

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier	
Product name	: Penguard Topcoat Comp A
Product code	: 625
Product description	: Paint.
Product type	: Liquid.
Other means of identification	: Not available.

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

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Başvurulacak Kişi: Deren Ercan deren.metiner@jotun.com **Original preparation date** : 29.11.2023

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

#### **National Poison Information Center**

+90 224 442 82 93 Uludağ Üniversitesi Zehir Danışma Merkezi (www.uludag.edu.tr/uludag/zehir.html) a. ACİL DURUM TELEFONU: Zehirlenme durumlarında gerektiğinde ulusal zehir merkezinin (UZEM) 114 nolu telefonunu arayınız. b. ACIL ILK YARDIM MERKEZI:112 c. İTFAİYE:110

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

: Mixture

### Classification according to regulation SEA: RG.-10/12/2020-31330

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

**Product definition** 

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation SEA: RG.-10/12/2020-31330.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

### 2.2 Label elements

# SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger.
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.</li> <li>H315 - Causes skin irritation.</li> <li>H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.</li> <li>H318 - Causes serious eye damage.</li> <li>H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.</li> <li>H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	
General	: Not applicable.
Prevention	<ul> <li>P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection.</li> <li>P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.</li> <li>P273 - Avoid release to the environment.</li> <li>P261 - Avoid breathing vapour.</li> </ul>
Response	<ul> <li>P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.</li> <li>P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.</li> <li>P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.</li> <li>P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.</li> <li>P305 + P351 + P338, P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.</li> <li>Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.</li> </ul>
Storage	: P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients	: epoxy resin (MW 700-1200) xylene Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. butan-1-ol Fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18-unsatd., maleated maleic anhydride
Supplemental label elements	: Not applicable.
Annex 17 - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	: Not applicable.
Special packaging requirem	<u>ents</u>
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings	: Not applicable.
Tactile warning of danger	: Not applicable.
2.3 Other hazards	
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB	: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: None known.

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# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture				
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	SEA: RG10/12/2020-31330	Туре
epoxy resin (MW 700-1200)	CAS: 25036-25-3	≥10 - ≤25	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317	[1]
xylene	EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1] [2]
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	EC: 265-199-0 CAS: 64742-95-6	≤8.3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1]
butan-1-ol	EC: 200-751-6 CAS: 71-36-3 Index: 603-004-00-6	≤6.1	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336	[1] [2]
1-methoxypropan-2-ol	EC: 203-539-1 CAS: 107-98-2	≤5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	[1] [2]
ethylbenzene	EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4 Index: 601-023-00-4	≤5	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1] [2]
Fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18-unsatd., maleated	EC: 288-306-2 CAS: 85711-46-2	≤0.3	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317	[1]
Propylidynetrimethanol	EC: 201-074-9 CAS: 77-99-6	≤0.3	Repr. 2, H361fd	[1]
maleic anhydride	EC: 203-571-6 CAS: 108-31-6	≤0.1	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Resp. Sens. 1, H334 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 STOT RE 1, H372 (respiratory system) (inhalation) STOT RE 2, H373 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	[1] [2]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs or vPvBs or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

<u>Type</u>

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

4.1 Description of first aid r	neasures
Eye contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
Inhalation	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed Potential acute health effects Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage. Inhalation : May cause respiratory irritation. **Skin contact** : Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Ingestion **Over-exposure signs/symptoms Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing **Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

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### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

Notes to physician: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large<br/>quantities have been ingested or inhaled.Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

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5.1 Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet.	
5.2 Special hazards arising	the substance or mixture	
Hazards from the substance or mixture	Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion h In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may bu the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life wit lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.	ırst, with th long
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides	
5.3 Advice for firefighters		
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the inc there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without r Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.	t
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressum mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and glove conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protect chemical incidents.	ure es)

# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

6.1 Personal precautions, pro	ote	ctive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
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### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.
6.4 Reference to other sections	: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

See Technical Data Sheet / packaging for further information.

Regulation on the prevention of major industrial accidents and reduction of their effects - Reporting thresholds

#### Danger criteria

	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c	5000 tonne	50000 tonne

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s) Recommendations

: Not available.

# Industrial sector specific solutions

: Not available.

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# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
xylene	TR ISGGM OEL (Turkey, 12/2013). [Xylene (pure and mixed
	isomers)] Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 221 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
butan-1-ol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
1-methoxypropan-2-ol	TR ISGGM OEL (Turkey, 12/2013). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 375 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 568 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
ethylbenzene	TR ISGGM OEL (Turkey, 12/2013). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 884 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
maleic anhydride	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). Skin sensitiser. Inhalation
	sensitiser.
	TWA: 0.01 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction and vapor

#### **Biological exposure indices**

No exposure indices known.

Recommended monitoring procedures : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### **DNELs/DMELs**

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
xylene	DNEL	Long term Oral	12.5 mg/	General	Systemic
-			kg bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	65.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Local
		Inhalation	_	population	
	DNEL	Long term	65.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	125 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	212 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Short term	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Short term	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Short term	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
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#### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection DNEL Short term 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Workers Systemic Inhalation Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light DNEL Long term Dermal 12.5 mg/ Workers Systemic arom. kg bw/day DNEL Long term 151 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Systemic Workers Inhalation DNEL Long term Dermal 7.5 mg/kg General Systemic bw/day population [Consumers] DNEL Long term 32 mg/m<sup>3</sup> General Systemic Inhalation population [Consumers] DNEL Long term Oral 7.5 mg/kg General Systemic bw/day population [Consumers] butan-1-ol DNEL Long term Oral 1.5625 mg General Systemic kg bw/day population DNEL 3.125 mg/ General Systemic Long term Dermal population kg bw/day General DNEL 55.357 mg/ Systemic Long term Inhalation population m³ Long term DNEL 155 mg/m<sup>3</sup> General Local Inhalation population 310 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Workers DNEL Long term Local Inhalation Long term Oral 33 mg/kg General Systemic 1-methoxypropan-2-ol DNEL population bw/day DNEL Long term 43.9 mg/m<sup>3</sup> General Systemic Inhalation population DNEL Long term Dermal 78 mg/kg General Systemic population bw/day DNEL Long term Dermal 183 mg/kg Workers Systemic bw/day 369 mg/m<sup>3</sup> DNEL Long term Workers Systemic Inhalation DNEL Short term 553.5 mg/ Workers Local Inhalation m³ DNEL Short term Workers Systemic 553.5 mg/ Inhalation m<sup>3</sup> ethylbenzene DMEL Long term 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Workers Local Inhalation Workers DMEL Short term 884 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Systemic Inhalation DNEL Long term Oral 1.6 mg/kg General Systemic bw/day population DNEL Long term 15 mg/m<sup>3</sup> General Systemic Inhalation population DNEL Long term 77 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Workers Systemic Inhalation DNEL 180 mg/kg Systemic Long term Dermal Workers bw/day DNEL Short term Local 293 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Workers Inhalation Fatty acids, C14-18 and DNEL 1.5 mg/kg Long term Oral General Systemic C16-18-unsatd., maleated bw/day population DNEL Long term Dermal 1.5 mg/kg General Systemic bw/day population DNEL Long term Dermal 3 mg/kg Workers Systemic bw/dav Propylidynetrimethanol DNEL Long term 3.3 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Workers Systemic Inhalation DNEL Long term Oral 0.34 mg/ General Systemic kg bw/day population 0.34 mg/ General DNEL Long term Dermal Systemic

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# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

		kg bw/day	population	
DNEL		0.58 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		Systemic
DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.94 mg/	Workers	Systemic
		kg bw/day		
DNEL	Long term Inhalation	3.3 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
DNEL	Long term	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		Systemic
	Inhalation			
DNEL	Long term Oral	0		Systemic
DNEL	0	0.08 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		Local
DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.081 mg/ m³	Workers	Local
DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.081 mg/ m³	Workers	Systemic
DNEL	Short term Oral	0.1 mg/kg	General population	Systemic
DNEL	Short term Dermal	0.1 mg/kg	General	Systemic
DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.1 mg/kg	General	Systemic
DNEL	Short term Dermal	0.2 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.2 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
DNEL	Short term Inhalation	0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
DNEL	Short term	0.2 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL	DNELInhalation Long term DermalDNELLong term InhalationDNELLong term InhalationDNELLong term InhalationDNELLong term InhalationDNELLong term InhalationDNELLong term InhalationDNELLong term InhalationDNELShort term OralDNELShort term OralDNELShort term DermalDNELShort term DermalDNELShort term DermalDNELShort term DermalDNELShort term DermalDNELShort term DermalDNELShort term Dermal	DNELLong term Inhalation0.58 mg/m³DNELLong term Dermal0.94 mg/ kg bw/dayDNELLong term Inhalation3.3 mg/m³DNELLong term Inhalation0.05 mg/m³DNELLong term Oral0.06 mg/ kg bw/dayDNELLong term Oral0.06 mg/ kg bw/dayDNELLong term Oral0.08 mg/m³DNELLong term Oral0.081 mg/ m³DNELLong term Inhalation0.081 mg/ m³DNELLong term Inhalation0.081 mg/ m³DNELLong term Inhalation0.1 mg/kg bw/dayDNELShort term Dermal0.1 mg/kg bw/dayDNELShort term Dermal0.1 mg/kg bw/dayDNELLong term Dermal0.2 mg/kg 	DNELLong term Inhalation0.58 mg/m³General populationDNELLong term Dermal0.94 mg/ kg bw/dayWorkersDNELLong term Inhalation0.94 mg/ kg bw/dayWorkersDNELLong term Inhalation0.05 mg/m³General populationDNELLong term Oral0.06 mg/ kg bw/dayGeneral populationDNELLong term Oral0.06 mg/ kg bw/dayGeneral populationDNELLong term Oral0.08 mg/m³General populationDNELLong term Inhalation0.081 mg/ m³WorkersDNELLong term Inhalation0.11 mg/kg bw/dayGeneral populationDNELShort term Oral0.1 mg/kg bw/dayGeneral populationDNELShort term Dermal0.1 mg/kg bw/dayGeneral populationDNELLong term Dermal0.1 mg/kg bw/dayGeneral populationDNELShort term Dermal0.2 mg/kg bw/dayWorkersDNELShort term Dermal0.2 mg/m³WorkersDNELShort term Dermal0.2 mg/m³Workers

#### **PNECs**

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
xylene	Fresh water	0.327 mg/l	-
	Marine	0.327 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	6.58 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	12.46 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	12.46 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	2.31 mg/kg dwt	-
butan-1-ol	Fresh water	0.082 mg/l	-
	Marine	0.0082 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	2476 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	0.178 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	0.0178 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	0.015 mg/kg dwt	-
1-methoxypropan-2-ol	Fresh water	10 mg/l	-
51 1	Marine	1 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	100 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	52.3 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	5.2 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	5.49 mg/kg dwt	-
ethylbenzene	Fresh water	0.1 mg/l	-
5	Marine	0.01 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment	9.6 mg/l	-
	Plant	- J.	
	Fresh water sediment	13.7 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	2.68 mg/kg dwt	-
	Secondary Poisoning	20 mg/kg	-

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

8.2 Exposure controls	
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Individual protection meas	sures
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying to ISO 16321-1:2022 should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	<ul> <li>There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals. The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material. Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly. The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/ chemical damage and poor maintenance. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.</li> <li>Wear suitable gloves tested to ISO 374-1:2016. Not recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) &lt; 1 hour: butyl rubber (&gt; 0.4 mm) May be used, gloves(breakthrough time) &lt; 8 hours: Viton® (&gt; 0.7 mm), neoprene (&gt; 0.35 mm), PVC (&gt; 0.5 mm)</li> <li>Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) &gt; 8 hours: 4H/Silver Shield® (&gt; 0.07 mm), Teflon (&gt; 0.35 mm), nitrile rubber (&gt; 0.75 mm), polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) (&gt; 0.3 mm)</li> </ul>
	For right choice of glove materials, with focus on chemical resistance and time of penetration, seek advice by the supplier of chemical resistant gloves. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

.1 Information on basic physica	l ai	nd chemical properties			
<u>Appearance</u>					
Physical state	1	Liquid.			
Colour	1	Aluminium, Black, Blue., Brown., Green., Grey, MCI Base 1, MCI Base 2, MCI Base 3, MCI Base 5, MCI Base 6, Off-white., Orange, Red, White., Yellow.			
Odour	1	Characteristic.			
Odour threshold	1	Not applicable.			
Melting point/freezing point	:	Not applicable.			
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	Lowest known value: 119°C (246.2°F) (butan-1-ol). Weighted average: 139.01°C (282.2°F)			
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not applicable.			
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	:	0.8 - 13.74%			
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 23°C (73.4°F)			
Auto-ignition temperature	÷	Lowest known value: 270°C (518°F) (1-methoxy-2-propanol).			
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.			
pH	:	Not applicable.			
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (40°C): >20.5 mm <sup>2</sup> /s			
Solubility(ies)	:				
Media		Result			
cold water hot water		Not soluble Not soluble			
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	:	Not available.			
Vapour pressure	:	Highest known value: 1.2 kPa (9.3 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (ethylbenzene). Weighted average: 0.83 kPa (6.23 mm Hg) (at 20°C)			
		Highest known value: 0.84 (ethylbenzene) Weighted average: 0.72compared with butyl acetate			
Density	1	1.148 to 1.422 g/cm <sup>3</sup>			
Vapour density	:	Highest known value: 3.7 (Air = 1) (xylene). Weighted average: 3.36 (Air = 1)			
Explosive properties	:	Not available.			
Oxidising properties	:	Not available.			
Particle characteristics					

#### 9.2 Other information

No additional information.

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredient	ts.
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.	
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.	
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, we braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.	∍ld,
10.5 Incompatible materials	<ul> <li>Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials</li> </ul>	
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.	
Shelf life at 23 °C	24 month(s)	

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

# 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
xylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	20 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Dermal	Rabbit	4300 mg/kg	-
butan-1-ol	LD50 Oral	Rat	790 mg/kg	-
1-methoxypropan-2-ol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	6600 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat - Male	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
Propylidynetrimethanol	LD50 Oral	Rat	14000 mg/kg	-
maleic anhydride	LD50 Oral	Rat	400 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Penguard Topcoat Comp A	9091.8	9285.1	N/A	122.8	N/A
xylene	4300	1100	N/A	20	N/A
butan-1-ol	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1-methoxy-2-propanol	6600	13000	N/A	N/A	N/A
ethylbenzene	3500	N/A	N/A	17.8	N/A
propylidynetrimethanol	14000	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
maleic anhydride	400	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
epoxy resin (MW 700-1200)	Eyes - Mild irritant	Mammal -	-	-	-
	-	species			
		unspecified			
	Skin - Mild irritant	Mammal -	-	-	-
		species			
		unspecified			
xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60	-
				microliters	
1-methoxypropan-2-ol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
Fatty acids, C14-18 and	Skin - Mild irritant	Mammal -	-	-	-
C16-18-unsatd., maleated		species			
ate of revision	: 29.11.2023 Original pre	eparation date : 29.	11.2023	Vers	ion :1 12/1

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

	0				
maleic anhydride	Eyes - Severe irritant	unspecified Rabbit	-	1 Percent	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### **Sensitisation**

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
epoxy resin (MW 700-1200)	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising
Fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18-unsatd., maleated	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising
maleic anhydride	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.		
<u>Mutagenicity</u>			
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.		
Carcinogenicity			
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.		

**Reproductive toxicity Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

#### **Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
butan-1-ol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
1-methoxypropan-2-ol	Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene maleic anhydride	Category 2 Category 1 Category 2	- inhalation	hearing organs respiratory system

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Product/ingredient name	Result
xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

#### Information on likely routes

of exposure

 Not available.	
not available.	

Potential acute health effects Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage. Inhalation : May cause respiratory irritation. : Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. **Skin contact** Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Date of revision : 29.11.2023 Original preparation date : 29.11.2023

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Eye contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness	
Inhalation	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing	
Skin contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur	
Ingestion	Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains	
Delayed and immediate effect	as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure	
Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	Not available.	
Potential delayed effects	Not available.	
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	Not available.	
Potential delayed effects	Not available.	
Potential chronic health eff	t <u>s</u>	
Not available.		
Conclusion/Summary	Not available.	
General	Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently expos to very low levels.	ed
Carcinogenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Mutagenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Reproductive toxicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	

### **Other information**

: Not available.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Ехро	sure
- Palaemonetes 48 ho	urs
hales promelas 96 ho	urs
48 ho	urs
72 ho	urs
96 ho	urs
etonema costatum 96 ho	urs
48 ho	urs
96 ho	urs
usia affinis - Adult 96 ho	urs
	usia affinis - Adult 96 ho ing effects.

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

Date of revision

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
xylene Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	-		Readily Not readily
ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low
Solvent naphtha (petroleum)	-	10 to 2500	high
light arom.			Ũ
butan-1-ol	1	-	low
1-methoxypropan-2-ol	<1	-	low
ethylbenzene	3.6	-	low
Propylidynetrimethanol	-0.47	<1	low
maleic anhydride	-2.78	-	low

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	
Mobility	: Not available.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste list Waste code	Waste code definition
<u>Product</u> Methods of disposal Hazardous waste	<ul> <li>The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.</li> <li>Yes.</li> </ul>

	Waste code	Waste code definition		
	08 01 11*	Waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances		
E	Packaging			

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### **Special precautions**

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	Paint	Paint	Paint	Paint
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	111	III	111	111
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	Yes.	No.	No.

#### Additional information

ADR/RID	:	Hazard identification number 30 Viscous liquid exception This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.2.3.1.5.1. Tunnel code (D/E)
		ADR/RID: Viscous substance. Not goods of class 3, ref. 2.2.3.1.5 (only applicable to receptacles < 450 litre capacity).
ADN	:	The product is only regulated as an environmentally hazardous substance when transported in tank vessels.
IMDG	:	<u>Emergency schedules</u> F-E, <u>S-E</u> IMDG: Viscous substance. Transport in accordance with 2.3.2.5 of the IMDG Code (only applicable to receptacles < 450 litre capacity).
14.6 Special precautions for user	I	<b>Transport within user's premises:</b> always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	:	Not available.

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

### Turkey Regulation No. 30105, KKDIK

# Annex 14 - List of substances subject to authorization

<u>Annex 14</u>

None of the components are listed.

### Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

Annex 17 - Restrictions : Not applicable. on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

#### Ozone depleting substances

Not listed.

Regulation on the prevention of major industrial accidents and reduction of their effects

This product is controlled under the Regulation on the prevention of major industrial accidents and reduction of their effects.

Danger criteria

Category

P5c

#### EU regulations

# EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

#### Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

#### Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable. on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

#### Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.

#### International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals Not listed.

#### **Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

#### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

#### UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals Not listed.

# 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

: This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate EUH statement = SEA-specific Hazard statement N/A = Not available PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration SGG = Segregation Group vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative
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#### Procedure used to derive the classification according to regulation SEA: RG.-10/12/2020-31330

Classification	Justification		
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data		
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method		
Eye Dam. 1, H318	Calculation method		
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method		
STOT SE 3, H335	Calculation method		
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method		

#### Full text of abbreviated H statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H361fd	Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### Full text of classifications [SEA/GHS]

		OXICITY - Ca					
Aquatic Chronic 2			IIC) AQUATIC HAZARD				
Aquatic Chronic 3			IIC) AQUATIC HAZARD	- Category 3			
			) - Category 1				
Eye Dam. 1			GE/EYE IRRITATION - C				
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS	EYE DAMA	GE/EYE IRRITATION - C	Category 2			
Flam. Liq. 2	FLAMMAE	BLE LIQUIDS	6 - Category 2				
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMAE	BLE LIQUIDS	6 - Category 3				
Repr. 2	REPROD	UCTIVE TOX	(ICITY - Category 2				
Resp. Sens. 1	RESPIRA	TORY SENS	<b>ITISATION - Category 1</b>				
Skin Corr. 1B	SKIN COF	RROSION/IR	RITATION - Category 1E	3			
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN COF	RROSION/IR	RITATION - Category 2				
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SEN	ISITISATION	- Category 1				
Skin Sens. 1A	SKIN SEN	ISITISATION	l - Category 1A				
STOT RE 1	SPECIFIC	TARGET O	RGAN TOXICITY - REPI	EATED EXPOSURE -	- Category 1		
STOT RE 2	SPECIFIC	TARGET O	RGAN TOXICITY - REPI	EATED EXPOSURE -	- Category 2		
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC	TARGET O	RGAN TOXICITY - SING	SLE EXPOSURE - Ca	tegory 3		
Date of printing	:	29.11.2023					
Date of issue/ Date of		29.11.2023					
revision							
Date of previous issue	) :	No previous	validation				
Date of revision		: 29.11.2023	Original preparation date	: 29.11.2023	Version	:1	18/19

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

Version

: 1

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Users should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

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