SAFETY DATA SHEET



MegaGloss BC Clear Comp A

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier	
Product name	: MegaGloss BC Clear Comp A
Product code	: 55902
Product description	: Paint.
Product type	: Liquid.
Other means of identification	: Not available.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use in coatings - Professional use

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Jotun Boya Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. Balabandere Caddesi, Hilpark Suites Sitesi No: 10, İstinye 34460 Sarıyer, İstanbul

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Başvurulacak Kişi: Deren Ercan deren.ercan@jotun.com Date of previous issue : No previous validation

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National Poison Information Center

+90 224 442 82 93 Uludağ Üniversitesi Zehir Danışma Merkezi (www.uludag.edu.tr/uludag/zehir.html) a. ACİL DURUM TELEFONU: Zehirlenme durumlarında gerektiğinde ulusal zehir merkezinin (UZEM) 114 nolu telefonunu arayınız. b. ACİL İLK YARDIM MERKEZİ:112 c. İTFAİYE:110

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition

: Mixture

Classification according to regulation SEA: RG.-10/12/2020-31330

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation SEA: RG.-10/12/2020-31330.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

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MegaGloss BC Clear Comp A

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms



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Signal word	1	Warning.
Hazard statements	:	 H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour. H315 - Causes skin irritation. H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H319 - Causes serious eye irritation. H335 - May cause respiratory irritation. H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements		
General	1	Not applicable.
Prevention	:	 P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P273 - Avoid release to the environment. P260 - Do not breathe vapour or spray.
Response	:	 P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	1	P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P403 + P235 - Keep cool.
Disposal	1	P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients	:	xylene 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics 2,3-epoxypropyl neodecanoate decanedioic acid, 1,10-bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl) ester, mixt. with 1-methyl 10-(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl) decanedioate
Supplemental label elements	:	Not applicable.
Annex 17 - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:	Not applicable.
Special packaging requirem	en	<u>ts</u>
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings		Not applicable.
Tactile warning of danger	:	Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB	: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
Other hazards which do	: None known.

not result in classification

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures	: Mixture			
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	SEA: RG10/12/2020-31330	Туре
xylene	EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7	≥25 - ≤44	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1] [2]
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	EC: 203-603-9 CAS: 108-65-6 Index: 607-195-00-7	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	[1] [2]
ethylbenzene	EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4 Index: 601-023-00-4	≤10	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1] [2]
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	EC: 918-668-5 CAS: 128601-23-0	≤5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1]
pentyl acetate	EC: 211-047-3 CAS: 628-63-7 Index: 607-130-00-2	≤3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 EUH066	[1] [2]
n-butyl acetate	EC: 204-658-1 CAS: 123-86-4	≤3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	[1] [2]
2-methylbutyl acetate	EC: 210-843-8 CAS: 624-41-9 Index: 607-130-00-2	≤3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 EUH066	[1] [2]
2,3-epoxypropyl neodecanoate	EC: 247-979-2 CAS: 26761-45-5	<1	Skin Sens. 1, H317 Muta. 2, H341 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1]
decanedioic acid, 1,10-bis (1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl- 4-piperidinyl) ester, mixt. with 1-methyl 10- (1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl- 4-piperidinyl) decanedioate	CAS: 1065336-91-5	≤1	Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Repr. 2, H361f Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	[1]
Toluene	EC: 203-625-9 CAS: 108-88-3	≤0.3	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Repr. 2, H361d STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373	[1] [2]

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

	Asp. Tox. 1, H304
	See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs or vPvBs or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

<u>Type</u>

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures Eye contact : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower evelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Skin contact : Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Ingestion : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. **Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/sympto	<u>15</u>
Eye contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo
Skin contact	unconsciousness Adverse symptoms may include the following:
	irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.

4.5 mulcation of any min	ieulate medical attention and special treatment needed
Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

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5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
5.2 Special hazards arising	m the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, w the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with lon lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Date of revision	: 17.01.2025 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 5/21

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
6.3 Methods and material fo	r co	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.
6.4 Reference to other sections	:	See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

See Technical Data Sheet / packaging for further information.

Regulation on the prevention of major industrial accidents and reduction of their effects - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c	5000 tonne	50000 tonne

7.3 Specific end use(s)

- Recommendations Industrial sector specific solutions
- : Not available.
- : Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
xylene	TR ISGGM OEL (Turkey, 12/2013). [Ksilen] Absorbed through
	skin.
	TWA: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	TR ISGGM OEL (Turkey, 12/2013). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 275 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 550 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
ethylbenzene	TR ISGGM OEL (Turkey, 12/2013). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 442 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 884 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
pentyl acetate	TR ISGGM OEL (Turkey, 12/2013).
	TWA: 270 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 540 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
n-butyl acetate	EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Notes:
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 723 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	TWA: 241 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
2-methylbutyl acetat	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). [Pentyl acetate]
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
toluene	TR ISGGM OEL (Turkey, 12/2013). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 192 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 384 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.

Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

Recommended monitoring	: Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following:
procedures	European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the
-	assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit
	values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace
	atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment
	of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482
	(Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
xylene	DNEL	Long term Oral	5 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	65.3 mg/m ³	General	Local
		Inhalation	_	population	
	DNEL	Long term	65.3 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	5	population	,
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	125 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DITLE	Long tonin Donnar	bw/day	population	Cyclonno
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	212 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
	DNLL	Long term Derma		VVUIKEIS	Systemic
			bw/day	M/aulcana	
	DNEL	Long term	221 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term	221 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Short term	260 mg/m ³	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Short term	260 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	-	population	-
	DNEL	Short term	442 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	3		
	DNEL	Short term	442 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	· · ~ ···9/···		
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	DNEL	Long term Dermal	153.5 mg/	Workers	Systemic
	DINEL	Long term Dermal	•	VVUINCIS	Systemic
		Long torm	kg bw/day	Morkers	Chatana:-
	DNEL	Long term	275 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	54.8 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	
				[Consumers]	
	DNEL	Long term	33 mg/m³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	-	population	-
				[Consumers]	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.67 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	
			ng bw/day	[Consumers]	
	DNEL	Long term	33 mg/m³	General	Local
	DINEL	Long term	55 mg/m		LUCAI
		Inhalation	00	population	Our target
	DNEL	Long term	33 mg/m³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	36 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	275 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	Ŭ Ŭ		-
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	320 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	,
	DNEL	Short term	550 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	Soo mg/m		
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	796 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
	DINEL	Long term Dermal		VVUINCIS	Systemic
		1	bw/day		
ethylbenzene	DMEL	Long term	442 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DMEL	Short term	884 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.6 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	-
	DNEL	Long term	15 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	. eg/	population	
	DNEL	Long term	77 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic

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		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	180 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	293 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	DNEL	Long term Dermal	12.5 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	151 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	7.5 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
			Stirday	[Consumers]	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	32 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	7.5 mg/kg bw/day	[Consumers] General population	Systemic
			-	[Consumers]	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.41 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1.9 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	178.57 mg/	General	Local
		Inhalation	m^{3}	population	
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	640 mg/m³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term	837.5 mg/ m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	1066.67 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	1152 mg/ m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	1286.4 mg/ m³	Workers	Systemic
n-butyl acetate	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	960 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	960 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	480 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	480 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	859.7 mg/ m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	859.7 mg/ m³	[Consumers] General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term	102.34 mg/ m³	[Consumers] General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	102.34 mg/ m ³	[Consumers] General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Oral	2 mg/kg	[Consumers] General	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Oral	bw/day 2 mg/kg bw/day	population General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.4 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	6 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	7 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic

	DNEL	Short term Dermal	11 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day	Comoral	Curete mie
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	12 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	35.7 mg/m ³		Local
		Inhalation	-	population	
	DNEL	Long term	48 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation Short term	300 mg/m³	General	Local
	DILLE	Inhalation	ooo mg/m	population	Loodi
	DNEL	Short term	300 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation	$200 m a/m^{3}$	population Workers	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	300 mg/m³	VVOIKEIS	Local
	DNEL	Short term	600 mg/m³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	600 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
2,3-epoxypropyl neodecanoate	DNEL	Long term Dermal	2.5 mg/kg	General	Systemic
-,			bw/day	population	-,
	DNEL	Long term	4 mg/m³	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term Dermal	4.2 mg/kg	population Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Derma	4.2 mg/kg bw/day	VUINEIS	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	5.88 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term Oral	2.5 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
decanedioic acid, 1,10-bis	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.18 mg/	General	Systemic
(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl)			kg bw/day	population	
ester, mixt. with 1-methyl 10- (1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl) decanedioate					
Jecanedioale	DNEL	Long term	0.31 mg/m³		Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term Dermal	0.9 mg/kg	population General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	1.27 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term Dermal	1.8 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermai	bw/day	VVOIKEIS	Systemic
oluene	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	384 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	8.13 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	56.5 mg/m ³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term	56.5 mg/m³		Systemic
		Inhalation	_	population	
	DNEL	Long term	192 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term	192 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	226 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term	bw/day 226 mg/m³	population General	Local
	DINEL	Inhalation	220 mg/m²	population	
	DNEL	Short term	226 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
	D =:	Inhalation	-	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	384 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term	bw/day 384 mg/m³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	50 . mg/m		
	DNEL	Short term	384 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Inhalation

Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
Fresh water	0.327 mg/l	-
Marine		-
Sewage Treatment	6.58 mg/l	-
	12.46 mg/kg dwt	-
Marine water sediment		-
Soil	2.31 mg/kg dwt	-
Fresh water	0.635 mg/l	-
Marine	0.0635 mg/l	-
Sewage Treatment	100 mg/l	-
Plant	U U	
Fresh water sediment	3.29 mg/kg dwt	-
Marine water sediment		-
Soil		-
Fresh water		-
		-
		-
	- J.	
Fresh water sediment	13.7 mg/kg dwt	-
Soil		-
Secondary Poisoning		-
		-
Marine		-
Sewage Treatment		-
	o o i og, i	
	0 981 ma/ka dwt	-
		-
		-
		-
		-
		-
	oo mg/i	
	0.68 mg/l	-
		-
		-
	16 39 ma/ka dwt	-
		-
Soil	2.89 mg/kg dwt	-
	Fresh water Marine Sewage Treatment Plant Fresh water sediment Marine water sediment Soil Fresh water Marine Sewage Treatment Plant Fresh water sediment Marine water sediment Soil Fresh water sediment Soil Fresh water sediment Plant Fresh water sediment Plant Fresh water sediment Soil Sewage Treatment Plant Fresh water sediment Soil Secondary Poisoning Fresh water Marine Sewage Treatment Plant Fresh water sediment Soil Secondary Poisoning Fresh water Marine Sewage Treatment Plant Fresh water sediment Marine Sewage Treatment Plant Fresh water sediment Marine Sewage Treatment Plant Fresh water Marine Sewage Treatment Plant Fresh water Soil Fresh water sediment Marine Sewage Treatment Plant Fresh water Marine Sewage Treatment Plant Fresh water Marine Sewage Treatment Plant Fresh water Marine Sewage Treatment Plant Fresh water Marine Sewage Treatment Plant Fresh water Marine Sewage Treatment Plant Fresh water sediment Marine Sewage Treatment Plant Fresh water sediment Marine Sewage Treatment Plant Fresh water sediment Marine Marine Sewage Treatment Plant Fresh water sediment Marine Marine Sewage Treatment Plant Fresh water sediment Marine Marine Sewage Treatment Plant Fresh water sediment	Fresh water Marine0.327 mg/l 0.327 mg/lSewage Treatment Plant0.327 mg/l 0.327 mg/lSewage Treatment Plant6.58 mg/lTresh water sediment Soil12.46 mg/kg dwt 12.46 mg/kg dwt 2.31 mg/kg dwt 0.635 mg/lSewage Treatment Plant0.635 mg/lSewage Treatment Plant0.0635 mg/lSewage Treatment Soil0.0635 mg/lSewage Treatment Soil0.0635 mg/lSewage Treatment Soil0.0635 mg/lSewage Treatment Soil0.010 mg/lSewage Treatment Plant0.01 mg/lSewage Treatment Plant0.01 mg/lSewage Treatment Soil0.01 mg/lSewage Treatment Plant13.7 mg/kg dwtSewage Treatment Plant0.018 mg/lSewage Treatment Plant0.981 mg/kg dwtSewage Treatment Plant0.981 mg/kg dwtSewage Treatment Plant0.0012 mg/lSewage Treatment Plant0.68 mg/lSewage Treatment Plant0.68 mg/lSewage Treatment Plant0.68 mg/lSewage Treatment Plant0.68 mg/lSewage Treatment Plant0.68 mg/lSewage Treatment Plant0.68 mg/lSewage Treatment Plant0.68 mg/lSewage Treatment Plant0.68 mg/lSewage Treatment Plant0.68 mg/lSewage Treatment Plant0.68 mg/lSewage Treatment Plant0.68 mg/lSewage Treatment Plant0.68 mg/lSewage Treatment Plant0.63 mg/l

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Individual protection measu	<u>ires</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash

showers are close to the workstation location.

contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

: Safety eyewear complying to ISO 16321-1:2022 should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
 There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals. The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.
Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.
The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/ chemical damage and poor maintenance.
Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.
Wear suitable gloves tested to ISO 374-1:2016. Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: Teflon (> 0.35 mm), polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) (> 0.3 mm), 4H/Silver Shield® (> 0.07 mm) May be used, gloves(breakthrough time) 4 - 8 hours: butyl rubber (> 0.4 mm),
Viton® (> 0.7 mm), nitrile rubber (> 0.75 mm) Not recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) < 1 hour: neoprene (> 0.35 mm), PVC (> 0.5 mm)
For right choice of glove materials, with focus on chemical resistance and time of penetration, seek advice by the supplier of chemical resistant gloves.
The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.
: Use chemical-resistant protective suit / disposable overall.
Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.
: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Colour	: Clear

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

: Hydrocarbon.
: Not applicable.
: Not applicable.
: >35°C (>95°F)
: Not applicable.
: Greatest known range: Lower: 1.1% Upper: 7.5% (pentyl acetate)
: Closed cup: >23°C (>73.4°F)
: Lowest known value: 333°C (631.4°F) (2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate).
: Not available.
: Not applicable.
: Kinematic (40°C): >20.5 mm ² /s
1 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Result
Not soluble Not soluble

:	Not available.
:	Highest known value: 1.5 kPa (11.3 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (n-butyl acetate). Weighted average: 0.76 kPa (5.7 mm Hg) (at 20°C)
	Highest known value: 1 (n-butyl acetate) Weighted average: 0.62compared with butyl acetate
1	1.01 g/cm ³
:	Highest known value: 4.6 (Air = 1) (2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate). Weighted average: 4.03 (Air = 1)
:	Not available.
:	Not available.
:	Not applicable.

9.2 Other information

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingred	ients.
10.2 Chemical stability	The product is stable.	
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occu	ur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.	weld,
10.5 Incompatible materials	Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials	
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition produ should not be produced.	cts
Shelf life at 23 °C	24 month(s)	

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
xylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	11 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Dermal	Rabbit	4300 mg/kg	-
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
acetate				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8532 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat - Male	11 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	>21.1 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	13100 mg/kg	-
2,3-epoxypropyl	LD50 Oral	Rat	>10 g/kg	-
neodecanoate				
toluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	49 g/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	636 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
MegaGloss BC Clear Comp A	N/A	3793.1	N/A	30.6	N/A
xylene	4300	1100	N/A	11	N/A
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	8532	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
ethylbenzene	3500	N/A	N/A	11	N/A
n-butyl acetate	13100	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Toluene	N/A	N/A	N/A	49	N/A

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit Rat	-	87 milligrams 8 hours 60 microliters	-
2,3-epoxypropyl neodecanoate	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 Mililiters	-
toluene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 milligrams	-

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Sensitisation

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result	
2,3-epoxypropyl neodecanoate	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.			
Mutagenicity				
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.			
Carcinogenicity				
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.			
Reproductive toxicity				
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.			
Teratogenicity				
Date of revision	: 17.01.2025	ate of previous issue	: No previous validation Version	:1 14/21

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
n-butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
toluene	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
MegaGloss BC Clear Comp A (yaesi-wcs)	Category 2	-	-
ethylbenzene	Category 2		hearing organs
toluene	Category 2		-

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
toluene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on likely routes : Not available.

of exposure Potential acute health ef

acute health effects	

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	ects
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
General	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

: Not available.

12.1 Toxicity

Other information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
xylene	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 7700 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
-	Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
nydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	Acute EC50 <10 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute IC50 <10 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute LC50 <10 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
pentyl acetate	Acute LC50 65 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Gambusia affinis - Adult	96 hours
decanedioic acid, 1,10-bis (1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl- 4-piperidinyl) ester, mixt. with 1-methyl 10- (1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl- 4-piperidinyl) decanedioate	Acute EC50 1.68 mg/l	Algae	96 hours
	Acute LC50 0.9 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l	Daphnia	21 days

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.		
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
xylene ethylbenzene hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics 2,3-epoxypropyl neodecanoate			Readily Readily Not readily Not readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1.2	-	low
ethylbenzene	3.6	-	low
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	-	10 to 2500	high
pentyl acetate	2.3	-	low
n-butyl acetate	2.3	-	low
2,3-epoxypropyl	4.4	-	high
neodecanoate			
toluene	2.73	90	low

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

io.i music acadinent med	
Product	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	: Yes.
Waste list	
Waste code	Waste code definition
08 01 11*	Waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances
Packaging	·
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	Paint	Paint	Paint	Paint
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	111	III		
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	Yes.	No.	No.

Additional information

ADR/RID	: <u>Hazard identification number</u> 30 <u>Tunnel code</u> (D/E)
ADN	: The product is only regulated as an environmentally hazardous substance when transported in tank vessels.
IMDG	: Emergency schedules F-E, <u>S-E</u>
14.6 Special precautions for user	: Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO	: Not available.

instruments

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Turkey Regulation No. 30105, KKDIK

Annex 14 - List of substances subject to authorization

<u>Annex 14</u>

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex 17 - Restrictions : Not applicable.

on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Ozone depleting substances

Not listed.

Regulation on the prevention of major industrial accidents and reduction of their effects

This product is controlled under the Regulation on the prevention of major industrial accidents and reduction of their effects.

Danger criteria

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Category

P5c

EU regulations

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable. on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment assessment assessment assessment assessment

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
acronyms	EUH statement = SEA-specific Hazard statement
	N/A = Not available
	PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
	PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
	SGG = Segregation Group
	vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative
Broodure used to derive	the electric floation apporting to regulation SEA, DC 40/42/2020 242

Procedure used to derive the classification according to regulation SEA: RG.-10/12/2020-31330

SECTION 16: Other information

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H335	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H336	Calculation method
STOT RE 2, H373	Expert judgment
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H341	Suspected of causing genetic defects.
H361d	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H361f	Suspected of damaging fertility.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Full text of classifications [SEA/GHS]

Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4	
Aquatic Acute 1	SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1	
Aquatic Chronic 1	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1	
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2	
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3	
Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2	
Flam. Liq. 2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2	
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3	
Muta. 2	GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 2	
Repr. 2	REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2	
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2	
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1	
Skin Sens. 1A	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A	
STOT RE 2	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2	
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3	
Date of printing	: 17.01.2025	

Date of printing	: 17.01.2025
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Notice to reader

SECTION 16: Other information

The information in this document is given to the best of Jotun's knowledge, based on laboratory testing and practical experience. Jotun's products are considered as semi-finished goods and as such, products are often used under conditions beyond Jotun's control. Jotun cannot guarantee anything but the quality of the product itself. Minor product variations may be implemented in order to comply with local requirements. Jotun reserves the right to change the given data without further notice.

Users should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.