# SAFETY DATA SHEET



### SeaQuest Comp A

Section 1. Identification				
GHS product identifier	: SeaQuest Comp A			
Product code	: 40782			
Other means of identification	: Not available.			
Product type	: Liquid.			
Product description	: Paint.			
	the substance or mixture and uses advised against			
Use in coatings - Industrial				
Use in coatings - Profession	nal use			
Supplier's details	: 佐敦涂料(张家港)有限公司 江苏省张家港保税区扬子江化学工业园长江路15号 215634 电话: +86 512 58937988 传真: +86 512 58937986			
	Jotun Coatings (Zhangjiagang) Co. Ltd No.15 Changjiang Road Jiangsu Yangtze River International Chemical Industry Park, Zhangjiagang Free Trade Zone, Jiangsu Province 215634 Tel: +86 512 58937988 Fax: +86 512 58937986			
	Jotun Paints (Malaysia) Sdn Bhd, Lot 7 Persiaran Perusahaan, Section 23 40300 SHAH ALAM, Selangor Darul Ehsan Malaysia Tel: +603 51235500 Fax: +603 51235599			
	SDSJotun@jotun.com			
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: Jotun Coatings (Taiwan) Ltd. Co. Tel: +886 2 87705061			
Section 2. Hazard	s identification			
Classification of the substance or mixture	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 3			
GHS label elements				
Hazard pictograms				
Signal word	: Warning.			
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.</li> <li>H316 - Causes mild skin irritation.</li> </ul>			
Precautionary statements				
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# Section 2. Hazards identification

Prevention	1	P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
Response	:	Not applicable.
Storage	:	P403 + P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	:	P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other hazards which do not	:	None known.

result in classification

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

Product name	% (w/w)	CAS number	Туре
xylene	<10	1330-20-7	[1] [2]
1-methoxy-2-propanol	≤10	107-98-2	[1] [2]
ethylbenzene	≤5	100-41-4	[1] [2]
产品名称	% (w/w)	CAS号码	类型
二甲苯	<10	1330-20-7	[1] [2]
1-甲氧基-2-丙醇	≤10	107-98-2	[1] [2]
乙苯	≤5	100-41-4	[1] [2]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

**Type** 

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

<u>aid measures</u>
: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. If irritation persists, get medical attention.
: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

## Section 4. First aid measures

Section 4. First a	
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and gemedical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Most important symptoms/	fects, acute and delayed
Potential acute health effe	<u>s</u>
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes mild skin irritation.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/sym	<u>oms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Indication of immediate me	cal attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It

### See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Firefighting measures		
Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.	
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.	
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.	
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may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

# Section 5. Firefighting measures

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	<ul> <li>Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.</li> </ul>
Section 6. Accide	ntal release measures
Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmenta pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and material for co	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools an explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools an explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling		
Protective measures	Avoid only v inade ventila comp heat, (venti Take	n appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is quate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a atible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical lating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	handl eating equip	g, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is ed, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before g, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective ment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional nation on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	area. ventila drink. conta opene store	in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well- ated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep iner tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been ed must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental mination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

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# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### **Control parameters**

### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
xylene	TW Minstry of Labor, labor permissible workplace exposure standards, allowable concentration (Taiwan, 3/2018). STEL: 542.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
1-methoxy-2-propanol	TW Minstry of Labor, labor permissible workplace exposure standards, allowable concentration (Taiwan, 3/2018). STEL: 461.25 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 369 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
ethylbenzene	TW Minstry of Labor, labor permissible workplace exposure standards, allowable concentration (Taiwan, 3/2018). STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 542.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

No exposure indices known.

Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Individual protection measur	<u>es</u>
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
Hand protection	<ul> <li>There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals. The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material. Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly. The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.</li> <li>Wear suitable gloves tested to ISO 374-1:2016. Not recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) &lt; 1 hour: butyl rubber (&gt; 0.4 mm) May be used, gloves(breakthrough time) &gt; 8 hours: neoprene (&gt; 0.35 mm), PVC (&gt; 0.5 mm) Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) &gt; 8 hours: nitrile rubber (&gt; 0.4 mm), 4H/ Silver Shield® (&gt; 0.07 mm), Teflon (&gt; 0.35 mm), polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) (&gt; 0.3 mm)</li> </ul>

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	For right choice of glove materials, with focus on chemical resistance and time of penetration, seek advice by the supplier of chemical resistant gloves.
	The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.
Eye protection	: Safety eyewear complying to ISO 16321-1:2022 should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Colour	: Red, Grey, Black, Blue.
Odour	: Characteristic.
Odour threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not applicable.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not applicable.
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	: Not available.
Flash point	: Closed cup: 27°C (80.6°F)
Flammability	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	: 0.8 - 13.74%

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### Vapour pressure

V	apour Pres	ssure at 20°C	V	apour pres	ssure at 50°C
mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
9.3	1.2				
8.5	1.1				
6.7	0.89				
0.99	0.13				
0.25	0.033				
0	0				
	mm Hg 9.3 8.5 6.7 0.99 0.25	mm Hg         kPa           9.3         1.2           8.5         1.1           6.7         0.89           0.99         0.13           0.25         0.033	9.3       1.2         8.5       1.1         6.7       0.89         0.99       0.13         0.25       0.033	mm Hg         kPa         Method         mm Hg           9.3         1.2	mm Hg         kPa         Method         mm Hg         kPa           9.3         1.2

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Density	: 0.987	7 to 0.999 g/cm³
Solubility(ies)	:	
Media		Result
cold water hot water		Not soluble Not soluble
Partition coefficient: n-	: Not a	ipplicable.

### octanol/water

### Auto-ignition temperature

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
1-methoxy-2-propanol	270	518	
dodecamethylcyclohexasiloxane	368 to 371	694.4 to 699.8	
decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	372	701.6	ASTM E 659-78
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	384 to 387	723.2 to 728.6	ASTM E 659
xylene	432	809.6	
ethylbenzene	432.22	810	
ecomposition temperature : Not	available.		I
scosity : Kine	ematic (40°C (104°F))	: >20.5 mm²/s (>20.5	5 cSt)
article characteristics			

### Median particle size : Not applicable.

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

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Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
xylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	20 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Dermal	Rabbit	4300 mg/kg	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13 g/kg	-
2	LD50 Oral	Rat	6600 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat - Male	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-

### Irritation/Corrosion

# Section 11. Toxicological information

	•				
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 microliters	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-

### **Sensitisation**

Not available.

### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

### Teratogenicity

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name		Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Category 3	-	irritation Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name		Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs

### **Aspiration hazard**

Product/ingredient name	Result
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

#### Information on likely routes : Not available. of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes mild skin irritation.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

		5
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	:	No specific data.
Delayed and immediate effect	<u>:ts</u>	as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure
Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	1	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	1	Not available.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	1	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	1	Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	<u>ect</u>	<u>s</u>
Not available.		
General	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Numerical measures of toxicity

<b>Acute</b>	toxicity	<u>v estimates</u>

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	(vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
SeaQuest Comp A	N/A		N/A		N/A
xylene	N/A	1100	N/A	20	N/A
1-methoxy-2-propanol	6600	13000	N/A	N/A	N/A
ethylbenzene	N/A	N/A	N/A	17.8	N/A

# Section 12. Ecological information

### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
xylene	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute LC50 13400 μg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 7700 μg/l Marine water Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l Acute LC50 4.2 mg/l	Fish - Pimephales promelas Algae - Skeletonema costatum Daphnia Fish	96 hours 96 hours 48 hours 96 hours

### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
xylene	-	-	Readily
ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Date of issue/Date of revision

# Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low
1-methoxy-2-propanol	<1	-	low
ethylbenzene	3.6	-	low

### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

### Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# Section 14. Transport information

		UN	IMDG		ΙΑΤΑ	
UN number	UN1263		UN1263	UN12	263	
UN proper shipping name	Paint		Paint	Paint		
Transport hazard class(es)	3		3	3		
Packing group	111		111			
Environmental hazards	No.		No.	No.		
Additional informat	tion					
ADR/RID	:	receptacles Tunnel restri	scous substance. Not restr < 450 litre capacity). ction code: (D/E) ification number: 30	icted, ref. chapter 2	2.2.3.1.5 (applicab	le to
IMDG	:		<u>schedules</u> F-E, <u>S-E</u>			
IMDG: Viscous substance. Transport in accordance with paragraph 2.3.2.5 (applicable to receptacles < 450 litre capacity).						
Special precautions	ofor user :	upright and	<b>rithin user's premises:</b> alv secure. Ensure that persons an accident or spillage.			
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# Section 14. Transport information

### Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

## Section 15. Regulatory information

### **TCCSCA List of toxic chemicals**

Not applicable.

### **TCCSCA List of concerned chemicals**

Not applicable.

### OSHA Enforcement Rules : This product contains substances "Specially hazardous to health": xylene. Article 28

# Organic solvent poisoning : Type 2 prevention rule

### Priority management chemicals, Article 2

### Chemical substances possessing physical hazards or health hazards (Article 2.2 (II))

Ingredient name	Name on list	Concentration
xylene	xylenes	≤10
1-methoxy-2-propanol	propylene glycol monomethyl ether	≤10

### International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals Not listed.

### **Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

### Section 16. Other information

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

	Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Cate SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATI		On basis of test data Calculation method
References	: Not available.	· · ·
Organisation that prepared the SDS	: Jotun AS, Norway +47 33 45 70 00	
<u>History</u>		
Date of printing	: 14.08.2023	
Date of previous issue	: 18.07.2023	
Version	: 1.02	
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of CI IATA = International Air Transport Associa IBC = International Air Transport Associa IBC = International Maritime Dangerous LogPow = Iogarithm of the octanol/water p MARPOL = International Convention for the	ation Goods partition coefficient
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## Section 16. Other information

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

**V** Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### Notice to reader

The information in this document is given to the best of Jotun's knowledge, based on laboratory testing and practical experience. Jotun's products are considered as semi-finished goods and as such, products are often used under conditions beyond Jotun's control. Jotun cannot guarantee anything but the quality of the product itself. Minor product variations may be implemented in order to comply with local requirements. Jotun reserves the right to change the given data without further notice.

Users should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.