SAFETY DATA SHEET



Jotachar JF750 XT Comp A

Section 1. Identi	fication
GHS product identifier	: Z外膨胀型钢结构防火涂料 组份A
Product code	: 49282
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product type	: Liquid.
Product description	: Paint.
	f the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Use in coatings - Industria	al use
Supplier's details	 : 佐敦涂料(张家港)有限公司 江苏省张家港保税区扬子江化学工业园长江路15号 215634 电话: +86 512 58937988 传真: +86 512 58937986 Jotun Coatings (Zhangjiagang) Co. Ltd No.15 Changjiang Road Jiangsu Yangtze River International Chemical Industry Park, Zhangjiagang Free Trade Zone, Jiangsu Province 215634 Tel: +86 512 58937988 Fax: +86 512 58937986
	Jotun Paints (Malaysia) Sdn Bhd, Lot 7 Persiaran Perusahaan, Section 23 40300 SHAH ALAM, Selangor Darul Ehsan Malaysia Tel: +603 51235500 Fax: +603 51235599
	SDSJotun@jotun.com
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: Jotun Coatings (Taiwan) Ltd. Co. Tel: +886 2 87705061
Section 2. Hazar	ds identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	: SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
	REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 1B
	AQUATIC TOXICITY (ACUTE) - Category 2
	AQUATIC TOXICITY (CHRONIC) - Category 2

GHS label elements

Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger.
Hazard statements	 H315 - Causes skin irritation. H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 - Causes serious eye damage. H351 - Suspected of causing cancer. H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child. H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	 P201 - Obtain special instructions before use. P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. P273 - Avoid release to the environment. P261 - Avoid breathing vapour.
Response	 P391 - Collect spillage. P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. P305 + P351 + P338, P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
Storage	: Not applicable.
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other hazards which do not	: None known.

result in classification

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of identification	: Not available.

Product name	% (w/w)	CAS number	Туре
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	≥25 - ≤50	1675-54-3	[1]
hexaboron dizinc undecaoxide, hydrate	≥10 - <25	138265-88-0	[1]
silane, trimethyoxy[3-(oxiranyl-methoxy)propyl]-	≤10	2530-83-8	[1]
1,6-Hexanediol, reaction products with epichlorohydrin	≤10	933999-84-9	[1]
Phenol, isobutylenated, phosphate (3:1)	≤10	68937-40-6	[1]
melamine	<10	108-78-1	[1]

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

		0	
物品名稱	% (w/w)	化學文摘社登記號碼(CAS No.)	類型
環氧樹脂 (MW _≤ 700)	≥ ²⁵ - ≤ ⁵⁰	1675-54-3	[1]
hexaboron dizinc undecaoxide, hydrate	≥10 - <25	138265-88-0	[1]
[3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl]trimethoxysilane	≤10	2530-83-8	[1]
1,6-Hexanediol, reaction products with epichlorohydrin	≤10	933999-84-9	[1]
Phenol, isobutylenated, phosphate (3:1)	≤10	68937-40-6	[1]
melamine	<10	108-78-1	[1]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessa	ry first aid measures
Eye contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
Inhalation	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact : Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.	Inhalation Skin contact	 No known significant effects or critical hazards. Causes skin irritation May cause an allergic skin reaction
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Section 4. First aid measures

Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/s	symptoms
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
ndication of immediate	medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	 In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

- **Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.
- Protection of first-aiders
 No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Section 5. Firefighting measures

• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	iate protective equipment and self-contained a full face-piece operated in positive pressure
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Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.
Methods and material for cont	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	L	
Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

None.

Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

Appropriate engineering controls	:	If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.
Individual protection measur	<u>es</u>	
Respiratory protection	:	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
Hand protection	:	There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals. The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material. Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly. The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.
		Wear suitable gloves tested to ISO 374-1:2016. Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: nitrile rubber (> 0.75 mm), butyl rubber (> 0.4 mm), PVC (> 0.5 mm) For right choice of glove materials, with focus on chemical resistance and time of penetration, seek advice by the supplier of chemical resistant gloves.
		The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.
Eye protection	:	Safety eyewear complying to ISO 16321-1:2022 should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Body protection	:	Use chemical-resistant protective suit / disposable overall.
		Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	:	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance

Physical state	1	Liquid.
Colour	1	Grey.
Odour	1	Characteristic.
Odour threshold	1	Not available.
рН	1	Not applicable.
Melting point/freezing point	1	Not applicable.
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	:	Not available.

Flash point

ash point	÷						
	Closed cup				Open cup		
Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method	°C	°F	Method	
hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	39	102.2	ISO 13736				
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)				79	174.2		
Phenol, isobutylenated, phosphate (3:1)	>80	>176					
1,6-Hexanediol, reaction products with epichlorohydrin	>93	>199.4					
silane, trimethyoxy[3-(oxiranyl- methoxy)propyl]-				110	230	ASTM D 93	

Flammability

: Not available.

Lower and upper explosion : Not applicable. limit/flammability limit

	Va	Vapour Pressure at 20°C		Vapour pressure at 50°C		
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	20.25	2.7				
water	17.5	2.3				
silane, trimethyoxy[3-(oxiranyl- methoxy)propyl]-	0.0082	0.0011				
Phenol, isobutylenated, phosphate (3:1)	0.00000031	0.000000041				
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	0	0				
polyphosphoric acids, ammonium salts	0	0				

Density

: 1.425 g/cm³

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Solubility(ies)

Media	Result
cold water hot water	Not soluble Not soluble
artition coefficient: n- : Not : Not : ctanol/water	applicable.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Auto-ignition temperature

Auto-ignition temperature :						
Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method			
carbon	<200	<392				
hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	280 to 470	536 to 878				
silane, trimethyoxy[3-(oxiranyl-methoxy)propyl]-	400	752	DIN 51794			
melamine	>400	>752	EU A.16			
Decomposition temperature : Not available.						
Viscosity : Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >20.5 mm ² /s (>20.5 cSt)						
Particle characteristics						

Median particle size : Not applicable.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity				
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.			
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.			
Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.			
Incompatible materials	: No specific data.			
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.			

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	20 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	15600 mg/kg	-
Phenol, isobutylenated, phosphate (3:1)	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
melamine	LD50 Oral	Rat	3161 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

· (NANA) (700)		Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
silane, trimethyoxy[3- (oxiranyl-methoxy)propyl]-	Eyes - Irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
1,6-Hexanediol, reaction products with epichlorohydrin	Eyes - Mild irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
Phenol, isobutylenated, phosphate (3:1)	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
melamine	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-

Section 11. Toxicological information

		mi	illigrams
Sensitisation	·	· · ·	

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result		
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising		
1,6-Hexanediol, reaction products with epichlorohydrin	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising		

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Maternal toxicity	Fertility	Developmental toxin	Species	Dose	Exposure
hexaboron dizinc undecaoxide, hydrate melamine	-	Positive Positive	-	Rat Rat - Male	Oral: 100 mg/kg Oral: 89 mg/kg	- days

Conclusion/Summary : Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name		Route of exposure	Target organs
melamine	Category 2	-	urinary tract

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on likely routes : Not available.

of exposure

Potential acute health effects

: Causes serious eye damage.
: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Section 11. Toxicological information

Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effect	ts	as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	1	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
<u>Long term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	1	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	1	Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	ect	<u>s</u>
Not available.		
General	:	Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	:	Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	:	May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

N/A

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
	Acute EC50 1.4 mg/l Acute LC50 3.1 mg/l Chronic NOEC 0.3 mg/l		48 hours 96 hours 21 days

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700) silane, trimethyoxy[3- (oxiranyl-methoxy)propyl]-	-		Not readily Not readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700) Phenol, isobutylenated, phosphate (3:1)	2.64 to 3.78 4.85	31 1850	low high
melamine	-1.22	<3.8	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

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Disposal methods
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Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN3082	UN3082	UN3082
UN proper shipping name	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (paint) (Phenol, isobutylenated, phosphate (3:1), epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700))	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (paint) (Phenol, isobutylenated, phosphate (3:1), epoxy resin (MW \leq 700)). Marine pollutant (Phenol, isobutylenated, phosphate (3:1), epoxy resin (MW \leq 700))	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (paint) (Phenol, isobutylenated, phosphate (3:1), epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700))
Transport hazard class(es)	9	9	9
Packing group	Ш	Ш	111
Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.

Additional information

: This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8.

ADR/RID

: Tunnel restriction code: (-) Hazard identification number: 90 Special provisions: 375

[:] The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	-	
IMDG	:	This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of \leq 5 L or \leq 5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8. Emergency schedules F-A, S-F
ΙΑΤΑ	:	This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of \leq 5 L or \leq 5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 5.0.2.4.1, 5.0.2.6.1.1 and 5.0.2.8.
Special precautions for user	:	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
Transport in bulk according	:	Not available.

to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

TCCSCA List of toxic chemicals

Listed no.	Series no.	Ingredient name	RQ	Class 1	Class 2	Class 3	Class 4
185	1	melamine	-	-	-	-	Listed

TCCSCA List of concerned chemicals

Not applicable.

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Section 16. Other information

Procedure used to derive the classification

	Justification	
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATI SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE SKIN SENSITISATION - Cate CARCINOGENICITY - Catego REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY AQUATIC TOXICITY (ACUTE AQUATIC TOXICITY (CHROI	E IRRITATION - Category 1 gory 1 ory 2 - Category 1B E) - Category 2	Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method
References	: Not available.	
Organisation that prepared the SDS	: Jotun AS, Norway +47 33 45 70 00	
<u>History</u>		
Date of printing	: 26.06.2024	
Date of previous issue	: 25.06.2024	
Version	: 1.04	

Section 16. Other information

Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
	BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
	GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
	IATA = International Air Transport Association
	IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
	IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
	LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
	MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,
	1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
	N/A = Not available
	SGG = Segregation Group
	UN = United Nations
	UN = United Nations

V Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

The information in this document is given to the best of Jotun's knowledge, based on laboratory testing and practical experience. Jotun's products are considered as semi-finished goods and as such, products are often used under conditions beyond Jotun's control. Jotun cannot guarantee anything but the quality of the product itself. Minor product variations may be implemented in order to comply with local requirements. Jotun reserves the right to change the given data without further notice.

Users should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.