SAFETY DATA SHEET



Jotacote Universal N10 QD Comp B

Product name : Jotacote Universal N10 QD Comp B

Product name	: Jotacote Universal N10 QD C
Product code	: 38602
Product type	: Liquid.
Product description	: Hardener.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Use in coatings - Industrial use
Use in coatings - Professional use

Supplier's details	: Chokwang Jotun Ltd. 30th Block Jisa science park, 1205 Jisa-dong, Gangseo-ku, Busan, South Korea Tel: + 82 51 797 6000 Fax: + 82 51 711 7735
	朝光 JOTUN 株式會社 大韓民國 釜山廣域市 江西區 科學産團 1路 96 (智士洞) Tel: + 86 535 3088 586 Fax: + 82 51 711 7735
	SDSJotun@jotun.com
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: +86 535 3088 586

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture according to GB 13690-2009 and GB 30000-2013

Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
GHS label elements Hazard pictograms	

Section 2. Hazards identification

Signal word	: Danger.
Hazard statements	 H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour. H313 - May be harmful in contact with skin. H315 - Causes skin irritation. H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 - Causes serious eye damage. H335 - May cause respiratory irritation. H351 - Suspected of causing cancer. H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	
General	: Not applicable.
Prevention	 P201 - Obtain special instructions before use. P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P273 - Avoid release to the environment. P261 - Avoid breathing vapour.
Response	 P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P302 + P312, P352 - IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Wash with plenty of water. P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. P305 + P351 + P338, P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
Storage	 P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P403 + P235 - Keep cool.
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Physical and chemical hazards	: Flammable liquid and vapour.
Health hazards	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. May cause respiratory irritation. Suspected of causing cancer.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of identification	: Not available.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
glycidyl ether of 3-alkyl phenol	≤75	68413-24-1
xylene	≤50	1330-20-7
butan-1-ol	≤9.6	71-36-3
ethylbenzene	≤3	100-41-4
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	≤1.8	90-72-2

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 27.11.2024	Date of previous issue	:05.07.2024	Version : 1.07	2/14

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures			
Eye contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.		
Inhalation	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.		
Skin contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.		
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.		

Potential acute health effects Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage. Inhalation : May cause respiratory irritation. Skin contact : May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Over-exposure signs/symptoms Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

coughingSkin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
redness
blistering may occurIngestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
stomach pains

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Section 4. First aid measures

Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spill product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
xylene	GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022). [Xylene]
	PC-STEL: 100 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	PC-TWA: 50 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
butan-1-ol	GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022).
	PC-TWA: 100 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
ethylbenzene	GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022).
	PC-TWA: 100 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	PC-STEL: 150 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name		Exposure indices
xylene		GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022) BEI: 0.4 g/L, methylhippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of work shift. BEI: 0.3 g/g Cr, methylhippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of work shift.
ethylbenzene		GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022) BEI: 0.8 g/g Cr, mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid (MA and PGA) [in urine]. Sampling time: end of work shift.
Appropriate engineering controls	contaminants below any recommend	ols to keep worker exposure to airborne led or statutory limits. The engineering controls st concentrations below any lower explosive
Environmental exposure controls	they comply with the requirements of	rocess equipment should be checked to ensure environmental protection legislation. In some ineering modifications to the process

equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

individual protection measure	
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying to ISO 16321-1:2022 should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	 There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals. The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material. Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly. The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred. Wear suitable gloves tested to ISO 374-1:2016. Not recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) < 1 hour: PVC (> 0.5 mm) Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: 4H/Silver Shield® (> 0.07 mm), Teflon (> 0.35 mm), polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) (> 0.3 mm), nitrile rubber (> 0.75 mm) May be used, gloves(breakthrough time) 4 - 8 hours: Viton® (> 0.7 mm), neoprene (> 0.35 mm), butyl rubber (> 0.4 mm)

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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	For right choice of glove materials, with focus on chemical resistance and time of penetration, seek advice by the supplier of chemical resistant gloves.
	The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.
Body protection	: Use chemical-resistant protective suit / disposable overall.
	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance					
Physical state	1	Liquid.			
Colour	1	Colourless.			
Odour	1	Characteristic.			
Odour threshold	:	Not applicable.			
рН	:	Not applicable.			
Melting point/freezing point	:	Not applicable.			
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	:	Lowest known value: 119°C (246.2°F) (butan-1-ol). Weighted average: 132.16°C (269.9°F)			
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 29.5°C (85.1°F)			
Evaporation rate	:	Highest known value: 0.84 (ethylbenzene) Weighted average: 0.7compared with butyl acetate			
Flammability	:	Not applicable.			
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	:	Greatest known range: Lower: 1.4% Upper: 11.3% (butan-1-ol)			
Vapour pressure	;	Highest known value: 1.2 kPa (9.3 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (ethylbenzene). Weighted average: 0.88 kPa (6.6 mm Hg) (at 20°C)			
Relative vapour density	:	Highest known value: 3.7 (Air = 1) (xylene). Weighted average: 3.44 (Air = 1)			
Density	:	0.966 g/cm ³			
Solubility(ies)	:				
Media		Result			
cold water hot water		Not soluble Not soluble			
Solubility in water	:	Not available.			
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not available.			
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Lowest known value: 355°C (671°F) (butan-1-ol).			
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.			
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >20.5 mm²/s (>20.5 cSt)			
Particle characteristics					
Defending (Defending)					

Date of issue/Date of revision

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Median particle size

No additional information.

: Not applicable.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity			
Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.		
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.		
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.		
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.		
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials		
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.		

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
xylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	11 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Dermal	Rabbit	4300 mg/kg	-
butan-1-ol	LD50 Oral	Rat	790 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat - Male	11 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
2,4,6-tris	LD50 Oral	Rat	1673 mg/kg	-
(dimethylaminomethyl) phenol				

Conclusion/Summary : Not classified.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit Rat	-	87 milligrams 8 hours 60 microliters	-
2,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl) phenol	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 50 µg	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rat	-	0.25 ml	-

Conclusion/Summary

Skin Eyes : Causes skin irritation.

: Causes serious eye irritation.

Sensitisation

Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result	
glycidyl ether of 3-alkyl bhenol	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising	
<u>Conclusion/Summary</u> Skin Respiratory Iutagenicity	: May cause a : Not classifie	an allergic skin reaction. ed.	I	
Not available. Conclusion/Summary	: Not classifie	ed.		
<mark>carcinogenicity</mark> Not available.				
Conclusion/Summary <u>Classification</u>	: Not classifie	ed.		
Product/ingredient name			IARC	
ethylbenzene			2B	
Reproductive toxicity Not available.			1	
Conclusion/Summary eratogenicity Not available.	: Not classifie	ed.		
Conclusion/Summary	: Not classifie	d		
pecific target organ toxici			Route of exposure	Target organs
pecific target organ toxici Product/ingredient name		<u>sure)</u>	exposure	
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Specific target organ toxicit Product/ingredient name Kylene Soutan-1-ol Specific target organ toxicit Product/ingredient name Sthylbenzene Spiration hazard	ty (single expos	Sure) Category 3 Category 3 Category 3 Category 3 Category 3 Category 3	exposure Route of exposure	Respiratory tract irritation Respiratory tract irritation Narcotic effects Target organs
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Specific target organ toxici Product/ingredient name kylene outan-1-ol Specific target organ toxici Specific target organ toxici Product/ingredient name ethylbenzene Aspiration hazard Product/ingredient name kylene ethylbenzene Specific non likely routes exposure Specific non likely routes Specific acute health effect	ty (single exposition) ty (repeated exposition) ty (repeated exposition) : Not availabl	Sure) Category Category Category Category Category Category Category Category	exposure constant of exposure Route of exposure constant of exp	Respiratory tract irritation Respiratory tract irritation Narcotic effects Target organs - ARD - Category 1
Specific target organ toxici Product/ingredient name xylene butan-1-ol Specific target organ toxici Product/ingredient name ethylbenzene Aspiration hazard Product/ingredient name ethylbenzene Aspiration hazard Product/ingredient name xylene ethylbenzene formation on likely routes exposure otential acute health effect Eye contact nhalation	ty (single exposi- ty (repeated ex- : Not availabl s: Causes seri	sure) Category 3 Category 3 Category 3 Category 3 Category 3 Category 2 Category 2	exposure constant of exposure Route of exposure constant of exp	Respiratory tract irritation Respiratory tract irritation Narcotic effects Target organs - ARD - Category 1
Specific target organ toxici Product/ingredient name xylene butan-1-ol Specific target organ toxici Product/ingredient name ethylbenzene Aspiration hazard Product/ingredient name xylene ethylbenzene formation on likely routes exposure ptential acute health effect Eye contact	ty (single exposi- ty (repeated ex- : Not availabl : Causes seri : May cause i : May be harr skin reaction	sure) Category 3 Category 3 Category 3 Category 3 Category 3 Category 3 Category 2 Category 2 Category 2	exposure - - - Route of exposure - - Result ASPIRATION HAZ/ ASPIRATION HAZ/ ASPIRATION HAZ/ Causes skin irritation.	Respiratory tract irritation Respiratory tract irritation Narcotic effects Target organs - ARD - Category 1 ARD - Category 1

Section 11. Toxicological information

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains

Delayed and immediate effect	<u>ts</u>	as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure
Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	1	Not available.
<u>Long term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	1	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	<u>ect</u>	<u>s</u>
Not available.		
General	:	Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	:	Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)		Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Jotacote Universal N10 QD Comp B	5442.9	4178.5	N/A	41.8	N/A
xylene	N/A	1100	N/A	11	N/A
butan-1-ol	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
xylene	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes	48 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute LC50 13400 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute EC50 7700 μg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
,	Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

Conclusion/Summary : Not classified.

Persistence/degradability

Conclusion/Summary	: Not classified.		
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
xylene ethylbenzene	- -		Readily Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low
butan-1-ol	1	-	low
ethylbenzene	3.6	-	low
2,4,6-tris	0.219	-	low
(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol			

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. 2 Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

		Chin	ia	UN	IMDO	B IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263		UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	Paint			Paint	Paint	Paint
Transport hazard class(es)	3	•		3	3	3
Packing group				Ш	111	
Environmental hazards	No.			No.	No.	No.
Additional informa	tion			•		
IMDG		: <u>E</u>	Emergency	<u>y schedules</u> F-E,	<u>S-E</u>	
ADR / RID				riction code: (D/E) ntification number:		
Special precautions	s for user	ι	pright and		nat persons transporti	ort in closed containers that are ng the product know what to do ir
Extinguishing medi	<u>a</u>					
Suitable extinguis media	hing	: เ	Jse dry che	emical, CO₂, wate	r spray (fog) or foam.	
Unsuitable extinguishing : Do not use media		water jet.				
Incompatible mater	le materials : Reactive o oxidising m				the following materia	ls:
Transport in bulk a to IMO instruments	nsport in bulk according : Not availab			le.		

to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product:

Law of the People's Republic of China on the Prevention and Control of Occupational Diseases

Regulations on the Control over Safety of Dangerous Chemicals Measures for Environmental Management of New Chemical Substances Law of the People's Republic of China on the Prevention and Control of Environment Pollution Caused by Solid Wastes Safety regulations for the use of chemicals in the workplace General Rule for Classification and Hazard Communication of Chemicals Classification and code of dangerous goods

List of Goods banned for Importing

None of the components are listed.

Drug Precursors Requiring an Import/Export License

None of the components are listed.

Inventory of Hazardous Chemicals

Section 15. Regulatory information

Ingredient name	CAS number	Status	Reference number
xylene	1330-20-7	Listed	358
butan-1-ol	71-36-3	Listed	2761
ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Listed	2566

List of Explosive Precursors

None of the components are listed.

List of Goods banned for Exporting

None of the components are listed.

List of Toxic Chemicals Severely Restricted for Importing & Exporting by China

None of the components are listed.

Catalogue and classification of drug precursor chemicals

None of the components are listed.

Inventory of highly toxic articles

None of the components are listed.

Catalogue of Hazardous Chemicals of Priority Management

None of the components are listed.

Catalogue of Occupational Disease Hazard Factors - Dust

None of the components are listed.

Catalogue of Occupational Disease Hazard Factors - Chemical Factors

Ingredient name	Status
xylene	Listed
butan-1-ol	Listed
ethylbenzene	Listed

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Section 16. Other information

History

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Section 16. Other information

Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
	BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
	GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
	IATA = International Air Transport Association
	IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
	IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
	LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
	MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,
	1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
	N/A = Not available
	SGG = Segregation Group
	UN = United Nations
Due a solution and the short-	

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3	On basis of test data
ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5	Calculation method
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2	Calculation method
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1	Calculation method
SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1	Calculation method
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract	Calculation method
irritation) - Category 3	
SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3	Calculation method
LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3	Calculation method

References

: Not available.

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

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Users should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.