# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



#### **Resist 60 Comp A**

### Section 1. Chemical product and company identification

Product name : Resist 60 Comp A

Product code : 38302
Product type : Liquid.
Product description : Paint.

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use in coatings - Professional use

Supplier's details : Chokwang Jotun Ltd. 30th Block Jisa science park, 1205 Jisa-dong, Gangseo-ku,

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Emergency telephone number (with hours of

operation)

: +86 535 3088 586

### Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture according to GB 13690-2009 and GB 30000-2013

Classification of the substance or mixture

: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 3

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3

**GHS label elements** 

Hazard pictograms





Signal word : Danger.

**Hazard statements** : H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H316 - Causes mild skin irritation. H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary statements** 

Date of issue/Date of revision : 27.11.2024 Date of previous issue : 05.07.2024 Version : 1.05 1/14

Resist 60 Comp A

### Section 2. Hazards identification

General

: Not applicable.

**Prevention** 

- : P280 Wear eye or face protection.
  - P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment.

P242 - Use non-sparking tools.

P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges.

P233 - Keep container tightly closed. P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

Response : P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.

Storage: P403 + P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Disposal : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional,

national and international regulations.

**Physical and chemical** 

hazards

: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

**Health hazards**: Causes mild skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation.

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture
Other means of
identification

: Mixture

: Not available.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
ethanol	≤25	64-17-5
1-methoxy-2-propanol	≤8	107-98-2
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	≤7.4	64742-95-6
2-butoxyethanol	≤8.2	111-76-2
propan-2-ol	≤4.4	67-63-0
tetraethyl silicate	≤5	78-10-4
xylene	≤1.7	1330-20-7
ethylbenzene	<1	100-41-4

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

**Description of necessary first aid measures** 

**Eye contact** 

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 27.11.2024 Date of previous issue : 05.07.2024 Version : 1.05 2/14

#### Section 4. First aid measures

#### Inhalatior

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Skin contact

: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

#### Ingestion

: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

**Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact**: Causes mild skin irritation.

**Ingestion**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Ingestion : No specific data.

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments**: No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

#### See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Firefighting measures

#### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.

**Unsuitable extinguishing** 

media

: Do not use water jet.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 27.11.2024 Date of previous issue : 05.07.2024 Version : 1.05 3/14

### Section 5. Firefighting measures

# Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

# Hazardous thermal decomposition products

 Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide

# Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

# Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

#### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

metal oxide/oxides

# For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

#### For emergency responders

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

#### **Environmental precautions**

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

#### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

#### **Small spill**

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

#### Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 27.11.2024 Date of previous issue : 05.07.2024 Version : 1.05 4/14

### Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

#### Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

#### **Advice on general** occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

### including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage, : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and wellventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
ethanol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023).
	STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.
1-methoxy-2-propanol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023).
	STEL: 369 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 184 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
2-butoxyethanol	GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022).
	PC-TWA: 97 mg/m³ 8 hours.
propan-2-ol	GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022).
	PC-TWA: 350 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	PC-STEL: 700 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
tetraethyl silicate	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023).
	TWA: 85 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
xylene	GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022). [Xylene]
	PC-STEL: 100 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	PC-TWA: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
ethylbenzene	GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022).
	PC-TWA: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	PC-STEL: 150 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

#### **Biological exposure indices**

Date of issue/Date of revision : 27.11.2024 : 05.07.2024 Version : 1.05 Date of previous issue

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name	Exposure indices
xylene	GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022)  BEI: 0.4 g/L, methylhippuric acids [in urine].  Sampling time: end of work shift.  BEI: 0.3 g/g Cr, methylhippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of work shift.
ethylbenzene	GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022) BEI: 0.8 g/g Cr, mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid (MA and PGA) [in urine]. Sampling time: end of work shift.

# Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

# **Environmental exposure** controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### **Individual protection measures**

#### **Hygiene measures**

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

#### **Eye/face protection**

: Safety eyewear complying to ISO 16321-1:2022 should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

# Skin protection Hand protection

: There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.

The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.

Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

Wear suitable gloves tested to ISO 374-1:2016.

Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: nitrile rubber (> 0.75 mm), butyl rubber (> 0.4 mm), Viton® (> 0.7 mm), 4H/Silver Shield® (> 0.07 mm) May be used, gloves(breakthrough time) 4 - 8 hours: neoprene (> 0.35 mm), Teflon (> 0.35 mm)

Not recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) < 1 hour: PVC (> 0.5 mm), polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) (> 0.3 mm)

For right choice of glove materials, with focus on chemical resistance and time of penetration, seek advice by the supplier of chemical resistant gloves.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 27.11.2024 Date of previous issue : 05.07.2024 Version : 1.05 6/14

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of

use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

**Body protection** : Use chemical-resistant protective suit / disposable overall.

> Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be

selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be

approved by a specialist before handling this product.

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the **Respiratory protection** 

appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important

aspects of use.

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

#### **Appearance**

**Physical state** : Liquid. Colour : Grey

Odour Characteristic. **Odour threshold** Not applicable. pН : Not applicable. **Melting point/freezing point** : Not applicable.

Boiling point, initial boiling

: Lowest known value: 78.29°C (172.9°F) (ethanol). Weighted average: 118.05°C (244.5°F)

point, and boiling range

Closed cup: 16°C (60.8°F)

Flash point **Evaporation rate** 

: Highest known value: 1.7 (ethanol) Weighted average: 1.19compared with butyl

acetate

**Flammability** 

: Not applicable.

Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit

Greatest known range: Lower: 1.3% Upper: 23% (tetraethyl silicate)

Vapour pressure

: Highest known value: 5.7 kPa (42.9 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (ethanol). Weighted average:

2.8 kPa (21 mm Hg) (at 20°C)

Relative vapour density

: Highest known value: 7.22 (Air = 1) (tetraethyl silicate). Weighted average: 2.87

(Air = 1)

**Density** 

1.294 g/cm<sup>3</sup>

Solubility(ies)

Media	Result
cold water	Partially soluble
hot water	Soluble

Solubility in water Partition coefficient: n: Not available.

octanol/water

: Not available.

**Auto-ignition temperature** 

: Lowest known value: 222°C (431.6°F) (tetraethyl silicate).

**Decomposition temperature** 

Not available.

**Viscosity** 

: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >20.5 mm<sup>2</sup>/s (>20.5 cSt)

**Particle characteristics** 

Median particle size : Not applicable.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 27.11.2024 : 05.07.2024 Version : 1.05 7/14 Date of previous issue

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

No additional information.

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability** 

: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid** 

: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

Incompatible materials

: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

### **Section 11. Toxicological information**

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
ethanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	124700 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
1-methoxy-2-propanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	6600 mg/kg	-
2-butoxyethanol	LD50 Oral	Guinea pig -	1414 mg/kg	-
		Male, Female		
	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male,	1300 mg/kg	-
		Female		
propan-2-ol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5000 mg/kg	-
xylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	11 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Dermal	Rabbit	4300 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat - Male	11 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-

#### **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
ethanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 microliters	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	400 milligrams	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	_	500 mg	-
2-butoxyethanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	_	500 mg	-
propan-2-ol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
tetraethyl silicate	Eyes - Mild irritant	Mammal -	-	-	-

Date of issue/Date of revision : 27.11.2024 Date of previous issue : 05.07.2024 Version : 1.05 8/14

Resist 60 Comp A

## Section 11. Toxicological information

xylene Eyes - Mild irritant Skin - Mild irritant	species unspecified Rabbit Rat	_	87 milligrams 8 hours 60 microliters	- -	
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#### **Sensitisation**

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	IARC
2-butoxyethanol	3
ethylbenzene	2B

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
propan-2-ol	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
tetraethyl silicate	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name		Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	-

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Product/ingredient name	Result
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics xylene ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

**Information on likely routes**: Not available.

of exposure

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

: No known significant effects or critical hazards. Inhalation

**Skin contact** : Causes mild skin irritation.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 27.11.2024 : 05.07.2024 Version : 1.05 9/14 Date of previous issue

## Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

**Ingestion** : No specific data.

#### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects: Not available.

**Long term exposure** 

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

#### **Acute toxicity estimates**

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Resist 60 Comp A	21773.0	93147.7	N/A	44.2	N/A
ethanol	7000	N/A	N/A	124.7	N/A
1-methoxy-2-propanol	6600	13000	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-butoxyethanol	1200	N/A	N/A	3	N/A
propan-2-ol	N/A	12800	N/A	N/A	N/A
tetraethyl silicate	N/A	N/A	N/A	11	N/A
xylene	N/A	1100	N/A	11	N/A

## Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Date of issue/Date of revision : 27.11.2024 Date of previous issue : 05.07.2024 Version : 1.05 10/14

### **Section 12. Ecological information**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	Acute EC50 <10 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute IC50 <10 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute LC50 <10 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
2-butoxyethanol	Acute EC50 1000 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1000 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans -	48 hours
	_	Chaetogammarus marinus -	
		Young	
propan-2-ol	Acute EC50 10100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4200 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Rasbora heteromorpha	96 hours
xylene	Acute LC50 8500 μg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 7700 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

#### Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	-	-	Not readily
xylene	-	-	Readily
ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
ethanol	-0.35	-	low
1-methoxy-2-propanol	<1	-	low
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	-	10 to 2500	high
2-butoxyethanol	0.81	-	low
propan-2-ol	0.05	-	low
tetraethyl silicate	3.18	-	low
xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low
ethylbenzene	3.6	-	low

#### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

#### **Disposal methods**

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 27.11.2024 Date of previous issue : 05.07.2024 Version : 1.05 11/14

### **Section 14. Transport information**

	China	UN	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	Paint	Paint	Paint	Paint
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
Packing group	II	II	II	П
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

#### **Additional information**

IMDG : <u>Emergency schedules</u> F-E, <u>S-E</u>

ADR / RID : Tunnel restriction code: (D/E)
Hazard identification number: 33

Special provisions: 640D

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are

: Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

**Extinguishing media** 

Suitable extinguishing

media

**Unsuitable extinguishing** 

media

: Do not use water jet.

**Incompatible materials**: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

oxidising materials

Transport in bulk according : Not

to IMO instruments

: Not available.

### Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product:

#### Law of the People's Republic of China on the Prevention and Control of Occupational Diseases

Regulations on the Control over Safety of Dangerous Chemicals

Measures for Environmental Management of New Chemical Substances

Law of the People's Republic of China on the Prevention and Control of Environment Pollution Caused by Solid Wastes Safety regulations for the use of chemicals in the workplace

General Rule for Classification and Hazard Communication of Chemicals

Classification and code of dangerous goods

#### List of Goods banned for Importing

None of the components are listed.

#### **Drug Precursors Requiring an Import/Export License**

None of the components are listed.

**Inventory of Hazardous Chemicals** 

Date of issue/Date of revision : 27.11.2024 Date of previous issue : 05.07.2024 Version : 1.05 12/14

Resist 60 Comp A

## Section 15. Regulatory information

Ingredient name	CAS number	Status	Reference number
ethanol 2-butoxyethanol propan-2-ol tetraethyl silicate xylene ethylbenzene	64-17-5 111-76-2 67-63-0 78-10-4 1330-20-7 100-41-4	Listed Listed Listed Listed Listed Listed Listed Listed	107 / 2568 249 111 845 358 2566

#### **List of Explosive Precursors**

None of the components are listed.

#### **List of Goods banned for Exporting**

None of the components are listed.

#### List of Toxic Chemicals Severely Restricted for Importing & Exporting by China

None of the components are listed.

#### Catalogue and classification of drug precursor chemicals

Category	Ingredient name	%	Status
Category 3	Hydrochloric acid	≤0.1	Listed

#### **Inventory of highly toxic articles**

None of the components are listed.

#### Catalogue of Hazardous Chemicals of Priority Management

None of the components are listed.

#### **Catalogue of Occupational Disease Hazard Factors - Dust**

None of the components are listed.

#### **Catalogue of Occupational Disease Hazard Factors - Chemical Factors**

Ingredient name	Status
propan-2-ol	Listed
xylene	Listed

#### **International regulations**

#### Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

#### **Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

#### **Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants**

Not listed.

#### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

#### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 27.11.2024 Date of previous issue : 05.07.2024 Version : 1.05 13/14

#### Section 16. Other information

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**Key to abbreviations** : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2	On basis of test data
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 3	Calculation method
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A	Calculation method
LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3	Calculation method

References : Not available.

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

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If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.

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