SAFETY DATA SHEET



Guard Insulate

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : Guard Insulate

Product code : 47162

Product type : Powder coating.

Other means of : Not available.

identification

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use in coatings - Industrial use

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Jotun A/S
P.O.Box 2021
NA ROVNEM 866
3202 Sandefjord
Norway
JOTUN CZECH a.s.
NA ROVNEM 866
400 04 TRMICE
CZECH REPUBLIC

Tel: +47 33 45 70 00

Fax: +47 33 45 72 42 Phone : + 420 477 828 969 E-mail: SDSJotun@jotun.no Fax.: + 420 477 828 962 sdsjotun@jotun.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre

Telephone number : Contact NHS Direct; phone 0845 4647 or 111. Open 24/7.

Supplier

Telephone number : +47 33 45 70 00 Jotun Norway (head office)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

<u>Classification according to UK CLP/GHS</u>

Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Repr. 1B, H360D Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to UK CLP Regulation SI 2019/720 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms







Signal word : Danger.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 02.12.2024 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 1/15

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Hazard statements: H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 - Causes serious eye damage. H360D - May damage the unborn child.

H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

General : Not applicable.

Prevention: P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection,

or hearing protection.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P261 - Avoid breathing dust.

Response : P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.

P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. P305 + P351 + P338, P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

Storage : Not applicable.

Disposal : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional,

national and international regulations.

Supplemental label

elements

: Not applicable.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles : Restricted to professional users.

Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted with child-resistant

fastenings

: Not applicable.

Tactile warning of danger: Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII : This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a

vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

| Product/ingredient name | Identifiers | % | Classification | Type |
|--------------------------|---|-----------|---|------|
| silica, amorphous, fumed | REACH #: 01-2119379499-16 EC: 231-545-4 CAS: 7631-86-9 | ≥10 - ≤25 | Not classified. | [2] |
| dicyandiamide | EC: 207-312-8 CAS: 461-58-5 | ≤3 | Not classified. | [2] |
| disodium oxide | EC: 215-208-9 CAS: 1313-59-3 | <2.5 | Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 | [1] |
| dipotassium oxide | EC: 235-227-6 CAS: 12136-45-7 | <2.5 | Skin Corr. 1, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 | [1] |

Date of issue/Date of revision : 02.12.2024 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 2/15

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

| imidodicarbonimidic diamide, n- (2-methylphenyl)- | REACH #: 01-2119976311-39 EC: 202-268-6 CAS: 93-69-6 | ≤3 | Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 | [1] |
|---|--|----|---|-----|
| 2,4,8,10-tetraoxa- 3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl) phenoxy]- | REACH #: 01-2119977073-34 EC: 247-952-5 CAS: 26741-53-7 | ≤1 | Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1) | [1] |
| 1h-imidazole, 2-methyl- | EC: 211-765-7 CAS: 693-98-1 | <1 | Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Carc. 2, H351 Repr. 1B, H360D | [1] |
| | | | See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above. | |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

Inhalation

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 02.12.2024 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 3/15

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation redness

blistering may occur reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Do not use water jet.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not use inert gas under high pressure (e.g. CO2).

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture

: This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway sower or drain.

: Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO₂ blanket, water spray or mist.

discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous combustion products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides

Fine dust clouds may form explosive mixtures with air.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Date of issue/Date of revision : 02.12.2024 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 4/15

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

Move containers from spill area. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Place spilled material in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 02.12.2024 Version : 1 5/15 Date of previous issue : No previous validation

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

See Technical Data Sheet / packaging for further information.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available.

Industrial sector specific : Not available.

solutions

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Dust Limit: 10 mg/m³ (TWA of total inhalable dust) and 4 mg/m³ (TWA of respirable)

| Product/ingredient name | Exposure limit values |
|--------------------------|---|
| silica, amorphous, fumed | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). [silica, amorphous] |
| dicyandiamide | TWA: 2.4 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: respirable dust TWA: 6 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: inhalable dust EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). [cyanides, except HCN, cyanogen and cyanogen chloride] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as CN) 8 hours. |

Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

Recommended monitoring procedures

: Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

| Product/ingredient name | Type | Exposure | Value | Population | Effects |
|-------------------------|------|--------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------|----------|
| dicyandiamide | DNEL | Long term Oral | 6.5 mg/kg | General | Systemic |
| | | | bw/day | population | |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 6.5 mg/kg | General | Systemic |
| | DATE | | bw/day | population | |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 11.2 mg/m³ | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 15.3 mg/m³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 30.1 mg/ kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 56 mg/m ³ | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 76.5 mg/m³ | | Systemic |
| dipotassium oxide | DNEL | Short term Dermal | 0.562 mg/ cm ² | General population | Local |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 0.562 mg/ cm ² | General population | Local |
| | DNEL | Short term Dermal | 1.124 mg/ cm ² | Workers | Local |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 1.124 mg/ cm ² | Workers | Local |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 4.55 mg/ kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |

Date of issue/Date of revision : 02.12.2024 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 6/15

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

| | | | • | | | |
|-----|---|-------------|----------------------|------------------------|----------------|-------------|
| | | DNEL | Short term | 7.9 mg/m ³ | General | Systemic |
| | | | Inhalation | | population | I |
| | | DNEL | Short term | 7.913 mg/ | General | Local |
| | | | Inhalation | m³ | population | |
| | | DNEL | Long term | 7.913 mg/ | General | Local |
| | | DITLE | Inhalation | m ³ | population | Local |
| | | DNEI | | | | Cyatamia |
| | | DNEL | Long term | 7.913 mg/ | General | Systemic |
| | | | Inhalation | m³ | population | l |
| | | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 9.1 mg/kg | Workers | Systemic |
| | | | | bw/day | | |
| | | DNEL | Short term | 15.83 mg/ | Workers | Local |
| | | | Inhalation | m³ | | |
| | | DNEL | Long term | 15.83 mg/ | Workers | Local |
| | | | Inhalation | m³ | | |
| | | DNEL | Short term | 15.83 mg/ | Workers | Systemic |
| | | DIVLL | Inhalation | m ³ | WOIKEIS | Gysternic |
| | | DAICI | | | 1111 | Ct : - |
| | | DNEL | Long term | 15.83 mg/ | Workers | Systemic |
| | | | Inhalation | m³ | | 1_ |
| | | DNEL | Short term Dermal | 100 mg/kg | General | Systemic |
| | | | | bw/day | population | I |
| | | DNEL | Short term Oral | 182 mg/kg | General | Systemic |
| | | | | bw/day | population | |
| | | DNEL | Long term Oral | 182 mg/kg | General | Systemic |
| | | | | bw/day | population | _ , 5.55 |
| | | DNEL | Short term Dermal | 200 mg/kg | Workers | Systemic |
| | | DINEL | Short term Dermai | | WOIKEIS | Systemic |
| ١. | | - · · · · · | | bw/day | | ۱ |
| | midodicarbonimidic diamide, n- | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 1 mg/kg | Workers | Systemic |
| (| 2-methylphenyl)- | | | bw/day | | |
| | | DNEL | Long term | 1.47 mg/m ³ | General | Local |
| | | | Inhalation | Ū | population | |
| | | DNEL | Long term | 1.47 mg/m ³ | General | Systemic |
| | | | Inhalation | | population | 1 |
| | | DNEL | Long term Oral | 1.67 mg/ | General | Systemic |
| | | DIVLL | Long term Oral | | | Systemic |
| | | DAICI | 1 4 | kg bw/day | population | 11 1 |
| | | DNEL | Long term | 5.88 mg/m ³ | vvorkers | Local |
| | | | Inhalation | | | 1_ |
| | | DNEL | Long term | 5.88 mg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | | | Inhalation | | 1 | I |
| | | DNEL | Short term | 8.82 mg/m ³ | General | Local |
| | | | Inhalation | Ü | population | |
| | | DNEL | Short term | 8.82 mg/m ³ | General | Systemic |
| | | | Inhalation | 3.5g/ | population | - , |
| | | DNEL | Short term Oral | 10 mg/kg | General | Systemic |
| | | DINCL | Onon tenn Oral | | | Cystellille |
| | | סאיבי | 01 | bw/day | population | |
| | | DNEL | Short term Dermal | 27.8 mg/ | General | Local |
| | | | | cm² | population | |
| | | DNEL | Short term Dermal | 27.8 mg/ | General | Systemic |
| | | | | kg bw/day | population | |
| | | DNEL | Short term | 35.26 mg/ | Workers | Local |
| | | | Inhalation | m³ | | |
| | | DNEL | Short term | 35.26 mg/ | Workers | Systemic |
| | | | Inhalation | m ³ | | - , |
| | | DNEL | Short term Dermal | 55.6 mg/ | Workers | Local |
| | | DINEL | CHOIL ICHH DEHHA | • | 4 4 OLVOL9 | Local |
| | | האורי | Chart tares Daniel | cm ² | \\/ = w < = : | Custom:!- |
| | | DNEL | Short term Dermal | 55.6 mg/ | Workers | Systemic |
| | | | | kg bw/day | | |
| | 2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro | DNEL | Long term Oral | 0.39 mg/ | General | Systemic |
| [| 5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis[2,4-bis | | | kg bw/day | population | |
| | 1,1-dimethylethyl)phenoxy]- | | | | | |
| ` | 7 | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 0.39 mg/ | General | Systemic |
| | | - | J 2all | kg bw/day | population | , ···- |
| | | DNEL | Long term | 0.68 mg/m ³ | | Systemic |
| | | J. 1LL | Inhalation | 5.55 mg/m | population | 2,000,1110 |
| - 1 | | | | 0.70 | | 0 |
| J | ! | DVIE | II and tarm I larma' | | Warkere | |
| | | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 0.78 mg/ | Workers | Systemic |

Date of issue/Date of revision: 02.12.2024Date of previous issue: No previous validationVersion: 1

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | kg bw/day 2.75 mg/m³ | Workers | Systemic |
|-------------------------|------|-------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|----------|
| 1h-imidazole, 2-methyl- | DNEL | Long term Oral | 0.02 mg/ kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 0.04 mg/ kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 0.3 mg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic |

PNECs

No PNECs available

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying to ISO 16321-1:2022 should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Skin protection

Hand protection

There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.

The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product.

The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.

Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

Gloves

Wear suitable gloves tested to ISO 374-1:2016.

Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: neoprene (> 0.35 mm), PVC (> 0.5 mm), butyl rubber (> 0.4 mm), nitrile rubber (> 0.75 mm)

For right choice of glove materials, with focus on chemical resistance and time of penetration, seek advice by the supplier of chemical resistant gloves.

The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 02.12.2024 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 8/15

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Respiratory protection

: If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use a respirator according to EN 140. If dust is generated and ventilation is inadequate, use respirator that will protect against dust/mist. (FFP2 / N95).

Environmental exposure controls

: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Solid. Powder.

Colour : Various

Odour : Odourless.

Odour threshold : Not applicable.

Melting point (dust) : 85 - 115 °C

Initial boiling point and : Not applicable.

boiling range Flammability

: Not applicable.

Lower explosion limit (dust) : 30 g/m³ (EN 14034-3) Minimum ignition energy (mJ) : 10 - 30 (EN 13821)

Flash point : Closed cup: Not applicable.

Auto-ignition temperature : > 400°C **Decomposition temperature** : 230°C

pH : Not applicable.Viscosity : Not applicable.

Solubility(ies) :

| Media | Result |
|------------|-------------|
| cold water | Not soluble |
| hot water | Not soluble |

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not applicable.

water

Vapour pressure : Not applicable.

Evaporation rate : Not applicable.

Density : 1.2 to 1.9 g/cm³

Vapour density : Not applicable.

Particle characteristics

Median particle size : Not available.

9.2 Other information

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : Fine dust clouds may form explosive mixtures with air.

10.2 Chemical stability : Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).

10.3 Possibility of : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).

Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 02.12.2024 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 9/15

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by earthing and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material.

Prevent dust accumulation.

10.5 Incompatible materials

: Not applicable.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide,

carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|------------------------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|----------|
| silica, amorphous, fumed | LD50 Oral | Rat | 3160 mg/kg | - |
| dicyandiamide | LD50 Oral | Rat | >20000 mg/kg | - |
| imidodicarbonimidic | LD50 Dermal | Rat - Male, | >3100 mg/kg | - |
| diamide, n-(2-methylphenyl)- | | Female | | |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat - Male | 2390 mg/kg | - |
| 1h-imidazole, 2-methyl- | LD50 Oral | Mouse | 1400 mg/kg | - |

Acute toxicity estimates

| Product/ingredient name | Oral (mg/ kg) | Dermal (mg/kg) | Inhalation (gases) (ppm) | Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l) | |
|--|------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------|
| silica, amorphous, fumed imidodicarbonimidic diamide, n-(2-methylphenyl)-1h-imidazole, 2-methyl- | | N/A N/A N/A | N/A N/A N/A | N/A N/A N/A | N/A N/A N/A |

Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
|--|------------------------|---------|-------|--------------------------|-------------|
| imidodicarbonimidic diamide, n-(2-methylphenyl)- | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 100 microliters | - |

Sensitisation

| Product/ingredient name | Route of exposure | Species | Result |
|--|-------------------|------------------------------|-------------|
| imidodicarbonimidic diamide, n-(2-methylphenyl)- | skin | Mammal - species unspecified | Sensitising |

Mutagenicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproductive toxicity

Developmental effects: May damage the unborn child.

Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity

May damage the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Date of issue/Date of revision: 02.12.2024Date of previous issue: No previous validationVersion: 1

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

General : Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed

to very low levels.

Other information : None identified.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Coating powder residues should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses or be deposited where they could affect ground or surface waters.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for eco-toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|--|--|--|---------------------|
| dipotassium oxide | Acute LC50 917600 μg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 2 g/L Fresh water | Fish - Rohu - Labeo rohita Fish - Indian catfish - Heteropneustes fossilis | 96 hours 40 days |
| 2,4,8,10-tetraoxa- 3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5] undecane, 3,9-bis[2,4-bis (1,1-dimethylethyl)phenoxy]- | Acute EC50 97 mg/l | Algae | 72 hours |
| | Acute LC50 70.7 mg/l Chronic NOEC 0.1 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |
| 1h-imidazole, 2-methyl- | Acute LC50 286000 to 307000 µg/l Fresh water | Daphnia Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas | 21 days 96 hours |

Conclusion/Summary

: This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Date of issue/Date of revision: 02.12.2024Date of previous issue: No previous validationVersion: 1

SECTION 12: Ecological information

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|-------------------------|--------|------|-----------|
| dicyandiamide | -1 | 3.09 | low |
| 1h-imidazole, 2-methyl- | 0.24 | - | low |

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Mobility : Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Other adverse effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste

Yes.

Waste catalogue

| Waste code | Waste designation |
|------------|---|
| 08 01 11* | Waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances |

Packaging

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

| Type of packaging | | Waste catalogue |
|-------------------|-----------|--|
| CEPE Guidelines | 15 01 10* | packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances |

Special precautions

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

| | ADR/RID | ADN | IMDG | IATA |
|------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| 14.1 UN number | Not regulated. | Not regulated. | Not regulated. | Not regulated. |
| 14.2 UN proper shipping name | - | - | - | - |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |

Date of issue/Date of revision : 02.12.2024 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 12/15

SECTION 14: Transport information

| 14.3 Transport hazard class(es) | - | - | - | - |
|------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 14.4 Packing group | - | - | - | - |
| 14.5 Environmental hazards | No. | No. | No. | No. |

user

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

: Not available.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture **UK (GB)/REACH**

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

| Intrinsic property | Ingredient name | Status | Reference number | Date of revision |
|-----------------------|-------------------|-----------|--------------------|------------------|
| Toxic to reproduction | 2-methylimidazole | Candidate | D(2020) 4578-DC | 25.06.2020 |

Ozone depleting substances

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Restricted to professional users. on the manufacture. placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Seveso Directive

This product is not controlled under the Seveso Directive.

EU regulations

Industrial emissions : Listed (integrated pollution prevention and control) -

Air

Date of issue/Date of revision : 02.12.2024 Date of previous issue Version:1 13/15 : No previous validation

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Industrial emissions : Listed

(integrated pollution prevention and control) -

Water

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety

: This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still

assessment

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

GB CLP = UK CLP (EC No 1272/2008) on the Classification, Labelling and

Packaging of Substances and Mixtures as amended by (EU Exit) Regulations 2019

No. 720 and amendments

DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = GB CLP-specific Hazard statement

N/A = Not available

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

SGG = Segregation Group

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification

| Classification | Justification | |
|-------------------------|--------------------|--|
| Skin Irrit. 2, H315 | Calculation method | |
| Eye Dam. 1, H318 | Calculation method | |
| Skin Sens. 1, H317 | Calculation method | |
| Repr. 1B, H360D | Calculation method | |
| Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 | Calculation method | |

Full text of abbreviated H statements

| H302 | Harmful if swallowed. |
|-------|---|
| H314 | Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. |
| H315 | Causes skin irritation. |
| H317 | May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| H318 | Causes serious eye damage. |
| H351 | Suspected of causing cancer. |
| H360D | May damage the unborn child. |
| H410 | Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| H412 | Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |

Full text of classifications

Date of issue/Date of revision : 02.12.2024 Version:1 14/15 Date of previous issue : No previous validation

SECTION 16: Other information

Acute Tox. 4 ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4

Aquatic Chronic 1 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3

Carc. 2 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

Eye Dam. 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1

Repr. 1B REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 1B
Skin Corr. 1 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1
Skin Corr. 1B SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B
Skin Corr. 1C SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1C
Skin Irrit. 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

Skin Sens. 1 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1

Date of printing : 02.12.2024 Date of issue/ Date of : 02.12.2024

revision

Date of previous issue : No previous validation

Version : 1

Notice to reader

The information in this document is given to the best of Jotun's knowledge, based on laboratory testing and practical experience. Jotun's products are considered as semi-finished goods and as such, products are often used under conditions beyond Jotun's control. Jotun cannot guarantee anything but the quality of the product itself. Minor product variations may be implemented in order to comply with local requirements. Jotun reserves the right to change the given data without further notice.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 02.12.2024 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 15/15