

## Balloxy HB Light Comp B

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1 Product identifier

Product name	: Balloxy HB Light Comp B
Product code	: 386
Product description	: Hardener.
Product type	: Liquid.
Other means of identification	: Not available.

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

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#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

##### National Poison Information Center

- +90 224 442 82 93 Uludağ Üniversitesi Zehir Danışma Merkezi ([www.uludag.edu.tr/uludag/zehir.html](http://www.uludag.edu.tr/uludag/zehir.html))  
a. ACİL DURUM TELEFONU: Zehirlenme durumlarında gerektiğinde ulusal zehir merkezinin (UZEM) 114 nolu telefonunu arayınız.  
b. ACİL İLK YARDIM MERKEZİ:112  
c. İTFAİYE:110

### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

##### Classification according to regulation SEA: RG.-10/12/2020-31330

Skin Corr. 1A, H314  
Eye Dam. 1, H318  
Skin Sens. 1, H317

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation SEA: RG.-10/12/2020-31330.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

#### 2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word : Danger.

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

- Hazard statements** : H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.  
H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Precautionary statements**
- General** : Not applicable.
- Prevention** : P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.  
P261 - Avoid breathing vapour.
- Response** : P304 + P310 - IF INHALED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.  
P301 + P310, P330, P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.  
P303 + P361 + P353, P310 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.  
P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.  
P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.  
P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.  
P305 + P351 + P338, P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
- Storage** : Not applicable.
- Disposal** : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
- Hazardous ingredients** : hydrocarbons, C9-unsaturated, polymerized  
3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine  
2,2,4(or 2,4,4)-trimethylhexane-1,6-diamine
- Supplemental label elements** : Not applicable.
- Annex 17 - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles** : Not applicable.
- Special packaging requirements**
- Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings** : Not applicable.
- Tactile warning of danger** : Not applicable.

### 2.3 Other hazards

- Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB** : This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
- Other hazards which do not result in classification** : None known.

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

**3.2 Mixtures** : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	SEA: RG.-10/12/2020-31330	Type
Benzyl alcohol	EC: 202-859-9 CAS: 100-51-6 Index: 603-057-00-5	≥10 - ≤25	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Eye Irrit. 2, H319	[1]
hydrocarbons, C9-unsaturated, polymerized	CAS: 71302-83-5	≥10 - ≤23	Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1]
3-aminomethyl- 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine	EC: 220-666-8 CAS: 2855-13-2	≤14	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314	[1]

**SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

2,2,4(or 2,4,4)-trimethylhexane-1,6-diamine	Index: 612-067-00-9  CAS: 25513-64-8	≤7.3	Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317  Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1A, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317	[1]
xylene	EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7	≤1.8	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1] [2]
Oleic acid, compound	CAS: 34140-91-5	≤0.1	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=10) Aquatic Chronic 2, H411  <b>See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.</b>	[1]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs or vPvBs or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

**SECTION 4: First aid measures****4.1 Description of first aid measures**

- Eye contact** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
- Inhalation** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Skin contact** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

**SECTION 4: First aid measures**

- Ingestion** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

**4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed****Potential acute health effects**

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.
- Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Skin contact** : Causes severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain  
watering  
redness
- Inhalation** : No specific data.
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
redness  
blistering may occur
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
stomach pains

**4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

- Notes to physician** : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

**SECTION 5: Firefighting measures****5.1 Extinguishing media**

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : None known.

**5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

- Hazards from the substance or mixture** : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon dioxide  
carbon monoxide  
nitrogen oxides  
carbonyl halides

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders** : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

- : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

### 6.4 Reference to other sections

- : See Section 1 for emergency contact information.  
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.  
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

**Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

See Technical Data Sheet / packaging for further information.

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

**Recommendations** : Not available.

**Industrial sector specific solutions** : Not available.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
xylene	<b>TR ISGGM OEL (Turkey, 12/2013). [Xylene (pure and mixed isomers)] Absorbed through skin.</b> TWA: 221 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.

#### Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

**Recommended monitoring procedures** : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
benzyl alcohol	DNEL	Long term Oral	4 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	4 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	5.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	8 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Oral	20 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	20 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	22 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic



**SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

hydrocarbons, C9-unsaturated, polymerized	DNEL	Inhalation Short term	27 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic	
	DNEL	Inhalation Short term Dermal	40 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic	
	DNEL	Inhalation Short term	110 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic	
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term Dermal	3.5 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic	
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term	1.41 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic	
	3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.526 mg/kg bw/day	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
		DNEL	Inhalation Short term	0.073 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
		DNEL	Inhalation Long term	0.073 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
		DNEL	Oral Long term	0.3 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
		DNEL	Oral Short term	0.3 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
2,2,4(or 2,4,4)-trimethylhexane-1,6-diamine		DNEL	Oral Long term	0.05 mg/kg bw/day	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
		DNEL	Oral Long term	0.05 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
		DNEL	Oral Long term	12.5 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
		DNEL	Inhalation Long term	65.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local
		DNEL	Inhalation Long term	65.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
	xylene	DNEL	Dermal Long term	125 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
		DNEL	Dermal Long term	212 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
		DNEL	Inhalation Long term	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
		DNEL	Inhalation Long term	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
		DNEL	Inhalation Short term	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local
DNEL		Inhalation Short term	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic	
DNEL		Inhalation Short term	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local	
DNEL		Inhalation Short term	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic	
Oleic acid, compound		DNEL	Oral Long term	5 µg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
		DNEL	Dermal Long term	5 µg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Dermal Long term	14 µg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic	
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term	17.4 µg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic	
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term	98.4 µg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic	
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term	98.4 µg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic	

**PNECs**

**SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail	
benzyl alcohol	Fresh water	1 mg/l	-	
	Marine	0.1 mg/l	-	
	Sewage Treatment Plant	39 mg/l	-	
	Fresh water sediment	5.27 mg/kg dwt	-	
	Marine water sediment	0.527 mg/kg dwt	-	
	Soil	0.456 mg/kg dwt	-	
	hydrocarbons, C9-unsaturated, polymerized	Fresh water	54 µg/l	-
		Marine	5.4 µg/l	-
		Sewage Treatment Plant	2.2 mg/l	-
Fresh water sediment		1584 mg/kg dwt	-	
Marine water sediment		158 mg/kg dwt	-	
Soil		316.7 mg/kg dwt	-	
Secondary Poisoning		200 mg/kg	-	
3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine		Fresh water	0.06 mg/l	-
		Marine	0.006 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	3.18 mg/l	-	
	Fresh water sediment	5.784 mg/kg dwt	-	
	Marine water sediment	0.578 mg/kg dwt	-	
	Soil	1.121 mg/kg dwt	-	
	2,2,4(or 2,4,4)-trimethylhexane-1,6-diamine	Fresh water	0.0295 mg/l	-
		Marine	0.00295 mg/l	-
		Sewage Treatment Plant	72 mg/l	-
Fresh water sediment		0.18 mg/kg dwt	-	
Marine water sediment		0.018 mg/kg dwt	-	
Soil		0.019 mg/kg dwt	-	
xylene		Fresh water	0.327 mg/l	-
		Marine	0.327 mg/l	-
		Sewage Treatment Plant	6.58 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	12.46 mg/kg dwt	-	
	Marine water sediment	12.46 mg/kg dwt	-	
	Soil	2.31 mg/kg dwt	-	

**8.2 Exposure controls**

**Appropriate engineering controls**

: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

**Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures**

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection**

: Safety eyewear complying to ISO 16321-1:2022 should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

**Skin protection**

**Hand protection**

:



## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.  
 The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product.  
 The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.  
 Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.  
 Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.  
 The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.  
 Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

**W**ear suitable gloves tested to ISO 374-1:2016.

Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: fluor rubber (> 0.35 mm), Viton® (> 0.7 mm), nitrile rubber (> 0.75 mm), 4H/Silver Shield® (> 0.07 mm), Teflon (> 0.35 mm)

May be used, gloves(breakthrough time) 4 - 8 hours: butyl rubber (> 0.4 mm)

Not recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) < 1 hour: neoprene (> 0.35 mm), PVC (> 0.5 mm)

For right choice of glove materials, with focus on chemical resistance and time of penetration, seek advice by the supplier of chemical resistant gloves.

The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

- Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection** : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

- Physical state** : Liquid.
- Colour** : Brown., Brown., Green., Grey, Yellow.
- Odour** : Characteristic.
- Odour threshold** : Not applicable.
- Melting point/freezing point** : Not applicable.
- Initial boiling point and boiling range** : Lowest known value: 136.16°C (277.1°F) (xylene). Weighted average: 242.05°C (467.7°F)
- Flammability (solid, gas)** : Not applicable.
- Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits** : 0.8 - 13%
- Flash point** : Not available.
- Auto-ignition temperature** : Not applicable.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

- Decomposition temperature** : Not available.  
**pH** : Not applicable.  
**Viscosity** : Kinematic (40°C): >20.5 mm<sup>2</sup>/s  
**Solubility(ies)** :

Media	Result
cold water	Not soluble
hot water	Not soluble

**Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water** : Not available.

**Vapour pressure** : Highest known value: 0.9 kPa (6.7 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (xylene). Weighted average: 0.02 kPa (0.15 mm Hg) (at 20°C)  
 Highest known value: 0.77 (xylene) Weighted average: 0.05 compared with butyl acetate

**Density** : 1.025 to 1.03 g/cm<sup>3</sup>

**Vapour density** : Highest known value: 3.7 (Air = 1) (benzyl alcohol). Weighted average: 3.7 (Air = 1)

**Explosive properties** : Not available.

**Oxidising properties** : Not available.

**Particle characteristics**

**Median particle size** : Not applicable.

### 9.2 Other information

No additional information.

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

- 10.1 Reactivity** : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.  
**10.2 Chemical stability** : The product is stable.  
**10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.  
**10.4 Conditions to avoid** : No specific data.  
**10.5 Incompatible materials** : No specific data.  
**10.6 Hazardous decomposition products** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

**Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
benzyl alcohol	LD50 Oral	Rat	1230 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	2000 mg/kg	-
hydrocarbons, C9-unsaturated, polymerized	LD50 Oral	Rat	2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1030 mg/kg	-
3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	20 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Dermal	Rabbit	4300 mg/kg	-
xylene				

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**Acute toxicity estimates**

**SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Balloxy HB Light Comp B	2575.6	91617.3	N/A	1665.8	7.5
benzyl alcohol	1230	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.5
3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine	1030	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2,2,4(or 2,4,4)-trimethylhexane-1,6-diamine	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
xylene	4300	1100	N/A	20	N/A

**Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
benzyl alcohol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit Rat	- -	87 milligrams 8 hours 60 microliters	- -

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**Sensitisation**

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
hydrocarbons, C9-unsaturated, polymerized	skin	Mouse	Sensitising
3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising
2,2,4(or 2,4,4)-trimethylhexane-1,6-diamine	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**Mutagenicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**Carcinogenicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**Reproductive toxicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**Teratogenicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)**

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

**Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)**

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Oleic acid, compound	Category 2	-	-

**Aspiration hazard**

Product/ingredient name	Result
xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

**Information on likely routes of exposure** : Not available.

### Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.
- Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Skin contact** : Causes severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain  
watering  
redness
- Inhalation** : No specific data.
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
redness  
blistering may occur
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
stomach pains

### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

#### Short term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

#### Long term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

#### Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

- Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.
- General** : Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
- Carcinogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Reproductive toxicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Other information** : Not available.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine	Acute EC50 17.4 to 21.5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute IC50 37 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
2,2,4(or 2,4,4)-trimethylhexane-1,6-diamine	Acute EC50 29.5 mg/l	Algae - Scenedesmus subspicatus	72 hours
	Acute EC50 31.5 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	24 hours
xylene	Acute LC50 150 mg/l	Fish - Leuciscus idus melanotus	48 hours
	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours

**SECTION 12: Ecological information**

	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
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**Conclusion/Summary** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**12.2 Persistence and degradability**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Benzyl alcohol	-	-	Readily
3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine	-	-	Not readily
2,2,4(or 2,4,4)-trimethylhexane-1,6-diamine	-	-	Not readily
xylene	-	-	Readily

**12.3 Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
Benzyl alcohol	0.87	<100	low
hydrocarbons, C9-unsaturated, polymerized	3.627	-	low
3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine	0.99	-	low
2,2,4(or 2,4,4)-trimethylhexane-1,6-diamine	-0.3	-	low
xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low

**12.4 Mobility in soil**

**Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>)** : Not available.

**Mobility** : Not available.

**12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment**

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

**12.6 Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

**13.1 Waste treatment methods****Product**

**Methods of disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

**Hazardous waste** : Yes.

**Waste list**





Waste code	Waste code definition
08 01 11*	Waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances

**Packaging**

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

- Methods of disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
- Special precautions** : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spill material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
<b>14.1 UN number</b>	UN2735	UN2735	UN2735	UN2735
<b>14.2 UN proper shipping name</b>	Polyamines, liquid, corrosive, n.o.s. (2,2,4 (or 2,4,4)-trimethylhexane-1,6-diamine)	Polyamines, liquid, corrosive, n.o.s. (2,2,4 (or 2,4,4)-trimethylhexane-1,6-diamine)	Polyamines, liquid, corrosive, n.o.s. (2,2,4 (or 2,4,4)-trimethylhexane-1,6-diamine)	Polyamines, liquid, corrosive, n.o.s. (2,2,4 (or 2,4,4)-trimethylhexane-1,6-diamine)
<b>14.3 Transport hazard class(es)</b>	8 	8 	8 	8 
<b>14.4 Packing group</b>	III	III	III	III
<b>14.5 Environmental hazards</b>	No.	No.	No.	No.

### Additional information

- ADR/RID** : **Hazard identification number** 80  
**Tunnel code** (E)
- IMDG** : **Emergency schedules** F-A, S-B  
Segregation Group: 18 - Alkalis

- 14.6 Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

- 14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments** : Not available.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### Turkey Regulation No. 30105, KKDİK

#### Annex 14 - List of substances subject to authorization

##### Annex 14

None of the components are listed.

##### Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.



## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

**Annex 17 - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles** : Not applicable.

### Ozone depleting substances

Not listed.

### Regulation on the prevention of major industrial accidents and reduction of their effects

This product is not controlled under the Regulation on the prevention of major industrial accidents and reduction of their effects.

### EU regulations

#### EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

##### Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

##### Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

##### Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

**Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles** : Not applicable.

#### Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

#### Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

### International regulations

#### Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

#### Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

#### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

#### UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

**15.2 Chemical safety assessment** : This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

**SECTION 16: Other information**

✔ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

**Abbreviations and acronyms**

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate  
 EUH statement = SEA-specific Hazard statement  
 N/A = Not available  
 PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic  
 PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration  
 SGG = Segregation Group  
 vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

**Procedure used to derive the classification according to regulation SEA: RG.-10/12/2020-31330**

Classification	Justification
Skin Corr. 1A, H314	Calculation method
Eye Dam. 1, H318	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method

**Full text of abbreviated H statements**

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Full text of classifications [SEA/GHS]**

Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Skin Corr. 1A	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1A
Skin Corr. 1B	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
Skin Sens. 1A	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A
STOT RE 2	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3

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**Notice to reader**

## SECTION 16: Other information

The information in this document is given to the best of Jotun's knowledge, based on laboratory testing and practical experience. Jotun's products are considered as semi-finished goods and as such, products are often used under conditions beyond Jotun's control. Jotun cannot guarantee anything but the quality of the product itself. Minor product variations may be implemented in order to comply with local requirements. Jotun reserves the right to change the given data without further notice.

Users should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.