

### Penguard HB II Comp B

SDS Number: AA00319-000000043

In accordance with the Standard for Classification and Labeling of Chemical Substance and Safety Data Sheet, Article 10 Paragraph 1

### Section 1. Chemical product and company identification

| Α. | Product name               | : Penguard HB II Comp B |
|----|----------------------------|-------------------------|
|    | Product code               | : 6621                  |
|    | <b>Product description</b> | : Hardener.             |

B. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

### **Identified uses**

Use in coatings - Industrial use Use in coatings - Professional use

| C. | Manufacturer                  | : | Chokwang Jotun Ltd.<br>96, Gwahaksandan 1-ro<br>Gangseo-gu, Busan<br>South Korea<br>Tel: +82 51 797 6000<br>Fax: +82 51 711 7735<br>SDSJotun@jotun.com |
|----|-------------------------------|---|--|
|    | Emergency telephone<br>number | - | H.G.LEE Chokwang Jotun Ltd.<br>Tel: +82 51 797 6000  |

### Section 2. Hazards identification

| A. Hazard classification | <ul> <li>FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3<br/>SKIN CORROSION - Category 1C<br/>SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1<br/>SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1<br/>SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract<br/>irritation) - Category 3<br/>LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2</li> </ul> |
|--------------------------|--|
|                          | This product is classified in accordance with the Industrial Safety and Health Act and the Chemical Control Act.   |

B. GHS label elements, including precautionary statements **Symbol** ż



| Signal word              | Danger.  |
|--------------------------|--|
| Hazard statements        | <ul> <li>H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.</li> <li>H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.</li> <li>H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.</li> <li>H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.</li> <li>H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul> |
| Precautionary statements |  |

## Section 2. Hazards identification

| Prevention       : P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.         P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignit sources. No smoking.         P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.         P273 - Avoid release to the environment.         P261 - Avoid breathing vapour.  |
|--|
| P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.<br>P272 - Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.  |
| <ul> <li>Response</li> <li>P391 - Collect spillage.<br/>P304 + P340, P310 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.<br/>P301 + P310, P330, P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.<br/>P303 + P361 + P353, P310 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Immediately call a POISON CEN or doctor.<br/>P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.<br/>P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.<br/>P303 + P351 + P338, P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for sever minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.<br/>Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.</li> </ul> |
| Storage: P405 - Store locked up.P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.   |
| <b>Disposal</b> : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.   |

### С.

| Other hazards which do | : None known. |
|------------------------|---------------|
| not result in          |               |
| classification         |               |

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

| Substance/mixture | : Mixture        |
|-------------------|------------------|
| Other means of    | : Not available. |
| identification    |                  |

| Ingredient name   | Common name  | Identifiers     | %         |
|---|--|-----------------|-----------|
| fatty acids, c18-unsatd., dimers, polymers<br>with tall-oil fatty acids and<br>triethylenetetramine | polymer of C-18 unsat.fatty<br>acid dimers w/teta&tofa | CAS: 68082-29-1 | ≥45 - ≤50 |
| xylene  | xylene   | CAS: 1330-20-7  | ≥20 - ≤25 |
| ethylbenzene  | ethylbenzene   | CAS: 100-41-4   | <10       |
| 2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol   | 2,4,6-tris<br>(dimethylaminomethyl)<br>phenol          | CAS: 90-72-2    | ≤10       |
| butan-1-ol  | n-butanol  | CAS: 71-36-3    | ≤3        |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

| Α. | Eye contact                | : | Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.  |
|----|----------------------------|---|---|
| В. | Skin contact               | : | Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with<br>plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash<br>contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.<br>Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly<br>by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure.<br>Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.   |
| C. | Inhalation                 | : | Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. |
| D. | Ingestion                  | : | Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out<br>mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the<br>exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the<br>exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting<br>unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should<br>be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated<br>promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.<br>If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately.<br>Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or<br>waistband.  |
| Е. | Notes to physician         | : | In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.<br>The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.  |
|    | Specific treatments        | : | No specific treatment.  |
|    | Protection of first-aiders | : | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.   |

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Firefighting measures

| Α. | Extinguishing media                        |   |  |
|----|--|---|--|
|    | Suitable extinguishing media               | ; | Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.   |
|    | Unsuitable<br>extinguishing media          | : | Do not use water jet.  |
| В. | Specific hazards arising from the chemical | : | Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.<br>In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with<br>the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long<br>lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and<br>prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain. |
|    |  |   |  |

## Section 5. Firefighting measures

|    | Hazardous thermal decomposition products              | : | Decomposition products may include the following materials:<br>carbon dioxide<br>carbon monoxide<br>nitrogen oxides  |
|----|---|---|--|
| C. | Special protective<br>equipment for fire-<br>fighters | : | Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.  |
|    | Special precautions for<br>fire-fighters              | : | Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. |

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

| Α. | Personal precautions,<br>protective equipment<br>and emergency<br>procedures | :  | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.<br>Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from<br>entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources.<br>No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist.<br>Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is<br>inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.  |
|----|--|----|--|
| в. | Environmental precautions  | :  | Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains<br>and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental<br>pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful<br>to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.  |
| с. | Methods and material for   | cc | ontainment and cleaning up   |
|    | Small spill  | :  | Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble.<br>Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.  |
|    | Large spill  | :  | Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal. |

## Section 7. Handling and storage

### A. <u>Precautions for safe handling</u>

| Protective measures | : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. |
|---------------------|--|
|                     | product residue and can be nazardous. Do not reuse container.  |

# Section 7. Handling and storage

|    | Advice on general<br>occupational hygiene                          | handle<br>eating<br>equip  | g, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is<br>ed, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before<br>g, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective<br>ment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional<br>nation on hygiene measures.   |
|----|--|--|--|
| в. | Conditions for safe<br>storage, including any<br>incompatibilities | area.<br>ventila<br>drink.<br>mater<br>that h<br>leakag<br>avoid | in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved<br>Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-<br>ated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and<br>Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising<br>rials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers<br>ave been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent<br>ge. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to<br>environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials<br>e handling or use. |

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### A. <u>Control parameters</u>

### **Occupational exposure limits**

| Ingredient name | Exposure limits                           |
|-----------------|---|
| xylene          | Ministry of Employment and Labor          |
|                 | (Republic of Korea, 1/2020). [Xylene (all |
|                 | isomers)]                                 |
|                 | STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.                 |
|                 | TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.                     |
| ethylbenzene    | Ministry of Employment and Labor          |
| •               | (Republic of Korea, 1/2020).              |
|                 | STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.                 |
|                 | TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.                     |
| butan-1-ol      | Ministry of Employment and Labor          |
|                 | (Republic of Korea, 1/2020). Absorbed     |
|                 | through skin.                             |
|                 | TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.                      |

| В. | Appropriate engineering controls   | : | Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. |
|----|------------------------------------|---|--|
|    | Environmental<br>exposure controls | : | Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure<br>they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some<br>cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process<br>equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.  |
| с. | Personal protective equip          | m | <u>ent</u>   |
|    | Respiratory protection             | : | If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use a respirator according to EN 140. Use respiratory mask with charcoal and dust filter  |

|                 | when spraying this product, according to EN 14387(as filter combination A2-P2). In confined spaces, use compressed-air or fresh-air respiratory equipment. When use of roller or brush, consider use of charcoalfilter.  |
|-----------------|--|
| Eye protection  | : Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.  |
| Hand protection | <ul> <li>There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.<br/>The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product.<br/>The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.<br/>Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.</li> </ul> |

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

|                  | Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.  |
|------------------|---|
|                  | The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemica damage and poor maintenance.   |
|                  | Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.  |
|                  | Wear suitable gloves tested to ISO 374-1:2016.<br>May be used, gloves(breakthrough time) 4 - 8 hours: neoprene (> 0.35 mm), butyl<br>rubber (> 0.4 mm), Viton® (> 0.7 mm)   |
|                  | Not recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) < 1 hour: PVC (> 0.5 mm)<br>Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: 4H/Silver Shield® (> 0.07<br>mm), Teflon (> 0.35 mm), nitrile rubber (> 0.75 mm), polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) (> 0.3<br>mm)  |
|                  | For right choice of glove materials, with focus on chemical resistance and time of penetration, seek advice by the supplier of chemical resistant gloves.   |
|                  | The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.   |
| Body protection  | : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task<br>being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist<br>before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity,<br>wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static<br>discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.   |
| Hygiene measures | : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before<br>eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.<br>Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing.<br>Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash<br>contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety<br>showers are close to the workstation location. |
|                  |   |

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

| Α. | <u>Appearance</u>   |   |  |
|----|---|---|--|
|    | Physical state  | : | Liquid.  |
|    | Colour  | : | Various  |
| В. | Odour   | : | Characteristic.  |
| С. | Odour threshold   | : | Not applicable.  |
| D. | рН  | : | Not applicable.  |
| Е. | Melting/freezing point  | : | Not applicable.  |
| F. | Boiling point, initial<br>boiling point, and<br>boiling range | : | Lowest known value: 119°C (246.2°F) (butan-1-ol). Weighted average: 134.9°C (274.8°F)                            |
| G. | Flash point   | ; | Closed cup: 25°C   |
| н. | Evaporation rate  | : | Highest known value: 0.84 (ethylbenzene) Weighted average: 0.76compared with butyl acetate                       |
| I. | Flammability (solid, gas)                                     | : | Not applicable.  |
| J. | Lower and upper<br>explosive (flammable)<br>limits            | : | 0.8 - 11.3%  |
| K. | Vapour pressure   | : | Highest known value: 1.2 kPa (9.3 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (ethylbenzene). Weighted average: 0.4 kPa (3 mm Hg) (at 20°C) |
| L. | Solubility  | : | cold waterNot solublehot waterNot soluble  |
| Μ. | Vapour density  | : | Highest known value: 3.7 (Air = 1) (xylene). Weighted average: 3.62 (Air = 1)                                    |

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

| N. Relative density                           | : 0.93 g/cm <sup>3</sup>                            |
|---|---|
| O. Partition coefficient: n-<br>octanol/water | : Not available.                                    |
| P. Auto-ignition<br>temperature               | : Lowest known value: 355°C (671°F) (butan-1-ol).   |
| Q. Decomposition temperature                  | : Not available.                                    |
| R. Viscosity                                  | : Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >20.5 mm²/s (>20.5 cSt) |
| S. Molecular weight                           | : Not applicable.                                   |

### Particle characteristics

Median particle size

#### : Not applicable.

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

| Α. | Chemical stability                  | : | The product is stable.  |
|----|-------------------------------------|---|---|
|    | Possibility of hazardous reactions  | : | Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.   |
| В. | Conditions to avoid                 | : | Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. |
| C. | Incompatible materials              | : | Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.  |
| D. | Hazardous<br>decomposition products | : | Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.  |

## Section 11. Toxicological information

There are no data available on the mixture itself. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

### A. Information on likely : Not available.

| routes of exposure   |   |
|----------------------|---|
| Potential acute heal | th effects  |
| Inhalation           | : May cause respiratory irritation.   |
| Ingestion            | : No known significant effects or critical hazards.                                       |
| Skin contact         | : Causes severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.                               |
| Eye contact          | : Causes serious eye damage.  |
| Over-exposure sign   | s/symptoms  |
| Inhalation           | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>respiratory tract irritation<br>coughing |
| Ingestion            | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains                               |

# Section 11. Toxicological information

| Skin contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>pain or irritation<br>redness<br>blistering may occur |
|--------------|--|
| Eye contact  | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>pain<br>watering<br>redness                           |

### B. Health hazards

| Product/ingredient name | Result                 | Species    | Dose        | Exposure |
|-------------------------|------------------------|------------|-------------|----------|
| xylene                  | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat        | 20 mg/l     | 4 hours  |
|                         | LD50 Oral              | Rat        | 4300 mg/kg  | -        |
|                         | TDLo Dermal            | Rabbit     | 4300 mg/kg  | -        |
| ethylbenzene            | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat - Male | 17.8 mg/l   | 4 hours  |
| -                       | LD50 Dermal            | Rabbit     | >5000 mg/kg | -        |
|                         | LD50 Oral              | Rat        | 3500 mg/kg  | -        |
| 2,4,6-tris              | LD50 Oral              | Rat        | 1673 mg/kg  | -        |
| (dimethylaminomethyl)   |                        |            |             |          |
| phenol                  |                        |            |             |          |
| butan-1-ol              | LD50 Oral              | Rat        | 790 mg/kg   | -        |

### Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name   | Result                 | Species                            | Score | Exposure                  | Observation |
|---|------------------------|------------------------------------|-------|---------------------------|-------------|
| fatty acids, c18-unsatd.,<br>dimers, polymers with tall-<br>oil fatty acids and<br>triethylenetetramine | Eyes - Irritant        | Mammal -<br>species<br>unspecified | -     | -                         | -           |
|   | Skin - Mild irritant   | Mammal -<br>species<br>unspecified | -     | -                         | -           |
| xylene  | Eyes - Mild irritant   | Rabbit                             | -     | 87 milligrams             | -           |
|   | Skin - Mild irritant   | Rat                                | -     | 8 hours 60<br>microliters | -           |
| 2,4,6-tris<br>(dimethylaminomethyl)<br>phenol   | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit                             | -     | 24 hours 50<br>µg         | -           |
|   | Skin - Severe irritant | Rat                                | -     | 0.25 ml                   | -           |

### **Sensitisation**

| Product/ingredient name   | Route of exposure | Species                         | Result      |
|---|-------------------|---------------------------------|-------------|
| fatty acids, c18-unsatd.,<br>dimers, polymers with tall-<br>oil fatty acids and<br>triethylenetetramine | skin              | Mammal - species<br>unspecified | Sensitising |

### CMR - ISHA Article 42 Occupational Exposure Limits

| Product/ingredient name<br>Ethyl benzene |         |             | Identifiers                | Classification<br>CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 |  |
|--|---------|-------------|----------------------------|--|--|
|  |         |             | CAS: 100-41-4              |  |  |
| <u>Mutagenicity</u>                      |         |             | I                          |  |  |
| Conclusion/Summary :                     | No know | n significa | nt effects or critical haz | ards.  |  |
| Carcinogenicity                          |         |             |                            |  |  |
| Conclusion/Summary :                     | No know | n significa | nt effects or critical haz | ards.  |  |
| <u>Classification</u>                    |         |             |                            |  |  |
| Product/ingredient name                  | OSHA    | IARC        | NTP                        | ACGIH  |  |
| ethylbenzene                             | -       | 2B          | -                          | A3   |  |

Date of revision

## Section 11. Toxicological information

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Product/ingredient name | Category   | Route of exposure | Target organs                   |
|-------------------------|------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|
| xylene                  | Category 3 | -                 | Respiratory tract irritation    |
| butan-1-ol              | Category 3 | -                 | Respiratory tract<br>irritation |
|                         | Category 3 |                   | Narcotic effects                |

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Product/ingredient name |            | Route of<br>exposure | Target organs  |
|-------------------------|------------|----------------------|----------------|
| ethylbenzene            | Category 2 | -                    | hearing organs |

**Aspiration hazard** 

| Product/ingredient name | Result   |  |
|-------------------------|--|--|
|                         | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1<br>ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |  |

### Potential chronic health effects

Chronic toxicity

| General         | 1 | Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels. |
|-----------------|---|---|
| Carcinogenicity | : | No known significant effects or critical hazards.   |

Mutagenicity

- : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- **Reproductive toxicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

| Product/ingredient name               | Oral (mg/<br>kg) | Dermal<br>(mg/kg) | Inhalation<br>(gases)<br>(ppm) | Inhalation<br>(vapours)<br>(mg/l) | Inhalation<br>(dusts<br>and mists)<br>(mg/l) |
|---------------------------------------|------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| Penguard HB II Comp B                 | 12517.8          | 4583.3            | N/A                            | 60.6                              | N/A  |
| xylene                                | 4300             | 1100              | N/A                            | 20                                | N/A  |
| ethylbenzene                          | 3500             | N/A               | N/A                            | 17.8                              | N/A  |
| 2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol | 1673             | N/A               | N/A                            | N/A                               | N/A  |
| butan-1-ol                            | 500              | N/A               | N/A                            | N/A                               | N/A  |

## Section 12. Ecological information

### A. <u>Ecotoxicity</u>

This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

| Product/ingredient name | Result                            | Species   | Exposure                                     |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|--|
| xylene                  | Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water | Crustaceans - Palaemonetes<br>pugio   | 48 hours                                     |
| ethylbenzene            |                                   | Fish - Pimephales promelas<br>Algae - Skeletonema costatum<br>Daphnia<br>Fish | 96 hours<br>96 hours<br>48 hours<br>96 hours |

### B. <u>Persistence and degradability</u>

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## Section 12. Ecological information

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|-------------------------|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| xylene                  | -                 | -          | Readily          |
| ethylbenzene            | -                 | -          | Readily          |

### C. Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name   | LogPow               | BCF                   | Potential         |
|---|----------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|
| xylene<br>ethylbenzene<br>2,4,6-tris<br>(dimethylaminomethyl)<br>phenol | 3.12<br>3.6<br>0.219 | 8.1 to 25.9<br>-<br>- | low<br>low<br>low |
| butan-1-ol  | 1                    | -                     | low               |

### D. Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : Not available. coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>)

E. Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

| Α. | Disposal methods     | : | The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible.<br>Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply<br>with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and<br>any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable<br>products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of<br>untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities<br>with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill<br>should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. |
|----|----------------------|---|---|
| В. | Disposal precautions | : | This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be   |

taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### Section 14. Transport information

|                                  | UN   | IMDG  | ΙΑΤΑ  |
|----------------------------------|--|---|---|
| A. UN number                     | UN3469                                       | UN3469  | UN3469  |
| B. UN proper<br>shipping name    | Paint related material, flammable, corrosive | Paint related material,<br>flammable, corrosive. Marine<br>pollutant (fatty acids,<br>c18-unsatd., dimers, polymers<br>with tall-oil fatty acids and<br>triethylenetetramine) | Paint related material,<br>flammable, corrosive |
| C. Transport<br>hazard class(es) | 3 (8)  | 3 (8)   | 3 (8)   |
| D. Packing group                 | 111  |   |   |
| l                                | 1  | Date of revision  | : 29.11.2023                                    |

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# Section 14. Transport information

| E. Environmental<br>hazards              | Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required. |   |  | Yes.                                     | Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.   |
|--|--|---|--|--|--|
| Additional information                   |  |   |  |  |  |
| IMDG                                     |  | : | The marine pollutar<br>Emergency sched   |  | sported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.                                   |
| ΙΑΤΑ                                     |  | : | The environmentally transportation regul   | y hazardous substance mark ma<br>ations. | y appear if required by other  |
| ADR/RID                                  |  | : | The environmentally<br>sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 H<br><u>Hazard identificati</u><br><u>Tunnel code</u> (D/E) | 0  | ot required when transported in                                      |
| F. Special precaution user               | ns for   | : | •  |  | rt in closed containers that are<br>g the product know what to do in |
| Transport in bulk act to IMO instruments | cording  | : | Not available.   |  |  |

Transport in accordance with ADR/RID, IMDG/IMO and ICAO/IATA and national regulation.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

|    |  |     | -   |  |
|----|--|-----|---|--|
| Α. | Regulation according to ISHA   |     |   |  |
|    | ISHA article 117<br>(Harmful substances<br>prohibited from<br>manufacture)                           | :   | None of the components are listed.                                    |  |
|    | ISHA article 118<br>(Harmful substances<br>requiring permission)                                     | :   | None of the components are listed.                                    |  |
|    | Article 2 of Youth<br>Protection Act on<br>Substances Hazardous<br>to Youth                          | :   | Not applicable.   |  |
|    | Exposure Limits of Chem  | ica | al Substances and Physical Factors                                    |  |
|    | The following components have an OEL:<br>xylene<br>ethylbenzene<br>butan-1-ol                        |     |   |  |
|    | ISHA Enforcement Regs<br>Annex 19 (Exposure<br>standards established<br>for harmful factors)         | :   | None of the components are listed.                                    |  |
|    | ISHA Enforcement Regs<br>Annex 21 (Harmful<br>factors subject to Work<br>Environment<br>Measurement) | :   | The following components are listed: xylene, ethyl benzene, n-butanol |  |
|    | ISHA Enforcement Regs<br>Annex 22 (Harmful<br>Factors Subject to<br>Special Health Check-<br>up)     | :   | The following components are listed: Xylene, Ethyl benzene, n-Butanol |  |
|    |  |     |   |  |

# Section 15. Regulatory information

| 3        | ection 15. Regula   | 11         | ory mormation  |  |
|----------|---|------------|--|--|
|          | Standard of Industrial<br>Safety and Health<br>Annex 12 (Hazardous<br>substances subject to<br>control) |            | The following components are listed: xylene, ethyl benzene, n-butanol  |  |
| В.       | 3. <u>Regulation according to Chemicals Control Act</u>   |            |  |  |
|          | AREC Article 17 (TRI)   | 1          | The following components are listed: Xylene including o-,m-,p- isomer, Ethylbenzene  |  |
|          | AREC Article 32<br>(Banned)   | :          | None of the components are listed.   |  |
|          | Article 19 Subject to<br>authorization (K-Reach<br>Article 25)  | -          | None of the components are listed.   |  |
|          | AREC Toxic chemicals  | :          | Not applicable   |  |
|          | AREC Article 32<br>(Restricted)   | 1          | None of the components are listed.   |  |
|          | CCA Article 39<br>(Accident Precaution<br>Chemicals)  | -          | None of the components are listed.   |  |
|          | Existing Chemical<br>Substances Subject to<br>Registration  | :          | The following components are listed: Xylene  |  |
| C.       | Dangerous Materials<br>Safety Management Act  | :          | Class: Class 4 - Flammable Liquid<br>Item: 4. Class 2 petroleums - Water-insoluble liquid<br>Threshold: 1000 L<br>Danger category: III<br>Signal word: Contact with sources of ignition prohibited |  |
| D.       | Wastes regulation   | :          | Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.  |  |
| Е.       | Regulation according to o   | oth        | <u>er foreign laws</u>   |  |
|          | International regulations   |            |  |  |
|          | Chemical Weapon Conv<br>Not listed.   | <u>en</u>  | tion List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals  |  |
|          | Montreal Protocol<br>Not listed.  |            |  |  |
|          | Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.                                       |            |  |  |
|          | Rotterdam Convention of Not listed.   | <u>on</u>  | Prior Informed Consent (PIC)   |  |
|          | UNECE Aarhus Protocol<br>Not listed.  | <u>l o</u> | n POPs and Heavy Metals  |  |
| S        | ection 16. Other  | in         | formation  |  |
| <u> </u> | References  |            | - Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances   |  |

| Α. | References       | : | <ul> <li>Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances</li> <li>United States Environmental Protection Agency ECOTOX</li> </ul> |
|----|------------------|---|--|
| В. | Date of issue    | 1 | 25.01.2022   |
|    | Date of revision | : | 29.11.2023   |
| С. | Version          | : | 1.03   |
|    | Date of printing | : | 29.11.2023   |

D. Other

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

## Section 16. Other information

| Key to abbreviations | : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate   |
|----------------------|---|
| -                    | BCF = Bioconcentration Factor   |
|                      | GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals |
|                      | IATA = International Air Transport Association                                |
|                      | IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container   |
|                      | IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods                                 |
|                      | LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient                 |
|                      | MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, |
|                      | 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)       |
|                      | N/A = Not available   |
|                      | SGG = Segregation Group   |
|                      | UN = United Nations   |
|                      |   |

#### Notice to reader

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Users should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.