SAFETY DATA SHEET



Hardtop F20 HS Comp A

Section 1. Identification	
GHS product identifier	: Hardtop F20 HS Comp A
Product code	: 47825
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product type	: Liquid.
Product description	: Paint. Polymer.
	f the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Use in coatings - Profess	ional use
Supplier's details	: 佐敦涂料(张家港)有限公司 江苏省张家港保税区扬子江化学工业园长江路15号 215634 电话: +86 512 58937988 传真: +86 512 58937986
	Jotun Coatings (Zhangjiagang) Co. Ltd No.15 Changjiang Road Jiangsu Yangtze River International Chemical Industry Park, Zhangjiagang Free Trade Zone, Jiangsu Province 215634 Tel: +86 512 58937988 Fax: +86 512 58937986
	Jotun Paints (Malaysia) Sdn Bhd, Lot 7 Persiaran Perusahaan, Section 23 40300 SHAH ALAM, Selangor Darul Ehsan Malaysia Tel: +603 51235500 Fax: +603 51235599
	SDSJotun@jotun.com
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: Jotun Coatings (Taiwan) Ltd. Co. Tel: +886 2 87705061

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 AQUATIC TOXICITY (ACUTE) - Category 3 AQUATIC TOXICITY (CHRONIC) - Category 3
GHS label elements Hazard pictograms	

Section 2. Hazards identification

Signal word	: Warning.
Hazard statements	 H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour. H315 - Causes skin irritation. H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H319 - Causes serious eye irritation. H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	2
Prevention	 P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P273 - Avoid release to the environment. P261 - Avoid breathing vapour.
Response	 P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	 P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P403 + P235 - Keep cool.
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Other hazards which do not : None known. result in classification

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

Product name	% (w/w)	CAS number	Туре
Ethene, 1-chloro-1,2,2-trifluoro-, polymer with 1,1-difluoroethene	≥10 - <20	9010-75-7	[1]
n-butyl acetate	≥10 - ≤25	123-86-4	[1] [2]
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	≤10	108-65-6	[1]
decanedioic acid, 1,10-bis (1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl) ester, mixt. with 1-methyl 10-(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl- 4-piperidinyl) decanedioate	≤1	1065336-91-5	[1]
propylidynetrimethanol	≤0.3	77-99-6	[1]
产品名称	% (w/w)	CAS号码	类型
Ethene, 1-chloro-1,2,2-trifluoro-, polymer with 1,1-difluoroethene	≥10 - <20	9010-75-7	[1]
醋酸丁酯	≥10 - ≤25	123-86-4	[1] [2]
2-甲氧基-1-甲基乙基醋酸酯	≤10	108-65-6	[1]
decanedioic acid, 1,10-bis (1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl)	≤1	1065336-91-5	[1]
Date of issue/Date of revision : 14.08.2023	Date of previous issue	:18.07.2023 Version :1	1.02 2/1

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

ester, mixt. with 1-methyl 10-(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl) decanedioate

2-乙基-2-羟甲基-1,3-丙二醇

≤0.3

77-99-6

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

<u>Type</u>

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects	<u> </u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/sympto	o <u>ms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness

[1]

Section 4. First aid measures

Inhalation	: A	Adverse symptoms may include the following:
	n	ausea or vomiting
	h	leadache
	d	Irowsiness/fatigue
	d	lizziness/vertigo
	u	Inconsciousness
Skin contact	: A	Adverse symptoms may include the following:
		ritation
	re	edness
Ingestion	: N	lo specific data.
ndication of immediate me	<u>dical a</u>	attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: Т	reat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large
		uantities have been ingested or inhaled.
· · · · · · ·		le apositie treatment
Specific treatments	: N	
Specific treatments		lo specific treatment.
Specific treatments Protection of first-aiders	: N is m	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
	inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

Date of issue/Date of revision

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
Methods and material for cor	tainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	
Protective measures	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well- ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name		Exposure limits
n-butyl acetate		TW Minstry of Labor, labor permissible workplace exposure standards, allowable concentration (Taiwan, 3/2018). STEL: 890 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 187.5 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 712 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.
Biological exposure indice	<u>s</u>	
No exposure indices known.		
controls ventilation or other engineering cont contaminants below any recommen also need to keep gas, vapour or du		ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust eering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls apour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive pof ventilation equipment.
Individual protection measu		
Respiratory protection	appropriate standard or o	I potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the certification. Respirators must be used according to a ogram to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important
Hand protection	resistance to any individu The breakthrough time m The instructions and info storage, maintenance an Gloves should be replace material. Always ensure that glove correctly. The performance or effect damage and poor mainter	to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be
	alcohol (PVA) (> 0.3 mm May be used, gloves(bre	preakthrough time) > 8 hours: Teflon (> 0.35 mm), polyvinyl) akthrough time) 4 - 8 hours: 4H/Silver Shield® (> 0.07 mm), nitrile rubber (> 0.4 mm), neoprene (> 0.35 mm), PVC (>
		materials, with focus on chemical resistance and time of by the supplier of chemical resistant gloves.
		t the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this opriate and takes into account the particular conditions of ser's risk assessment.
Eye protection	assessment indicates thi gases or dusts. If contact	g to ISO 16321-1:2022 should be used when a risk s is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, et is possible, the following protection should be worn, ndicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash
Body protection	: Personal protective equip being performed and the before handling this prod wear anti-static protective	oment for the body should be selected based on the task risks involved and should be approved by a specialist uct. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, e clothing. For the greatest protection from static uld include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	selected based on the ta	d any additional skin protection measures should be sk being performed and the risks involved and should be before handling this product.
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 14.08.2023 Date of previo	ous issue : 18.07.2023 Version : 1.02 6/13

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Colour	: Various
Odour	: Characteristic.
Odour threshold	: Not available.
рН	Not applicable.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not applicable.
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	: Not available.
Flash point	: Closed cup: 34°C (93.2°F)
Flammability	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	: 1.4 - 7.6%
Vapour pressure	:

	V	apour Pres	ssure at 20°C	V	Vapour pressure at 50°C		
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method	
n-butyl acetate	11.25	1.5	DIN EN 13016-2				
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	2.7	0.36	OECD 104				
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	2.5	0.33					
mesitylene	2.4	0.32					
di-isobutyl ketone	1.73	0.23					
n-butyl methacrylate	1.59	0.21	OECD 104				
aluminum hydroxide	<0.075	<0.01					
12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine	0	0					
decanedioic acid, 1,10-bis (1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl- 4-piperidinyl) ester, mixt. with 1-methyl 10- (1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl- 4-piperidinyl) decanedioate	0	0					
propylidynetrimethanol	0	0					

Density

: 1.524 to 1.527 g/cm³

÷

Solubility(ies)

Media	Result	
cold water hot water	Not soluble Not soluble	

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 18.07.2023

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Partition coefficient: n-

: Not applicable.

ż

octanol/water **Auto-ignition temperature**

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method	
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	280 to 470	536 to 878		
n-butyl methacrylate	290	554		
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	333	631.4	DIN 51794	
di-isobutyl ketone	345	653		
n-butyl acetate	415	779	EU A.15	
mesitylene	559	1038.2		

Viscosity

: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >20.5 mm²/s (>20.5 cSt)

Particle characteristics Median particle size

: Not applicable.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity **Chemical stability** : The product is stable. **Possibility of hazardous** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. reactions **Conditions to avoid** : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. **Incompatible materials** : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials **Hazardous decomposition** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products

should not be produced. products

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	>21.1 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	13100 mg/kg	-
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
propylidynetrimethanol	LD50 Oral LD50 Oral	Rat Rat	8532 mg/kg 14000 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Ethene, 1-chloro- 1,2,2-trifluoro-, polymer with 1,1-difluoroethene	Eyes - Mild irritant Skin - Mild irritant	Mammal - species unspecified Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-

Sensitisation

Date of issue/Date of revision

Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Ethene, 1-chloro-1,2,2-trifluoro-, polymer with 1,1-difluoroethene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
n-butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on likely routes : Not available.

of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate eff	ects as well as chronic effects from sho	ort and long-term ex	<u>posure</u>
<u>Short term exposure</u>			
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.		
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 14.08.2023 Date of previous issue	: 18.07.2023	Versio

Section 11. Toxicological information

Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
<u>Long term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	<u>ect</u>	<u>S</u>
Not available.		
General	;	Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Hardtop F20 HS Comp A	N/A	N/A	N/A	63.9	N/A
Ethene, 1-chloro-1,2,2-trifluoro-, polymer with 1,1-difluoroethene	N/A	N/A	N/A	11	N/A
n-butyl acetate	13100	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	8532	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
propylidynetrimethanol	14000	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
decanedioic acid, 1,10-bis (1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl- 4-piperidinyl) ester, mixt. with 1-methyl 10- (1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl- 4-piperidinyl) decanedioate	Acute EC50 1.68 mg/l	Algae	96 hours
	Acute LC50 0.9 mg/l Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l	Fish Daphnia	96 hours 21 days

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
n-butyl acetate 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl	2.3 1.2		low low
acetate propylidynetrimethanol	-0.47	<1	low

Mobility in soil

Section 12. Ecological information

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. з. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

		UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263		UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	Paint		Paint	Paint
Transport hazard class(es)	3		3	3
Packing group				
Environmental hazards	No.		No.	No.
Additional informat ADR/RID		receptacles Tunnel restric Hazard identif	< 450 litre capacity). tion code: (D/E) ication number: 30	, ref. chapter 2.2.3.1.5 (applicable to
IMDG		IMDG: Viscou	<u>chedules</u> F-E, <u>S-E</u> s substance. Transport in acco receptacles <450 litre capac	ordance with paragraph 2.3.2.5 ity).
Special precautions	for user	upright and se		transport in closed containers that are nsporting the product know what to do i
Fransport in bulk action of IMO instruments	ccording	: Not available.		

Section 15. Regulatory information

TCCSCA List of toxic chemicals

Not applicable.

TCCSCA List of concerned chemicals

Not applicable.

OSHA Enforcement Rules : This product contains substances "Specially hazardous to health": n-butyl acetate. Article 28

Organic solvent poisoning : Type 2 prevention rule

Priority management chemicals, Article 2

Chemical substances possessing physical hazards or health hazards (Article 2.2 (II))

Ingredient name	Name on list	Concentration
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	butyl acetate propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate butyl methacrylate	≥10 - ≤25 ≤10 ≤0.1

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Section 16. Other information

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3	On basis of test data
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2	Calculation method
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A	Calculation method
SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Narcotic effects) - Category 3	Calculation method
AQUATIC TOXICITY (ACUTE) - Category 3	Calculation method
AQUATIC TOXICITY (CHRONIC) - Category 3	Calculation method
References : Not available	+

References	Not available.
Organisation that prepared the SDS	: Jotun AS, Norway +47 33 45 70 00
<u>History</u>	
Date of printing	: 14.08.2023
Date of previous issue	: 18.07.2023
Version	: 1.02

Section 16. Other information

Kow to obbroviations	· ATE - Aguto Toxicity Estimate
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
	BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
	GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
	IATA = International Air Transport Association
	IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
	IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
	LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
	MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,
	1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
	N/A = Not available
	SGG = Segregation Group
	UN = United Nations

V Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

The information in this document is given to the best of Jotun's knowledge, based on laboratory testing and practical experience. Jotun's products are considered as semi-finished goods and as such, products are often used under conditions beyond Jotun's control. Jotun cannot guarantee anything but the quality of the product itself. Minor product variations may be implemented in order to comply with local requirements. Jotun reserves the right to change the given data without further notice.

Users should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.