# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1 Product identifier

Product name : MegaPrimer HS Comp A

Product code : 43722
Product description : Paint.
Product type : Liquid.
Other means of : Not available.

Other means of identification

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use in coatings - Industrial use
Use in coatings - Professional use

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Jotun Boya Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. Balabandere Caddesi, Hilpark Suites Sitesi No: 10, İstinye 34460 Sarıyer, İstanbul

Tel. +90 212 279 7878 SDSJotun@jotun.com

Başvurulacak Kişi: Deren Ercan deren.metiner@jotun.com

Original preparation date : 19.07.2023

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

#### **National Poison Information Center**

- +90 224 442 82 93 Uludağ Üniversitesi Zehir Danışma Merkezi (www.uludag.edu.tr/uludag/zehir.html)
- a. ACİL DURUM TELEFONU: Zehirlenme durumlarında gerektiğinde ulusal zehir merkezinin (UZEM) 114 nolu telefonunu arayınız.
- b. ACİL İLK YARDIM MERKEZİ:112

c. İTFAİYE:110

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

#### Classification according to regulation SEA: RG.-10/12/2020-31330

Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation SEA: RG.-10/12/2020-31330.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

#### 2.2 Label elements

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### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

**Hazard pictograms** 







Signal word : Danger.

**Hazard statements** : H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary statements** 

General : Not applicable.

**Prevention** : P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection.

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P261 - Avoid breathing vapour.

: P391 - Collect spillage. Response

P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.

**Storage** : Not applicable.

**Disposal** : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional,

national and international regulations.

**Hazardous ingredients** : Formaldehyde, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane and

phenol

2,2-bis[4(2,3-epoksipropoksi)fenil]-propan

Oxirane, 2-(chloromethyl)-, polymer with α-hydro-ω-hydroxypoly[oxy(methyl-

1,2-ethanediyl)]

[3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl]trimethoxysilane

Supplemental label

elements

: Contains epoxy constituents. May produce an allergic reaction.

Annex 17 - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of

certain dangerous substances, mixtures and

articles

: Not applicable.

Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted with child-resistant

fastenings

: Not applicable.

**Tactile warning of danger** : Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria

for PBT or vPvB

: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a

Other hazards which do not result in classification : None known.

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### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	SEA: RG10/12/2020-31330	Type
Formaldehyde, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane and phenol	EC: 500-006-8 CAS: 9003-36-5	≥10 - ≤25	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1]
butanone	EC: 201-159-0 CAS: 78-93-3 Index: 606-002-00-3	≤10	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	[1] [2]
2,2-bis[4(2,3-epoksipropoksi) fenil]-propan	EC: 216-823-5 CAS: 1675-54-3	≤10	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1B, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1]
Oxirane, 2-(chloromethyl)-, polymer with α-hydro-ω-hydroxypoly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)]	CAS: 9072-62-2	≤5	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1]
1,2-Ethanediamine, polymer with aziridine, reaction product with 2-propenoic acid, 2-ethylhexyl ester, salt with oxirane, methyl-, polymer with oxirane, monobutyl ether, phosphate	CAS: 398475-96-2	≤3	Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1]
[3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl] trimethoxysilane	EC: 219-784-2 CAS: 2530-83-8	<3	Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	[1]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs or vPvBs or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

### **Type**

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

**Eye contact** 

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

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### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

Skin contact

Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

**Protection of first-aiders** 

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

**Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact**: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

**Ingestion**: No specific data.

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Specific treatments**: No specific treatment.

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture

: Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

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### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

## Hazardous thermal decomposition products

 Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide halogenated compounds carbonyl halides metal oxide/oxides

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

## Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders:

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

## **6.2 Environmental precautions**

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** 

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

### Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

## 6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

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### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

#### **Protective measures**

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

## Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

See Technical Data Sheet / packaging for further information.

Regulation on the prevention of major industrial accidents and reduction of their effects - Reporting thresholds

### **Danger criteria**

Category	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c	5000 tonne	50000 tonne
E2	200 tonne	500 tonne

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available.

Industrial sector specific : Not available.

solutions

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

### 8.1 Control parameters

### Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
butanone	TR ISGGM OEL (Turkey, 12/2013). TWA: 600 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 900 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes.

### **Biological exposure indices**

No exposure indices known.

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### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

Recommended monitoring procedures

: Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### **DNELs/DMELs**

Product/ingredient name	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
Formaldehyde, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro- 2,3-epoxypropane and phenol	DMEL	Short term Dermal	8.3 ng/cm <sup>2</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Oral	6.25 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	8.7 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	29.39 mg/ m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	62.5 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	104.15 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
butanone	DNEL	Long term Dermal	1161 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	412 mg/kg bw/day	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	106 mg/m³	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	31 mg/kg bw/day	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	31 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	106 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	412 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	450 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	900 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	1161 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
2,2-bis[4(2,3-epoksipropoksi)fenil]-propan	DNEL	Long term Dermal	89.3 µg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
p. 5p. 51	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.5 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.75 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.87 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	4.93 mg/m³		Systemic

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### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

[3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl]	DNEL	Long term Oral	5 mg/kg	General	Systemic
trimethoxysilane			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	5 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	10 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term	17 mg/m³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	70.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Short term	26400 mg/	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	m³	population	

#### **PNECs**

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
butanone	Fresh water	55.8 mg/l	-
	Marine	55.8 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	709 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	284.74 mg/kg dwt	_
	Marine water sediment	284.7 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	22.5 mg/kg dwt	-
	Secondary Poisoning	1000 mg/kg	-
2,2-bis[4(2,3-epoksipropoksi)fenil]-propan	Fresh water	0.006 mg/l	-
	Marine	0.0006 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	10 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	0.996 mg/l	-
	Marine water sediment	0.0996 mg/l	-
	Soil	0.196 mg/l	-

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

### **Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures** 

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

#### **Eye/face protection**

Safety eyewear complying to ISO 16321-1:2022 should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

## Skin protection Hand protection

: There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.

The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove

Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.

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### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

Wear suitable gloves tested to ISO 374-1:2016.

May be used, gloves(breakthrough time) 4 - 8 hours: polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) (> 0.3

Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: 4H/Silver Shield® (> 0.07 mm), Viton® (> 0.7 mm), nitrile rubber (> 0.75 mm), neoprene (> 0.35 mm), butyl

rubber (> 0.4 mm), fluor rubber (> 0.35 mm), PVC (> 0.5 mm)

For right choice of glove materials, with focus on chemical resistance and time of penetration, seek advice by the supplier of chemical resistant gloves.

The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

**Body protection** 

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection** 

Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

**Environmental exposure** controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

**Physical state** : Liquid. Colour : White., Grey **Odour** : Characteristic. **Odour threshold** Not applicable. Melting point/freezing point : Not applicable.

Initial boiling point and boiling range

Flammability (solid, gas)

: Lowest known value: 79.59°C (175.3°F) (butanone). Weighted average: 170.39°C (338.7°F)

Upper/lower flammability or

: Not applicable. : 0.43 - 11.5%

explosive limits

: Closed cup: 15.5°C (59.9°F)

Flash point

: Lowest known value: 400°C (752°F) (silane, trimethyoxy[3-(oxiranyl-methoxy) **Auto-ignition temperature** 

propyl]-).

**Decomposition temperature** 

: Not available. pН Not applicable. Not available. **Viscosity** 

Solubility(ies)

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### SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Media	Result
cold water	Not soluble
hot water	Not soluble

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not available.

water

Vapour pressure : Highest known value: 10.5 kPa (78.8 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (butanone). Weighted

average: 2.12 kPa (15.9 mm Hg) (at 20°C)

7.12 (butanone) compared with butyl acetate

**Density** : 1.581 to 1.618 g/cm<sup>3</sup>

Vapour density Highest known value: 11.7 (Air = 1) (epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)). Weighted

average: 6.5 (Air = 1)

**Explosive properties** : Not available. : Not available. Oxidising properties

**Particle characteristics** 

Median particle size : Not applicable.

#### 9.2 Other information

No additional information.

### SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. hazardous reactions

10.4 Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld,

braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

10.5 Incompatible materials : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

oxidising materials

10.6 Hazardous Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products

should not be produced. decomposition products Shelf life at 23 °C month(s)

### SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
<b>b</b> utanone	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	6480 mg/kg	-
2,2-bis[4	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	20 g/kg	-
(2,3-epoksipropoksi)fenil]-				
propan				
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	15600 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	(vapours)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
butanone	2737	6480	N/A	N/A	N/A

#### **Irritation/Corrosion**

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### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Formaldehyde, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane and phenol	Skin - Mild irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
butanone	Eyes - Mild irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 14 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
2,2-bis[4(2,3-epoksipropoksi) fenil]-propan	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
Oxirane, 2-(chloromethyl)-, polymer with α-hydro-ω-hydroxypoly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)]	Eyes - Mild irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
7 77	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 microliters	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
1,2-Ethanediamine, polymer with aziridine, reaction product with 2-propenoic acid, 2-ethylhexyl ester, salt with oxirane, methyl-, polymer with oxirane, monobutyl ether, phosphate	Eyes - Mild irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
[3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl] trimethoxysilane	Eyes - Irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Not available.

### **Sensitisation**

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
Formaldehyde, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane and phenol	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising
2,2-bis[4(2,3-epoksipropoksi) fenil]-propan	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising
Oxirane, 2-(chloromethyl)-, polymer with α-hydro-ω-hydroxypoly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)]	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Not available.

**Mutagenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Not available.

**Carcinogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Not available.

**Reproductive toxicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Not available.

**Teratogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

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### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
butanone	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

Information on likely routes

of exposure

: Not available.

Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact**: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering

redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Ingestion : No specific data.

### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

**Potential immediate** 

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

**Long term exposure** 

Potential immediate : Not

effects

: Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

General: Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed

to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Other information : Not available.

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### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### 12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Formaldehyde, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane and phenol	Acute EC50 2 mg/l	Daphnia	24 hours
·	Acute LC50 2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
butanone	Acute EC50 500000 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute LC50 530 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
2,2-bis[4(2,3-epoksipropoksi) fenil]-propan	Acute EC50 1.4 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3.1 mg/l Chronic NOEC 0.3 mg/l	Fish - pimephales promelas Fish	96 hours 21 days

**Conclusion/Summary**: This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Formaldehyde, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane	-	-	Not readily
and phenol 2,2-bis[4(2,3-epoksipropoksi) fenil]-propan	-	-	Not readily
[3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl] trimethoxysilane	-	-	Not readily

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Formaldehyde, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane and phenol butanone	0.3	-	low
2,2-bis[4(2,3-epoksipropoksi) fenil]-propan		31	low low

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Mobility

: Not available.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

**12.6 Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### **Product**

**Methods of disposal** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

#### **Hazardous waste**

Yes.

#### **Waste list**

Waste code	Waste code definition
08 01 11*	Waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances

#### **Packaging**

**Methods of disposal** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

### **Special precautions**

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	Paint	Paint	Paint. Marine pollutant (epoxy-formaldehyde resin (MW<700), epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700))	Paint
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	II	II	II	II
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.

### **Additional information**

ADR/RID

The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of  $\leq 5$  L or  $\leq 5$  kg.

Hazard identification number 33 Special provisions 640 (C) Tunnel code (D/E)

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### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

**ADN** 

: The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported

in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. **Special provisions** 640 (C)

**IMDG** 

: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5

kg.

Emergency schedules F-E, S-E

**IATA** 

: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other

transportation regulations.

Marking

: The environmental hazardous / marine pollutant mark is only applicable for

packages containing more than 5 litres for liquids and 5 kg for solids.

14.6 Special precautions for

user

: **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

: Not available.

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Turkey Regulation No. 30105, KKDIK

Annex 14 - List of substances subject to authorization

Annex 14

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex 17 - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles : Not applicable.

### Ozone depleting substances

Not listed.

#### Regulation on the prevention of major industrial accidents and reduction of their effects

This product is controlled under the Regulation on the prevention of major industrial accidents and reduction of their effects.

### **Danger criteria**

Category

P5c

E2

### **EU regulations**

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

**Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation** 

**Annex XIV** 

None of the components are listed.

### Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

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### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable.

on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

**Persistent Organic Pollutants** 

Not listed.

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

**Montreal Protocol** 

Not listed.

**Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants** 

Not listed.

**Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)** 

Not listed.

**UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals** 

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

: This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still

required.

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

**Abbreviations and** 

acronyms

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

EUH statement = SEA-specific Hazard statement

N/A = Not available

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration

SGG = Segregation Group

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

### Procedure used to derive the classification according to regulation SEA: RG.-10/12/2020-31330

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 2, H225	On basis of test data
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	Calculation method

#### Full text of abbreviated H statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

#### Full text of classifications [SEA/GHS]

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### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Aquatic Chronic 2 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2 Aquatic Chronic 3 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 Eye Dam. 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 Eye Irrit. 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2

Flam. Liq. 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2

Skin Irrit. 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

: 1.01

Skin Sens. 1 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 Skin Sens. 1A SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A Skin Sens. 1B SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1B

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3 STOT SE 3

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Responsible Person: Deren Ercan Mail Address: deren.metiner@iotun.com Certificate No: LONCA KDU81/2021.26

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Contact information of certified author

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Users should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.

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