

# SAFETY DATA SHEET



Jotun Protects Property

## Jotachar JF750 XT Comp B

### Section 1. Identification

<b>GHS product identifier</b>	: Jotachar JF750 XT Comp B
<b>Product code</b>	: 49283
<b>Other means of identification</b>	: Not available.
<b>Product type</b>	: Liquid.
<b>Product description</b>	: Paint.

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use in coatings - Industrial use

<b>Supplier's details</b>	: 佐敦涂料（张家港）有限公司 江苏省张家港保税区扬子江化学工业园长江路15号 215634 电话: +86 512 58937988 传真: +86 512 58937986
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### Section 2. Hazards identification

<b>Classification of the substance or mixture</b>	: ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 5 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1C SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 AQUATIC TOXICITY (ACUTE) - Category 2 AQUATIC TOXICITY (CHRONIC) - Category 2
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#### GHS label elements

## Section 2. Hazards identification

### Hazard pictograms



### Signal word

: Danger.

### Hazard statements

: H303 - May be harmful if swallowed.  
 H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.  
 H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.  
 H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### Precautionary statements

#### Prevention

: P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.  
 P273 - Avoid release to the environment.  
 P261 - Avoid breathing vapour.

#### Response

: P391 - Collect spillage.  
 P304 + P310 - IF INHALED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.  
 P301 + P310, P330, P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.  
 P303 + P361 + P353, P310 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.  
 P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.  
 P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.  
 P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.  
 P305 + P351 + P338, P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

#### Storage

: Not applicable.

#### Disposal

: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

**Other hazards which do not result in classification** : None known.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

### Substance/mixture

: Mixture

### Other means of identification

: Not available.

Product name	% (w/w)	CAS number	Type
Carbomonocyclic alkylated mixtures of poly-aza-alkanes, hydrogenated	≥10 - ≤23	1173092-74-4	[1]
hydrocarbons, c9-unsatd., polymd.	≤3	71302-83-5	[1]
Formaldehyde, oligomeric reaction products with phenol	≤3	9003-35-4	[1]
3-aminopropyldiethylamine	≤1.3	104-78-9	[1]
Phenol, methylstyrenated	≤3	68512-30-1	[1]
benzenedimethanamine, n-(2-phenylethyl) derivs.	<1	404362-22-7	[1]
melamine	≤0.3	108-78-1	[1]

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

物品名稱	% (w/w)	化學文摘社登記號碼(CAS No.)	類型
氮化单环烷基化聚氮杂烷烃混合物	$\geq 10 - \leq 23$	1173092-74-4	[1]
Hydrocarbons, C9-unsatd., polymd.	$\leq 3$	71302-83-5	[1]
Formaldehyde, oligomeric reaction products with phenol	$\leq 3$	9003-35-4	[1]
3-氨基丙基二乙胺	$\leq 1.3$	104-78-9	[1]
Phenol, methylstyrenated	$\leq 3$	68512-30-1	[1]
1,3-Benzenedimethanamine, N-(2-phenylethyl) derivs.	$< 1$	404362-22-7	[1]
melamine	$\leq 0.3$	108-78-1	[1]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

### Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

### Description of necessary first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
- Inhalation** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Skin contact** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.

## Section 4. First aid measures

- Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Skin contact** : Causes severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Ingestion** : May be harmful if swallowed.

### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain  
watering  
redness
- Inhalation** : No specific data.
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
redness  
blistering may occur
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
stomach pains

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- Notes to physician** : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Firefighting measures

### Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : None known.

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon dioxide  
carbon monoxide  
nitrogen oxides  
metal oxide/oxides

**Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

**Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

**Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

**Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

**Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

None.

#### Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Appropriate engineering controls** : If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

### Individual protection measures

**Respiratory protection** : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

**Hand protection** : There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals. The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material. Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly. The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred. Wear suitable gloves tested to ISO 374-1:2016. Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: nitrile rubber (> 0.75 mm), butyl rubber (> 0.4 mm)

For right choice of glove materials, with focus on chemical resistance and time of penetration, seek advice by the supplier of chemical resistant gloves.

The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

**Eye protection** : Safety eyewear complying to ISO 16321-1:2022 should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

**Body protection** : Use chemical-resistant protective suit / disposable overall. Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

### Appearance

**Physical state** : Liquid.

**Colour** : Grey

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

**Odour** : Characteristic.

**Odour threshold** : Not available.

**pH** : Not applicable.

**Melting point/freezing point** : Not applicable.

**Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range** : Not available.

**Flash point** :

Ingredient name	Closed cup			Open cup		
	°C	°F	Method	°C	°F	Method
n-butyl acetate	27	80.6	Abel-Pensky			
3-aminopropyldimethylamine	30.5	86.9				
hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	39	102.2	ISO 13736			
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	42	107.6		45.5	113.9	ASTM D 3278
3-aminopropyldiethylamine	51.5	124.7				
hydrocarbons, C9-unsaturated, polymerized	158	316.4	DIN 51758			
Phenol, methylstyrenated	158 to 177	316.4 to 350.6	DIN 51758			
propylidynetrimethanol	172	341.6				

**Flammability** : Not available.

**Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit** : Not applicable.

**Vapour pressure** :

Ingredient name	Vapour Pressure at 20 °C			Vapour pressure at 50 °C		
	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	20.25	2.7				
n-butyl acetate	11.25096	1.5	DIN EN 13016-2			
3-aminopropyldimethylamine	4.42538	0.59				
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	2.7	0.36	OECD 104			
3-aminopropyldiethylamine	1.49713	0.2				
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl) phenol	0.056	0.0075	EU A.4			
Formaldehyde, oligomeric reaction products with phenol	0.024	0.0032				
Phenol, methylstyrenated	0.0075	0.001	OECD 104			
hydrocarbons, C9-unsaturated, polymerized	0.0038	0.00051	OECD 104			
Phenol, styrenated	0.00075	0.0001				
pentaerythritol	0.000000026	0.0000000035				
polyphosphoric acids, ammonium salts	0	0				
benzenedimethanamine, n-(2-phenylethyl) derivs.	0	0				
1,3-propanediol, 2,2'-[oxybis(methylene)]bis[2-(hydroxymethyl)-	0	0				

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

propylidynetrimethanol	0	0			
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**Relative vapour density** : Not available.

**Density** : 1.376 g/cm<sup>3</sup>

**Solubility(ies)** :

Media	Result
cold water	Not soluble
hot water	Not soluble

**Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water** : Not applicable.

**Auto-ignition temperature** :

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
carbon	<200	<392	
3-aminopropyldimethylamine	215	419	
hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	280 to 470	536 to 878	
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	333	631.4	DIN 51794
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	382	719.6	EU A.15
hydrocarbons, C9-unsaturated, polymerized	>375	>707	DIN 51794
n-butyl acetate	415	779	EU A.15
Phenol, methylstyrenated	>385	>725	DIN 51794
pentaerythritol	>400	>752	EU A.16
1,3-propanediol, 2,2'-[oxybis(methylene)]bis[2-(hydroxymethyl)-	>400	>752	EU A.16
melamine	>400	>752	EU A.16

**Decomposition temperature** : Not available.

**Viscosity** : Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >20.5 mm<sup>2</sup>/s (>20.5 cSt)

### Particle characteristics

**Median particle size** : Not applicable.

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Chemical stability** : The product is stable.

**Possibility of hazardous reactions** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid** : No specific data.

**Incompatible materials** : No specific data.

**Hazardous decomposition products** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.



## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
hydrocarbons, c9-unsatd., polymd.	LD50 Dermal	Rat	2000 mg/kg	-
3-aminopropyldiethylamine melamine	LD50 Oral	Rat	2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	550 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3161 mg/kg	-

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Phenol, methylstyrenated	Skin - Mild irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
melamine	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-

#### Sensitisation

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
Carbomonocyclic alkylated mixtures of poly-aza- alkanes, hydrogenated	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising
hydrocarbons, c9-unsatd., polymd.	skin	Mouse	Sensitising
Phenol, methylstyrenated	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising
benzenedimethanamine, n- (2-phenylethyl) derivs.	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising

#### Mutagenicity

Not available.

#### Carcinogenicity

Not available.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Maternal toxicity	Fertility	Developmental toxin	Species	Dose	Exposure
melamine	-	Positive	-	Rat - Male	Oral: 89 mg/kg	days

#### Teratogenicity

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
benzenedimethanamine, n-(2-phenylethyl) derivs.	Category 2	-	heart
melamine	Category 2	-	urinary tract

#### Aspiration hazard

Not available.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

**Information on likely routes of exposure** : Not available.

### Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.  
**Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Skin contact** : Causes severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.  
**Ingestion** : May be harmful if swallowed.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
 pain  
 watering  
 redness
- Inhalation** : No specific data.
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
 pain or irritation  
 redness  
 blistering may occur
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
 stomach pains

### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

#### Short term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.  
**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

#### Long term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.  
**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

#### Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

- General** : Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.  
**Carcinogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Reproductive toxicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Jotachar JF750 XT Comp B	2641.6	105728.6	N/A	N/A	N/A
Carbomonocyclic alkylated mixtures of poly-aza-alkanes, hydrogenated	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
3-aminopropyl-diethylamine	550	1100	N/A	N/A	N/A
benzenedimethanamine, n-(2-phenylethyl) derivs.	1000	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

## Section 12. Ecological information

### Toxicity

Not available.

### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

### Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
hydrocarbons, c9-unsatd., polymd.	3.627	-	low
Phenol, methylstyrenated melamine	3.627 -1.22	- <3.8	low low

### Mobility in soil





Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>) : Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	IATA
<b>UN number</b>	UN3066	UN3066	UN3066
<b>UN proper shipping name</b>	Paint related material	Paint related material. Marine pollutant (benzenedimethanamine, n-(2-phenylethyl) derivs.)	Paint related material
<b>Transport hazard class(es)</b>	8 	8  	8 
<b>Packing group</b>	III	III	III
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.

### Additional information

ADR/RID :

## Section 14. Transport information

Tunnel restriction code: (E)  
Hazard identification number: 80

**IMDG** : The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. **Emergency schedules** F-A, S-B

Segregation Group: 18 - Alkalis

**IATA** : The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

**Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

**Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments** : Not available.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

### TCCSCA List of toxic chemicals

Not applicable.

### TCCSCA List of concerned chemicals

Not applicable.

**OSHA Enforcement Rules Article 28** : This product contains substances "Specially hazardous to health": n-butyl acetate.

### Priority management chemicals, Article 2

**CMR chemical substances, category 1 (Article 2.2 (I))** : Applicable

**Chemical substances possessing physical hazards or health hazards (Article 2.2 (II))**

Ingredient name	Name on list	Concentration
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate	≤0.1
n-butyl acetate	butyl acetate	≤0.1

### International regulations

#### Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

#### Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

#### UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

## Section 16. Other information

### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 5	Calculation method
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1C	Calculation method
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1	Calculation method
SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1	Calculation method
AQUATIC TOXICITY (ACUTE) - Category 2	Calculation method
AQUATIC TOXICITY (CHRONIC) - Category 2	Calculation method

**References** : Not available.

## Section 16. Other information

**Organisation that prepared the SDS** : Jotun AS, Norway  
+47 33 45 70 00

### History

**Date of printing** : 25.11.2024

**Date of previous issue** : 26.06.2024

**Version** : 1.08

**Key to abbreviations** : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate  
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor  
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals  
IATA = International Air Transport Association  
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container  
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods  
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient  
MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)  
N/A = Not available  
SGG = Segregation Group  
UN = United Nations

📌 Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### Notice to reader

The information in this document is given to the best of Jotun's knowledge, based on laboratory testing and practical experience. Jotun's products are considered as semi-finished goods and as such, products are often used under conditions beyond Jotun's control. Jotun cannot guarantee anything but the quality of the product itself. Minor product variations may be implemented in order to comply with local requirements. Jotun reserves the right to change the given data without further notice.

Users should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.