

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier	
Product name	: Jotamastic Smart Pack HB Alu Comp A
Product code	: 36922
Product description	: Paint.
Product type	: Liquid.
Other means of identification	: Not available.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Jotun Boya Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. Balabandere Caddesi, Hilpark Suites Sitesi No: 10, İstinye 34460 Sarıyer, İstanbul

Tel. +90 212 279 7878 SDSJotun@jotun.com

Başvurulacak Kişi: Deren Ercan deren.metiner@jotun.com Original preparation date : 20.07.2023

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National Poison Information Center

+90 224 442 82 93 Uludağ Üniversitesi Zehir Danışma Merkezi (www.uludag.edu.tr/uludag/zehir.html) a. ACİL DURUM TELEFONU: Zehirlenme durumlarında gerektiğinde ulusal zehir merkezinin (UZEM) 114 nolu telefonunu arayınız. b. ACİL İLK YARDIM MERKEZİ:112 c. İTFAİYE:110

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to regulation SEA: RG.-10/12/2020-31330

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation SEA: RG.-10/12/2020-31330.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms



SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Signal word		Warning.
Hazard statements	:	H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour. H315 - Causes skin irritation.
		H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.
		H319 - Causes serious eye irritation. H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements		
General	:	Not applicable.
Prevention	:	 P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P273 - Avoid release to the environment. P261 - Avoid breathing vapour.
Response		 P391 - Collect spillage. P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	1	Not applicable.
Disposal	1	P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients	:	2,2-bis[4(2,3-epoksipropoksi)fenil]-propan 4,4'-lsopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro- 2,3-epoxypropane, reaction products with fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers glycidyl ether of 3-alkyl phenol Phenol, methylstyrenated [3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl]trimethoxysilane
Supplemental label elements	:	Contains epoxy constituents. May produce an allergic reaction.
Annex 17 - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:	Not applicable.
Special packaging requirem	en	<u>ts</u>
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings	:	Not applicable.
Tactile warning of danger	1	Not applicable.
2.3 Other hazards		
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB	:	This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	:	None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

: Mixture

Jotamastic Smart Pack HB Alu Comp A

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	SEA: RG10/12/2020-31330	Туре	
♥,2-bis[4(2,3-epoksipropoksi) fenil]-propan	EC: 216-823-5 CAS: 1675-54-3	≥25 - ≤50	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1B, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1]	
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro- 2,3-epoxypropane, reaction products with fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers	EC: 500-180-5 CAS: 67989-52-0	≥10 - ≤25	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1]	
glycidyl ether of 3-alkyl phenol	CAS: 68413-24-1	≤10	Skin Sens. 1, H317	[1]	
Phenol, methylstyrenated	EC: 270-966-8 CAS: 68512-30-1	≤5	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1]	
xylene	EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7	≤5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1] [2]	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	EC: 265-199-0 CAS: 64742-95-6	≤3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1]	
[3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl] trimethoxysilane	EC: 219-784-2 CAS: 2530-83-8	<3	Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	[1]	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs or vPvBs or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact	:	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	:	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

	the second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second se
Potential acute healt	th effects
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs	s/symptoms
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.
4.3 Indication of any i	mmediate medical attention and special treatment needed
Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the	: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.
substance or mixture	In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with
	the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long
	lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and
	prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Hazardous thermal	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide
decomposition products	carbon dioxide
	halogenated compounds
	metal oxide/oxides
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.
6.4 Reference to other sections	: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

See Technical Data Sheet / packaging for further information.

Regulation on the prevention of major industrial accidents and reduction of their effects - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria

	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c	5000 tonne	50000 tonne
E2	200 tonne	500 tonne

7.3 Specific end use(s) Recommendations

: Not available.

: Not available.

Industrial sector specific solutions

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
xylene	TR ISGGM OEL (Turkey, 12/2013). [Xylene (pure and mixed isomers)] Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.

Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

6/18

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Recommended monitoring	: Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following:
procedures	European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the
	assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit
	values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace
	atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment
	of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482
	(Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures
	for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance
	documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be
	required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
2,2-bis[4(2,3-epoksipropoksi)fenil]-	DNEL	Long term Dermal	89.3 µg/kg	General	Systemic
propan			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.5 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.75 mg/	Workers	Systemic
			kg bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term	0.87 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	4.93 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol,	DNEL	Short term Dermal	4.76 ng/	General	Local
oligomeric reaction products with			Cm ²	population	
1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane, reaction					
products with fatty acids,					
C18-unsatd., dimers					
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	4.76 ng/	General	Local
			Cm ²	population	
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	7.9 ng/cm ²	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	7.9 ng/cm ²	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	3.3 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.3 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	5.6 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	5.6 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term	23.5 mg/m ³	General	Local
		Inhalation	U U	population	
	DNEL	Long term	23.5 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	Ū	population	5
	DNEL	Short term	39.2 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	0		
	DNEL	Long term	39.2 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	J.		
	DNEL	Short term	39.2 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	J.		,
	DNEL	Long term	39.2 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	J.		,
glycidyl ether of 3-alkyl phenol	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.31 mg/	General	Systemic
3			kg bw/day	population	-,
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.31 mg/	General	Systemic
		5	kg bw/day	population	,
	DNEL	Long term	0.54 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	,
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.875 mg/	Workers	Systemic
			kg bw/day		,
	DNEL	Long term	3.09 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	2.00 mg/m		
Phenol, methylstyrenated	DNEL	Long term Dermal	16.4 mg/	Workers	Systemic
			kg bw/day		
			l		

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection DNEL 57 mg/m³ Long term General Systemic Inhalation population [Consumers] DNEL Long term Dermal 8 mg/kg General Systemic bw/day population [Consumers] DNEL Long term 28 mg/m³ General Systemic Inhalation population [Consumers] DNEL Long term Oral 4 mg/kg General Systemic bw/day population [Consumers] DNEL Long term Oral 0.2 mg/kg General Systemic bw/day population DNEL 0.348 mg/ Long term General Systemic Inhalation m³ population DNEL Long term 1.41 mg/m Workers Systemic Inhalation DNEL Long term Dermal 1.67 ma/ General Systemic kg bw/day population DNEL Long term Dermal 3.5 mg/kg Workers Systemic bw/day DNEL General xylene Long term Oral 12.5 mg/ Systemic kg bw/day population DNEL General Long term 65.3 mg/m³ Local Inhalation population DNEL Long term General 65.3 mg/m³ Systemic Inhalation population 125 mg/kg DNEL Long term Dermal General Systemic bw/day population 212 mg/kg Workers DNEL Long term Dermal Systemic bw/day DNEL 221 mg/m³ Long term Workers Local Inhalation DNEL Long term 221 mg/m³ Workers Systemic Inhalation DNEL Short term 260 mg/m³ General Local population Inhalation 260 mg/m³ General DNEL Short term Systemic population Inhalation DNEL Short term 442 mg/m³ Workers Local Inhalation DNEL Short term 442 mg/m³ Workers Systemic Inhalation Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light DNEL Long term Dermal 12.5 mg/ Workers Systemic kg bw/day arom. DNEL Long term 151 mg/m³ Workers Systemic Inhalation 7.5 mg/kg DNEL Long term Dermal General Systemic bw/day population [Consumers] DNEL Long term 32 mg/m³ General Systemic Inhalation population [Consumers] DNEL 7.5 mg/kg Long term Oral General Systemic bw/day population [Consumers] [3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl] DNEL 5 mg/kg Long term Oral General Systemic trimethoxysilane bw/day population DNEL Long term Dermal 5 mg/kg General Systemic bw/day population DNEL Long term Dermal 10 mg/kg Workers Systemic bw/day DNEL Long term 17 mg/m³ General Systemic

Date of revision

: 29.11.2023 Original preparation date

al preparation date : 20.07.2023

Version : 1.01

8/18

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	70.5 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	0	General population	Systemic

PNECs

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
2,2-bis[4(2,3-epoksipropoksi)fenil]-propan	Fresh water	0.006 mg/l	-
	Marine	0.0006 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment	10 mg/l	-
	Plant		
	Fresh water sediment	0.996 mg/l	-
	Marine water sediment	0.0996 mg/l	-
	Soil	0.196 mg/l	-
Phenol, methylstyrenated	Fresh water	14 µg/l	-
	Marine	1.4 µg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment	2.4 mg/l	-
	Plant		
	Fresh water sediment	52.9 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	5.3 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	10.5 mg/kg dwt	-
xylene	Fresh water	0.327 mg/l	-
	Marine	0.327 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment	6.58 mg/l	-
	Plant		
	Fresh water sediment	12.46 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	12.46 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	2.31 mg/kg dwt	-

8.2 Exposure controls		
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborn contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any low explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.	e
Individual protection meas	' <u>es</u>	
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical product before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. W contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and sa showers are close to the workstation location.	period. clothing. ash
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying to ISO 16321-1:2022 should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be wo unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical sp goggles.	s, mists, ern,
Skin protection		
Hand protection	 There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unliver resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals. The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the material. Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and correctly. The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should 	ot. e, ne glove nd used
Date of revision	: 29.11.2023 Original preparation date : 20.07.2023 Version : 1.0	9/18

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

	• •
	applied once exposure has occurred.
	Wear suitable gloves tested to ISO 374-1:2016. May be used, gloves(breakthrough time) 4 - 8 hours: polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) (> 0.3 mm), neoprene (> 0.35 mm), butyl rubber (> 0.4 mm), PVC (> 0.5 mm) Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: 4H/Silver Shield® (> 0.07 mm), Teflon (> 0.35 mm), nitrile rubber (> 0.75 mm)
	For right choice of glove materials, with focus on chemical resistance and time of penetration, seek advice by the supplier of chemical resistant gloves.
	The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Colour	: Aluminium, ,Aluminium red toned
Odour	: Characteristic. [Strong]
Odour threshold	: Not applicable.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not applicable.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: Lowest known value: 136.16°C (277.1°F) (xylene). Weighted average: 267.47°C (513.4°F)
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	: 0.43 - 7.6%
Flash point	: Closed cup: 44°C (111.2°F)
Auto-ignition temperature	 Lowest known value: 280 to 470°C (536 to 878°F) (hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics).
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
рН	: Not applicable.
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C): >20.5 mm²/s
Solubility(ies)	:

Media	Result
cold water hot water	Not soluble Not soluble
Partition coefficient: n-octa water	anol/ : Not available.
Vapour pressure	 Highest known value: 0.9 kPa (6.7 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (xylene). Weighted average: 0.09 kPa (0.68 mm Hg) (at 20°C)
	0.77 (xylene) compared with butyl acetate
Density	: 1.326 to 1.342 g/cm ³
Vapour density	 Highest known value: 11.7 (Air = 1) (epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)). Weighted average: 10.87 (Air = 1)
Explosive properties	: Not available.
Oxidising properties	: Not available.
Particle characteristics	
Median particle size	: Not applicable.

9.2 Other information

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity	specific test data related to reactivity available for this	s product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	e product is stable.	
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	der normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous	reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	oid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). D ze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or	
10.5 Incompatible materials	active or incompatible with the following materials: dising materials	
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	der normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous ould not be produced.	decomposition products
Shelf life at 23 °C	24 month(s)	

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
2,2-bis[4 (2,3-epoksipropoksi)fenil]- propan	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	20 g/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Oral LC50 Inhalation Vapour LD50 Oral TDLo Dermal	Mouse Rat Rat Rabbit	15600 mg/kg 20 mg/l 4300 mg/kg 4300 mg/kg	- 4 hours - -

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
<mark>⊮</mark> otamastic Smart Pack HB Alu Comp A	N/A	32534.8	N/A	591.5	N/A
xylene	4300	1100	N/A	20	N/A

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
2,2-bis[4(2,3-epoksipropoksi) fenil]-propan	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
Phenol, methylstyrenated	Skin - Mild irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 microliters	-
[3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl] trimethoxysilane	Eyes - Irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Sensitisation

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
2,2-bis[4(2,3-epoksipropoksi) fenil]-propan	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising
glycidyl ether of 3-alkyl phenol	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising
Phenol, methylstyrenated	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.		
Mutagenicity			
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.		
Carcinogenicity			
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.		
Reproductive toxicity			
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.		
Teratogenicity			
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.		

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
x ylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result	
Kylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	

Information on likely routes : Not available. of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Date of revision

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to th	ne physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness

Ingestion	: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
<u>Long term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	<u>ects</u>
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
General	: Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Other information	: Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Result	Species	Exposure
Acute EC50 1.4 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
Acute LC50 3.1 mg/l	Fish - pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Fish	21 days
Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Acute EC50 <10 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
Acute IC50 <10 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
Acute LC50 <10 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Acute EC50 1.4 mg/l Acute LC50 3.1 mg/l Chronic NOEC 0.3 mg/l Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 <10 mg/l Acute IC50 <10 mg/l	Acute EC50 1.4 mg/lDaphniaAcute LC50 3.1 mg/lFish - pimephales promelasChronic NOEC 0.3 mg/lFishAcute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine waterCrustaceans - PalaemonetesAcute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh waterFish - Pimephales promelasAcute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh waterFish - Pimephales promelasAcute LC50 <10 mg/l

I/Summary : Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
2,2-bis[4(2,3-epoksipropoksi) fenil]-propan	-	-	Not readily
xylene	-	-	Readily
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	-	-	Not readily
[3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl] trimethoxysilane	-	-	Not readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
2,2-bis[4(2,3-epoksipropoksi) fenil]-propan	2.64 to 3.78	31	low
Phenol, methylstyrenated	3.627	-	low
xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	-	10 to 2500	high

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

: No known significant effects or critical hazards. 12.6 Other adverse effects

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

<u>Product</u>	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	: Yes.

Н	laza	ard	ou	IS I	Na	st

	Ye
	10

Waste list

Waste code	Waste code definition
08 01 11*	Waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances
Packaging	•
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Special precautions

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
14.1 UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	Paint	Paint	Paint. Marine pollutant (epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700))	Paint
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3			3
14.4 Packing group	111	111		111
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.

Auditional information	
ADR/RID	 The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. <u>Hazard identification number</u> 30 <u>Tunnel code</u> (D/E)
ADN	The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.
IMDG	 The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. <u>Emergency schedules</u> F-E, <u>S-E</u>
ΙΑΤΑ	: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.
Marking	: The environmental hazardous / marine pollutant mark is only applicable for packages containing more than 5 litres for liquids and 5 kg for solids.
14.6 Special precautions for user	: Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do i the event of an accident or spillage.
14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO	: Not available.

instruments

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Turkey Regulation No. 30105, KKDIK

Annex 14 - List of substances subject to authorization

<u>Annex 14</u>

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex 17 - Restrictions : Not applicable. on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Ozone depleting substances

Not listed.

Regulation on the prevention of major industrial accidents and reduction of their effects

This product is controlled under the Regulation on the prevention of major industrial accidents and reduction of their effects.

Danger criteria

Category	
P5c E2	

EU regulations

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	: Not applicable.
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air	: Listed
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water	: Listed
Prior Informed Consent (P Not listed.	I <u>C) (649/2012/EU)</u>
Persistent Organic Polluta Not listed.	<u>nts</u>
International regulations Chemical Weapon Conven Not listed.	tion List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Date of revision

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

- 15.2 Chemical safety assessment
- : This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate EUH statement = SEA-specific Hazard statement N/A = Not available PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration SGG = Segregation Group
	vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to regulation SEA: RG.-10/12/2020-31330

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of classifications [SEA/GHS]

Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4	
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2	
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3	
Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1	
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2	
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3	
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2	
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1	
Skin Sens. 1B	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1B	
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3	
Date of printing	: 29.11.2023	

Date of revision

SECTION 16: Other information

Date of issue/ Date of revision	: 29.11.2023
Date of previous issue	: 20.07.2023
Version	: 1.01

Contact information of certified author

Responsible Person: Deren Ercan Mail Address: deren.metiner@jotun.com Certificate No: LONCA KDU81/2021.26 Certificate Expiration Date: 14.10.2026

Notice to reader

The information in this document is given to the best of Jotun's knowledge, based on laboratory testing and practical experience. Jotun's products are considered as semi-finished goods and as such, products are often used under conditions beyond Jotun's control. Jotun cannot guarantee anything but the quality of the product itself. Minor product variations may be implemented in order to comply with local requirements. Jotun reserves the right to change the given data without further notice.

Users should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.