# SAFETY DATA SHEET



### **Chemflake Special**

Section 1. Chemical product and company identification	
Product name	: Chemflake Special
Product code	: 408
Product type	: Liquid.
Product description	: Paint.
Relevant identified uses	of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Use in coatings - Industria	ll use
Use in coatings - Professi	onal use
Supplier's details	: Chokwang Jotun Ltd. 30th Block Jisa science park, 1205 Jisa-dong, Gangseo-ku, Busan, South Korea Tel: + 82 51 797 6000 Fax: + 82 51 711 7735
	朝光 JOTUN 株式會社 大韓民國 釜山廣域市 江西區 科學産團 1路 96 (智士洞) Tel: + 86 535 3088 586 Fax: + 82 51 711 7735
	SDSJotun@jotun.com
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: +86 535 3088 586

# Section 2. Hazards identification

Date of issue/Date of revision

Classification of the substance or mixture according to GB 13690-2009 and GB 30000-2013

Classification of the substance or mixture	<ul> <li>FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 1 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3</li> </ul>
GHS label elements Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger.

:05.08.2024

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: 27.11.2024 Date of previous issue

# Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements	: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour. H315 - Causes skin irritation.
	H319 - Causes skin inflation.
	H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.
	H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
	H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
	(hearing organs)
	H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	
General	: Not applicable.
Prevention	: P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.
	P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
	P273 - Avoid release to the environment.
	P260 - Do not breathe vapour or spray.
	P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Response	<ul> <li>P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.</li> <li>P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.</li> <li>P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.</li> <li>P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.</li> <li>P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.</li> <li>Pamous contact language if properties and enough do Continue ringing.</li> </ul>
	Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storago	: P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Storage	P403 + P235 - Store in a weil-ventilated place. Reep container tightig closed. P403 + P235 - Keep cool.
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Physical and chemical hazards	: Flammable liquid and vapour.
Health hazards	: Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
styrene	≤50	100-42-5

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

# Section 4. First aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower Eye contact eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Skin contact : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been Ingestion swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptom	s/effects, acute and delayed
Potential acute health e	f <u>fects</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<u>Over-exposure signs/sy</u>	<u>mptoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Indication of immediate r	nedical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
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## Section 4. First aid measures

Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it
	is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate
	mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person
	providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

#### See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Firefighting measures	
Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	<ul> <li>Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.</li> </ul>

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

#### : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. For non-emergency Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from personnel entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any For emergency responders 4 information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel". **Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

#### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and Small spill explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spill product. Note: see Section 1 for
	emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	
Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Do not store above the following temperature: 25°C (77°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
styrene	GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022). Absorbed through skin. PC-STEL: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. PC-TWA: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

**Biological exposure indices** 

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name	Exposure indices
styrene	GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022)BEI: 400 mg/g Cr, mandelic acid plusphenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time:end of work shift.BEI: 295 mmol/mol Cr, mandelic acid plusphenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time:end of work shift.BEI: 160 mg/g Cr, mandelic acid plusphenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time:end of work shift.BEI: 160 mg/g Cr, mandelic acid plusphenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time:before next work shift.BEI: 120 mmol/mol Cr, mandelic acid plusphenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time:before next work shift.BEI: 120 mmol/mol Cr, mandelic acid plusphenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time:before next work shift.

Appropriate engineering controls	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measu	<u>ires</u>	
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	:	Safety eyewear complying to ISO 16321-1:2022 should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection		
Hand protection	:	There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals. The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material. Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly. The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred. Wear suitable gloves tested to ISO 374-1:2016. Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: Teflon (> 0.35 mm), polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) (> 0.3 mm) Not recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) < 1 hour: butyl rubber (> 0.4 mm) May be used, gloves(breakthrough time) 4 - 8 hours: Viton® (> 0.7 mm), 4H/Silver Shield® (> 0.07 mm), nitrile rubber (> 0.75 mm), neoprene (> 0.35 mm), PVC (> 0.5
		mm)

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

=	
	For right choice of glove materials, with focus on chemical resistance and time of penetration, seek advice by the supplier of chemical resistant gloves.
	The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.
Body protection	: Use chemical-resistant protective suit / disposable overall.
	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	<ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

<u>Appearance</u>						
Physical state	:	Liquid.				
Colour	:	Red, White.				
Odour	:	Characteristic.				
Odour threshold	:	Not applicable.				
рН	:	Not applicable.				
Melting point/freezing point	:	Not applicable.				
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	1	Lowest known value: 145°C (293°F) (styrene).				
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 34°C (93.2°F)				
Evaporation rate	:	0.536 (styrene) compared with butyl acetate				
Flammability	:	Not applicable.				
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	:	Greatest known range: Lower: 0.9% Upper: 6.8% (styrene)				
Vapour pressure	:	Highest known value: 0.9 kPa (6.4 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (styrene).				
Relative vapour density	:	Highest known value: 3.6 (Air = 1) (styrene).				
Density	:	1.24 to 1.241 g/cm <sup>3</sup>				
Solubility(ies)	:					
Media		Result				
cold water hot water		Not soluble Not soluble				
Solubility in water	:	Not available.				
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	;	Not available.				
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Lowest known value: 490°C (914°F) (styrene).				
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.				
Viscosity	1	Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >20.5 mm²/s (>20.5 cSt)				
Particle characteristics						
Median particle size	÷	Not applicable.				
No additional information.						
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# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials
Hazardous decomposition products	<ul> <li>Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.</li> </ul>

# Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
styrene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	11.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5000 mg/kg	-

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
styrene	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit		24 hours 100 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 Percent	-

#### **Sensitisation**

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	IARC
styrene	2A

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name		Route of exposure	Target organs
styrene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

# Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
styrene	Category 1	-	hearing organs
Aspiration hazard			

Product/ingredient name	Result
styrene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on likely routes of exposure	:	Not available.					
Potential acute health effects							
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye irritation.					
Inhalation	:	May cause respiratory irritation.					
Skin contact	:	Causes skin irritation.					
Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.					
Symptoms related to the phy-	<u>sic</u>	cal, chemical and toxicological characteristics					
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness					
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations					
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations					
Ingestion	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths					

skeletal malformations

#### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure						
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.				
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.				
<u>Long term exposure</u>						
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.				
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.				
Potential chronic health effe	ect	<u>s</u>				
Not available.						
General	:	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.				
Carcinogenicity	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.				
Mutagenicity	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.				
Reproductive toxicity	:	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.				
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# Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Chemflake Special	N/A	N/A	N/A	39.2	N/A
styrene	N/A	N/A	N/A	11.8	N/A

# Section 12. Ecological information

**Toxicity** 

Not available.

#### Persistence/degradability

Not available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
styrene	2.96	13.49	low

#### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# Section 14. Transport information

		Chin	a	UN		IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263		UN1263	UN126	3	UN1263	
UN proper shipping name	Paint			Paint	Paint		Paint
Transport hazard class(es)	3			3	3	>	3
Packing group	III			III	Ш		111
Environmental hazards	No.			No.	No.		No.
Additional information	tion						
ADR / RID		: T H A	unnel rest azard ide DR/RID: \	cable to receptact triction code: (D/I ntification numbe Viscous substance s < 450 litre capa	E) er: 30 ce. Not goods of		2.3.1.5 (only applicable t
Special precautions	s for user	u	oright and		that persons trai		osed containers that are product know what to do
Extinguishing medi	<u>a</u>						
Suitable extinguis media	hing	: U	se dry ch	emical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.			
Unsuitable extingu media	Unsuitable extinguishing : Do not use media		water jet.				
Incompatible mater	ials		Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials				
Transport in bulk action to IMO instruments		: N	ot availab	ble.			

# Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product:

#### Law of the People's Republic of China on the Prevention and Control of Occupational Diseases

Regulations on the Control over Safety of Dangerous Chemicals Measures for Environmental Management of New Chemical Substances Law of the People's Republic of China on the Prevention and Control of Environment Pollution Caused by Solid Wastes Safety regulations for the use of chemicals in the workplace General Rule for Classification and Hazard Communication of Chemicals Classification and code of dangerous goods

#### List of Goods banned for Importing

None of the components are listed.

#### Drug Precursors Requiring an Import/Export License

None of the components are listed.

#### Inventory of Hazardous Chemicals

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 27.11.2024 Date

Chemflake Special			
Section 15. Regulatory in	nformation		
Ingredient name	CAS number	Status	Reference number
styrene	100-42-5	Listed	96
List of Explosive Precursors		L	L
None of the components are listed.			
List of Goods banned for Exporting			
None of the components are listed.			
List of Toxic Chemicals Severely Restr	ricted for Importing & Exportin	<u>ig by China</u>	
None of the components are listed.			
Catalogue and classification of drug p	recursor chemicals		
None of the components are listed.			
Inventory of highly toxic articles			
None of the components are listed.			
Catalogue of Hazardous Chemicals of	Priority Management		
Ingredient name			Status
styrene			Listed
Catalogue of Occupational Disease Ha	zard Factors - Dust		
Ingredient name			Status
glass, oxide, chemicals			Listed
titanium dioxide			Listed
Catalogue of Occupational Disease Ha	zard Factors - Chemical Facto	<u>rs</u>	
Ingredient name			Status
styrene			Listed
International regulations Chemical Weapon Convention List So Not listed.	chedules I, II & III Chemicals		
Montreal Protocol Not listed.			
Stockholm Convention on Persistent	Organic Pollutants		
Not listed.			
Rotterdam Convention on Prior Inform Not listed.	<u>med Consent (PIC)</u>		
UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and	d Heavy Metals		
Not listed.			
Section 16. Other inform	ation		
History			
Date of printing : 27.11.2	2024		
Date of issue/Date of : 27.11.2 revision	2024		
	0004		

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# Section 16. Other information

Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
	BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
	GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
	IATA = International Air Transport Association
	IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
	IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
	LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
	MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,
	1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
	N/A = Not available
	SGG = Segregation Group
	UN = United Nations
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#### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification Justificati	on
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3On basis of test dataSKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2Calculation methodSERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2ACalculation methodREPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2Calculation methodSPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tractCalculation methodirritation) - Category 3SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 1Calculation methodLONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3Calculation methodCalculation method	a

#### References

: Not available.

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

The information in this document is given to the best of Jotun's knowledge, based on laboratory testing and practical experience. Jotun's products are considered as semi-finished goods and as such, products are often used under conditions beyond Jotun's control. Jotun cannot guarantee anything but the quality of the product itself. Minor product variations may be implemented in order to comply with local requirements. Jotun reserves the right to change the given data without further notice.

Users should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.