comp B

| Section 1. Chem   | nical product and company identification  |
|---|---|
| Product name  | : Jotafix PU Topcoat Comp B   |
| Product code  | : 36903   |
| Product type  | : Liquid.   |
| Product description   | : Hardener. Paint.  |
| Relevant identified uses of Use in coatings - Industrial Use in coatings - Profession |   |
| Supplier's details  | : Chokwang Jotun Ltd. 30th Block Jisa science park, 1205 Jisa-dong, Gangseo-ku,<br>Busan, South Korea<br>Tel: + 82 51 797 6000<br>Fax: + 82 51 711 7735 |
|   | 朝光 JOTUN 株式會社 大韓民國 釜山廣域市 江西區 科學産團 1路 96 (智士洞)<br>Tel: + 86 535 3088 586<br>Fax: + 82 51 711 7735  |
|   | SDSJotun@jotun.com  |
| Emergency telephone<br>number (with hours of<br>operation)                            | : +86 535 3088 586  |

## Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture according to GB 13690-2009 and GB 30000-2013

| Classification of the substance or mixture     | : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3<br>ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Cat<br>SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - C<br>SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1<br>CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2<br>SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXIC<br>irritation) - Category 3<br>SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC | egory 4<br>Category 3<br>CITY - SINGLE EXPO |                | act  |
|--|--|---|----------------|------|
| <u>GHS label elements</u><br>Hazard pictograms |  | •   |                |      |
| Signal word                                    | : Warning.   |   |                |      |
| Date of issue/Date of revision                 | : 27.11.2024 Date of previous issue  | : 05.07.2024                                | Version : 1.05 | 1/13 |

## Section 2. Hazards identification

| Hazard statements             | : | <ul> <li>H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.</li> <li>H316 - Causes mild skin irritation.</li> <li>H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.</li> <li>H332 - Harmful if inhaled.</li> <li>H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.</li> <li>H351 - Suspected of causing cancer.</li> <li>H402 - Harmful to aquatic life.</li> </ul>  |
|-------------------------------|---|--|
| Precautionary statements      |   |  |
| General                       | 1 | Not applicable.  |
| Prevention                    | : | <ul> <li>P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.</li> <li>P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.</li> <li>P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.</li> <li>P273 - Avoid release to the environment.</li> <li>P261 - Avoid breathing vapour.</li> </ul>  |
| Response                      | : | <ul> <li>P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.</li> <li>P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.</li> <li>P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.</li> <li>P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.</li> <li>P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.</li> </ul> |
| Storage                       | : | P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.<br>P403 + P235 - Keep cool.   |
| Disposal                      | : | P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.   |
| Physical and chemical hazards | : | Flammable liquid and vapour.   |
| Health hazards                | : | Causes mild skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Harmful if inhaled.<br>May cause respiratory irritation. Suspected of causing cancer.  |

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

| Substance/mixture | : Mixture        |
|-------------------|------------------|
| Other means of    | : Not available. |
| identification    |                  |

| Ingredient name                        | %   | CAS number |
|--|-----|------------|
| hexane, 1,6-diisocyanato-, homopolymer | ≤75 | 28182-81-2 |
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate        | <20 | 108-65-6   |
| xylene                                 | <10 | 1330-20-7  |
| ethylbenzene                           | ≤5  | 100-41-4   |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower Eye contact eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. Skin contact : Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been Ingestion swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

| Potential acute health effe    | <u>cts</u>  |  |  |
|--------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Eye contact                    | : No known significant effects or critical hazards.   |  |  |
| Inhalation                     | : Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.   |  |  |
| Skin contact                   | : Causes mild skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.   |  |  |
| Ingestion                      | : No known significant effects or critical hazards.   |  |  |
| Over-exposure signs/sym        | <u>otoms</u>  |  |  |
| Eye contact                    | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>pain or irritation<br>watering<br>redness  |  |  |
| Inhalation                     | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>respiratory tract irritation<br>coughing   |  |  |
| Skin contact                   | Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>irritation<br>redness  |  |  |
| Ingestion                      | : No specific data.   |  |  |
| Indication of immediate me     | dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary  |  |  |
| Notes to physician             | : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.<br>The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.  |  |  |
| Specific treatments            | : No specific treatment.  |  |  |
| Protection of first-aiders     | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. |  |  |
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## Section 4. First aid measures

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Firefighting measures

| Extinguishing media                               |  |
|---|--|
| Suitable extinguishing media                      | : Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.   |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media                    | : Do not use water jet.  |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical        | : Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.<br>In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with<br>the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life. Fire<br>water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being<br>discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain. |
| Hazardous thermal decomposition products          | : Decomposition products may include the following materials:<br>carbon dioxide<br>carbon monoxide<br>nitrogen oxides  |
| Special protective actions for fire-fighters      | : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.   |
| Special protective<br>equipment for fire-fighters | : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.  |

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

| Personal precautions, protect  | iv  | e equipment and emergency procedures   |
|--------------------------------|-----|--|
| For non-emergency<br>personnel | :   | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.<br>Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from<br>entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources.<br>No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist.<br>Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is<br>inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. |
| For emergency responders       | :   | If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".  |
| Environmental precautions      | :   | Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains<br>and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental<br>pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful<br>to the environment if released in large quantities.  |
| Methods and material for con   | tai | nment and cleaning up  |

 Small spill
 Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

| Large spill | : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent |
|-------------|---|
|             | material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.  |

## Section 7. Handling and storage

| Precautions for safe handling                                      | L |  |
|--|---|--|
| Protective measures  | : | Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. |
| Advice on general<br>occupational hygiene                          | : | Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.  |
| Conditions for safe storage,<br>including any<br>incompatibilities | : | Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.   |
|  |   |  |

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

| Ingredient name        | Exposure limits  |
|------------------------|--|
| xylene<br>ethylbenzene | <b>GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022). [Xylene]</b><br>PC-STEL: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.<br>PC-TWA: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br><b>GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022).</b><br>PC-TWA: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br>PC-STEL: 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. |

#### **Biological exposure indices**

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| Ingredient name                  |   | Exposure indices  |  |
|----------------------------------|---|---|--|
| xylene                           |   | <b>GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022)</b><br>BEI: 0.4 g/L, methylhippuric acids [in urine].<br>Sampling time: end of work shift.<br>BEI: 0.3 g/g Cr, methylhippuric acids [in<br>urine]. Sampling time: end of work shift.  |  |
| ethylbenzene                     |   | <b>GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022)</b><br>BEI: 0.8 g/g Cr, mandelic acid and<br>phenylglyoxylic acid (MA and PGA) [in urine].<br>Sampling time: end of work shift.   |  |
| Appropriate engineering controls | ventilation or other<br>contaminants belo<br>also need to keep  | quate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust<br>engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne<br>w any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls<br>gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive<br>ion-proof ventilation equipment.   |  |
| Environmental exposure controls  | they comply with tl<br>cases, fume scrub  | Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure<br>they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some<br>cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process<br>equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.                                       |  |
| Individual protection measu      | res   |   |  |
| Hygiene measures                 | eating, smoking ar<br>Appropriate techni<br>Contaminated wor<br>contaminated cloth  | arms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before<br>nd using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.<br>ques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing.<br>k clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash<br>ning before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety<br>to the workstation location. |  |
| Eye/face protection              | assessment indica<br>gases or dusts. If   | mplying to ISO 16321-1:2022 should be used when a risk<br>ites this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists,<br>contact is possible, the following protection should be worn,<br>ment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash   |  |
| Skin protection                  |   |   |  |
| Hand protection                  | resistance to any i<br>The breakthrough<br>The instructions an<br>storage, maintena<br>Gloves should be<br>material.<br>Always ensure tha<br>correctly.<br>The performance<br>damage and poor<br>Barrier creams ma<br>applied once expo | ay help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be sure has occurred.   |  |
|                                  | Not recommended<br>May be used, glov<br>(> 0.5 mm)<br>Recommended, gl   | ves tested to ISO 374-1:2016.<br>I, gloves(breakthrough time) < 1 hour: neoprene (> 0.35 mm)<br>es(breakthrough time) 4 - 8 hours: butyl rubber (> 0.4 mm), PVC<br>oves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: Viton® (> 0.7 mm), nitrile<br>n), 4H/Silver Shield® (> 0.07 mm), Teflon (> 0.35 mm), polyvinyl<br>.3 mm)  |  |
|                                  |   | glove materials, with focus on chemical resistance and time of advice by the supplier of chemical resistant gloves.   |  |

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

|                        | The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this<br>product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of<br>use, as included in the user's risk assessment.   |
|------------------------|---|
| Body protection        | : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task<br>being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist<br>before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity,<br>wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static<br>discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. |
| Other skin protection  | Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be<br>selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be<br>approved by a specialist before handling this product.   |
| Respiratory protection | : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.  |

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

| Appearance  |   |  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|--|
| Physical state  | : | Liquid.  |  |  |
| Colour  | 1 | Clear.   |  |  |
| Odour   | 1 | Characteristic.  |  |  |
| Odour threshold   | : | Not applicable.  |  |  |
| рН  | 1 | Not applicable.  |  |  |
| Melting point/freezing point                            | : | Not applicable.  |  |  |
| Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range | 1 | Lowest known value: 136.1°C (277°F) (ethylbenzene). Weighted average: 140.97°C (285.7°F)                             |  |  |
| Flash point   | : | Closed cup: 38°C (100.4°F)   |  |  |
| Evaporation rate  | : | Highest known value: 0.84 (ethylbenzene) Weighted average: 0.54compared with butyl acetate                           |  |  |
| Flammability  | : | Not applicable.  |  |  |
| Lower and upper explosion<br>limit/flammability limit   | : | Greatest known range: Lower: 0.8% Upper: 6.7% (xylene)   |  |  |
| Vapour pressure   | : | Highest known value: 1.2 kPa (9.3 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (ethylbenzene). Weighted average: 0.17 kPa (1.28 mm Hg) (at 20°C) |  |  |
| Relative vapour density                                 | : | Highest known value: 4.6 (Air = 1) (2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate). Weighted average: 4.15 (Air = 1)               |  |  |
| Density   | : | 1.07 g/cm <sup>3</sup>   |  |  |
| Solubility(ies)   | : |  |  |  |
| Media   |   | Result   |  |  |
| cold water<br>hot water                                 |   | Not soluble<br>Not soluble   |  |  |
| Solubility in water                                     | : | Not available.   |  |  |
| Partition coefficient: n-<br>octanol/water              | : | Not available.   |  |  |
| Auto-ignition temperature                               | : | Lowest known value: 333°C (631.4°F) (2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate).   |  |  |
| Decomposition temperature                               | 1 | Not available.   |  |  |
| Viscosity   | 1 | Not available.   |  |  |
| Particle characteristics                                |   |  |  |  |
| Median particle size                                    | : | Not applicable.  |  |  |
| No additional information.                              |   |  |  |  |

Date of issue/Date of revision

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

| Reactivity                         | : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.  |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Chemical stability                 | : The product is stable.  |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.   |
| Conditions to avoid                | : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. |
| Incompatible materials             | : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials  |
| Hazardous decomposition products   | <ul> <li>Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products<br/>should not be produced.</li> </ul>  |

## Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name         | Result                 | Species    | Dose        | Exposure |
|---------------------------------|------------------------|------------|-------------|----------|
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | LD50 Dermal            | Rabbit     | >5 g/kg     | -        |
| xylene                          | LD50 Oral              | Rat        | 8532 mg/kg  | -        |
|                                 | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat        | 11 mg/l     | 4 hours  |
|                                 | LD50 Oral              | Rat        | 4300 mg/kg  | -        |
|                                 | TDLo Dermal            | Rabbit     | 4300 mg/kg  | -        |
| ethylbenzene                    | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat - Male | 11 mg/l     | 4 hours  |
|                                 | LD50 Dermal            | Rabbit     | >5000 mg/kg | -        |
|                                 | LD50 Oral              | Rat        | 3500 mg/kg  | -        |

#### Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name                   | Result                                       | Species       | Score | Exposure                                   | Observation |
|---|--|---------------|-------|--|-------------|
| hexane, 1,6-diisocyanato-,<br>homopolymer | Eyes - Moderate irritant                     | Rabbit        | -     | 100 mg                                     | -           |
| volene                                    | Skin - Moderate irritant                     | Rabbit        | -     | 500 mg                                     | -           |
| xylene                                    | Eyes - Mild irritant<br>Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit<br>Rat | -     | 87 milligrams<br>8 hours 60<br>microliters | -           |

#### **Sensitisation**

| •   | Route of<br>exposure | Species                         | Result      |
|---|----------------------|---------------------------------|-------------|
| hexane, 1,6-diisocyanato-,<br>homopolymer | skin                 | Mammal - species<br>unspecified | Sensitising |

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### **Classification**

| Product/ingredient name | IARC |
|-------------------------|------|
| ethylbenzene            | 2B   |

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

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## Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Not available.

**Teratogenicity** 

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Product/ingredient name                   | Category                 | Route of exposure | Target organs                                       |
|---|--------------------------|-------------------|---|
| hexane, 1,6-diisocyanato-, homopolymer    | Category 3               | -                 | Respiratory tract irritation                        |
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate<br>xylene | Category 3<br>Category 3 | -                 | Narcotic effects<br>Respiratory tract<br>irritation |

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Product/ingredient name |            | Route of<br>exposure | Target organs |
|-------------------------|------------|----------------------|---------------|
| ethylbenzene            | Category 2 | -                    | -             |

#### **Aspiration hazard**

| Product/ingredient name | Result   |
|-------------------------|--|
|                         | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1<br>ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

| nformation on likely routes<br>of exposure | :        | Not available.  |
|--|----------|---|
| Potential acute health effects             | <u>s</u> |   |
| Eye contact                                | :        | No known significant effects or critical hazards.   |
| Inhalation                                 | :        | Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.   |
| Skin contact                               | :        | Causes mild skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.   |
| Ingestion                                  | 1        | No known significant effects or critical hazards.   |
|  |          | pain or irritation<br>watering<br>redness   |
| Symptoms related to the phy<br>Eye contact |          | al, chemical and toxicological characteristics<br>Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>pain or irritation |
| Inhalation                                 | :        | Adverse symptoms may include the following:   |
|  |          | respiratory tract irritation  |
|  |          |   |
| Skin contact                               | :        | coughing<br>Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>irritation<br>redness                                    |

| Delayed and immediate effect | <u>s as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure</u> |  |
|------------------------------|---|--|
| <u>Short term exposure</u>   |   |  |
| Potential immediate effects  | : Not available.  |  |
| Potential delayed effects    | : Not available.  |  |
| <u>Long term exposure</u>    |   |  |
| Potential immediate effects  | : Not available.  |  |
| Potential delaved effects    | : Not available.  |  |

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## Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Potential chronic health effects

#### Not available.

| General                               | : Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.                            |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| Carcinogenicity                       | : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.   |
| Mutagenicity<br>Reproductive toxicity | <ul> <li>No known significant effects or critical hazards.</li> <li>No known significant effects or critical hazards.</li> </ul> |

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

| Product/ingredient name                | Oral (mg/<br>kg) | Dermal<br>(mg/kg) | Inhalation<br>(gases)<br>(ppm) | Inhalation<br>(vapours)<br>(mg/l) | Inhalation<br>(dusts<br>and mists)<br>(mg/l) |
|--|------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| Jotafix PU Topcoat Comp B              | N/A              | 11733.3           | N/A                            | 117.3                             | 2.0  |
| hexane, 1,6-diisocyanato-, homopolymer | N/A              | N/A               | N/A                            | N/A                               | 1.5  |
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate        | 8532             | N/A               | N/A                            | N/A                               | N/A  |
| xylene                                 | N/A              | 1100              | N/A                            | 11                                | N/A  |

## Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

| Product/ingredient name | Result  | Species   | Exposure                                     |
|-------------------------|---|---|--|
| xylene                  | Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water   | Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio  | 48 hours                                     |
| ethylbenzene            | Acute LC50 13400 μg/l Fresh water<br>Acute EC50 7700 μg/l Marine water<br>Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l<br>Acute LC50 4.2 mg/l | Fish - Pimephales promelas<br>Algae - Skeletonema costatum<br>Daphnia<br>Fish | 96 hours<br>96 hours<br>48 hours<br>96 hours |

#### Persistence/degradability

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|-------------------------|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| xylene                  | -                 | -          | Readily          |
| ethylbenzene            | -                 | -          | Readily          |

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

| Product/ingredient name                   | LogPow      | BCF              | Potential  |
|---|-------------|------------------|------------|
| hexane, 1,6-diisocyanato-,<br>homopolymer | 5.54        | 367.7            | low        |
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate           | 1.2         | -                | low        |
| xylene<br>ethylbenzene                    | 3.12<br>3.6 | 8.1 to 25.9<br>- | low<br>low |

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Date of issue/Date of revision

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## Section 14. Transport information

|                               | China          | UN             | IMDG           | IATA           |
|-------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| UN number                     | UN1866         | UN1866         | UN1866         | UN1866         |
| UN proper<br>shipping name    | Resin solution | Resin solution | Resin solution | Resin solution |
| Transport hazard<br>class(es) | 3              | 3              | 3              | 3              |
| Packing group                 | Ш              | III            |                | Ш              |
| Environmental<br>hazards      | No.            | No.            | No.            | No.            |

| Additional information                         |   |   |
|--|---|---|
| IMDG   | : | <u>Emergency schedules</u> F-E, <u>S-E</u>  |
|  |   | IMDG: Viscous substance. Transport in accordance with 2.3.2.5 of the IMDG Code (only applicable to receptacles < 450 litre capacity).   |
| ADR / RID                                      | : | Tunnel restriction code: (D/E)<br>Hazard identification number: 30  |
|  |   | ADR/RID: Viscous substance. Not goods of class 3, ref. 2.2.3.1.5 (only applicable to receptacles < 450 litre capacity).   |
| Special precautions for user                   | : | <b>Transport within user's premises:</b> always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage. |
| Extinguishing media                            |   |   |
| Suitable extinguishing media                   | : | Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.  |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media                 | : | Do not use water jet.   |
| Incompatible materials                         | : | Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:<br>oxidising materials   |
| Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments | : | Not available.  |

## Section 15. Regulatory information

#### Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product:

#### Law of the People's Republic of China on the Prevention and Control of Occupational Diseases

Regulations on the Control over Safety of Dangerous Chemicals

Measures for Environmental Management of New Chemical Substances

Law of the People's Republic of China on the Prevention and Control of Environment Pollution Caused by Solid Wastes Safety regulations for the use of chemicals in the workplace

General Rule for Classification and Hazard Communication of Chemicals

Classification and code of dangerous goods

#### List of Goods banned for Importing

None of the components are listed.

#### Drug Precursors Requiring an Import/Export License

None of the components are listed.

#### **Inventory of Hazardous Chemicals**

| Ingredient name | CAS number | Status | Reference<br>number |
|-----------------|------------|--------|---------------------|
| xylene          | 1330-20-7  | Listed | 358                 |
| ethylbenzene    | 100-41-4   | Listed | 2566                |

#### List of Explosive Precursors

None of the components are listed.

#### List of Goods banned for Exporting

None of the components are listed.

#### List of Toxic Chemicals Severely Restricted for Importing & Exporting by China

None of the components are listed.

#### Catalogue and classification of drug precursor chemicals

None of the components are listed.

#### Inventory of highly toxic articles

None of the components are listed.

#### Catalogue of Hazardous Chemicals of Priority Management

None of the components are listed.

#### Catalogue of Occupational Disease Hazard Factors - Dust

None of the components are listed.

#### Catalogue of Occupational Disease Hazard Factors - Chemical Factors

| Ingredient name | Status |
|-----------------|--------|
| xylene          | Listed |
| ethylbenzene    | Listed |

#### International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

#### Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

#### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC) Not listed.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

### UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

## Section 16. Other information

| <u>History</u>                 |   |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Date of printing               | : 27.11.2024  |
| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 27.11.2024  |
| Date of previous issue         | : 05.07.2024  |
| Version                        | : 1.05  |
| Key to abbreviations           | <ul> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate<br/>BCF = Bioconcentration Factor<br/>GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals<br/>IATA = International Air Transport Association<br/>IBC = International Air Transport Association<br/>IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods<br/>LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient<br/>MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,<br/>1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)<br/>N/A = Not available<br/>SGG = Segregation Group<br/>UN = United Nations</li> </ul> |

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

| Classification   | Justification   |
|--|---|
| FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3<br>ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4<br>SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 3<br>SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1<br>CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2<br>SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract<br>irritation) - Category 3<br>SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 | On basis of test data<br>Calculation method<br>Calculation method<br>Calculation method<br>Calculation method<br>Calculation method<br>Calculation method |

#### References

: Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

The information in this document is given to the best of Jotun's knowledge, based on laboratory testing and practical experience. Jotun's products are considered as semi-finished goods and as such, products are often used under conditions beyond Jotun's control. Jotun cannot guarantee anything but the quality of the product itself. Minor product variations may be implemented in order to comply with local requirements. Jotun reserves the right to change the given data without further notice.

Users should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.