

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier	
Product name	: Resist 78 Comp A
Product code	: 678
Product description	: Paint.
Product type	: Liquid.
Other means of identification	: Not available.

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Jotun Boya Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. Balabandere Caddesi, Hilpark Suites Sitesi No: 10, İstinye 34460 Sarıyer, İstanbul

Tel. +90 212 279 7878 SDSJotun@jotun.com

Başvurulacak Kişi: Deren Ercan deren.metiner@jotun.com Original preparation date : 29.11.2023

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

#### **National Poison Information Center**

+90 224 442 82 93 Uludağ Üniversitesi Zehir Danışma Merkezi (www.uludag.edu.tr/uludag/zehir.html) a. ACİL DURUM TELEFONU: Zehirlenme durumlarında gerektiğinde ulusal zehir merkezinin (UZEM) 114 nolu telefonunu arayınız. b. ACİL İLK YARDIM MERKEZİ:112 c. İTFAİYE:110

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

: Mixture

Classification according to regulation SEA: RG.-10/12/2020-31330

Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319

**Product definition** 

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation SEA: RG.-10/12/2020-31330.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

### 2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word

: Danger.

# SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Hazard statements	:	H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H315 - Causes skin irritation. H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.
Precautionary statements		
General	1	Not applicable.
Prevention	:	P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
Response	:	<ul> <li>P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.</li> <li>P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.</li> <li>P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.</li> <li>Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.</li> <li>P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.</li> </ul>
Storage	1	Not applicable.
Disposal	:	P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients	1	2-butoxyethanol
Supplemental label elements	;	Not applicable.
Annex 17 - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:	Not applicable.
Special packaging requirem	ier	<u>its</u>
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings	:	Not applicable.
Tactile warning of danger	:	Not applicable.
2.3 Other hazards		
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB	:	This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
Other hazards which do	:	None known.

not result in classification

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

3.2 Mixtures	: Mixture				
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	SEA: RG10/12/2020-31330	Т	Гуре
Ethanol	EC: 200-578-6 CAS: 64-17-5	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319	[1]	] [2]
2-butoxyethanol	EC: 203-905-0 CAS: 111-76-2 Index: 603-014-00-0	≤11	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 3, H331 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319	[1]	] [2]
xylene	EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7	≤7.5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1]	] [2]
Date of revision	: 29.11.2023	riginal preparatio	on date : 29.11.2023 Vers	ion :1	2/

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

SECTION 3. COM	051001/1110111	ation on	ingreulents	
tetraethyl silicate	EC: 201-083-8 CAS: 78-10-4 Index: 014-005-00-0	≤6.6	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335	[1] [2]
1-methoxypropan-2-ol	EC: 203-539-1 CAS: 107-98-2	≤10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	[1] [2]
ethylbenzene	EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4 Index: 601-023-00-4	≤2.5	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1] [2]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs or vPvBs or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

<u>Type</u>

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact	:	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	:	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	:	Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	:	Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

# 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute nealtr	<u>n enects</u>	
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.	
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.	
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Over-exposure signs	s/symptoms	

SECTION 4. Eiret aid	maggurag
SECTION 4: First aid	Adverse symptoms may include the following:     pain or irritation
	vatering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.
4.3 Indication of any immedi	ate medical attention and special treatment needed
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
<b>SECTION 5: Firefigh</b>	ting measures
5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
5.2 Special hazards arising f	rom the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	: Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special protective actions	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident
for fire-fighters	there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

#### JN 6: Accidental release measures . .

6.1 Personal precautions, pro	ctive equipment and emergency procedures	
For non-emergency personnel	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.	
For emergency responders	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".	

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

6.2 Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
6.3 Methods and material fo	r containment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.
6.4 Reference to other sections	: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

See Technical Data Sheet / packaging for further information.

Regulation on the prevention of major industrial accidents and reduction of their effects - Reporting thresholds

#### Danger criteria

Category	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c	5000 tonne	50000 tonne

5/18

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s) Recommendations

: Not available.

Industrial sector specific : Not available. solutions

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
Ethanol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).
	STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.
2-butoxyethanol	TR ISGGM OEL (Turkey, 12/2013). Absorbed through skin.
-	TWA: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes.
xylene	TR ISGGM OEL (Turkey, 12/2013). [Xylene (pure and mixed
,	isomers)] Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 221 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
tetraethyl silicate	EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Notes: list of indicative
	occupational exposure limit values
	TWA: 5 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 44 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
1-methoxypropan-2-ol	TR ISGGM OEL (Turkey, 12/2013). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 375 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 568 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
ethylbenzene	TR ISGGM OEL (Turkey, 12/2013). Absorbed through skin.
,	TWA: 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 884 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.

#### **Biological exposure indices**

No exposure indices known.

Recommended monitoring : Refe procedures Euro

: Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### **DNELs/DMELs**

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
Ethanol	DNEL	Long term	380 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term Oral	87 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	bw/day 114 mg/m³	population General	Systemic
		Inhalation	_	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	206 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	343 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	950 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term	1900 mg/	Workers	Local
2-butoxyethanol	DNEL	Inhalation Short term Dermal	m³ 89 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term	bw/day 663 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation Short term	246 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	Ū		
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	75 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	98 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	44.5 mg/ kg bw/day	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	426 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Oral	13.4 mg/	[Consumers] Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term	kg bw/day 123 mg/m³	General	Local
		Inhalation		population [Consumers]	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	38 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	49 mg/m³	[Consumers] General	Systemic
		Inhalation	5	population [Consumers]	,
	DNEL	Long term Oral	3.2 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population [Consumers]	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	6.3 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Oral	26.7 mg/	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	kg bw/day 59 mg/m³	population General	Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term	98 mg/m³	population Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation Short term	147 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Local
		Inhalation	_	population	
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	246 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	426 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	1091 mg/ m³	Workers	Systemic
xylene	DNEL	Long term Oral	12.5 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

	DNEL	Dersonal prote	-	General	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	65.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		Local
				population	Curatamia
	DNEL	Long term	65.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	105	population	Chart and the
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	125 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	Out to the
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	212 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
		l	bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Short term	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Short term	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Short term	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Short term	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			-
tetraethyl silicate	DNEL	Short term Dermal	12.1 mg/	Workers	Systemic
-			kg bw/day		-
	DNEL	Short term	85 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			-
	DNEL	Short term	85 mg/m³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	Ũ		
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	12.1 mg/	Workers	Systemic
		5	kg bw/day		,
	DNEL	Long term	85 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	<u>-</u>		-,
	DNEL	Long term	85 mg/m³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	00g,		
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	8.4 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	01122	ener term Dernia	bw/day	population	eyeterme
			Smaay	[Consumers]	
	DNEL	Short term	25 mg/m³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	20 mg/m	population	Cyclonnic
		minulation		[Consumers]	
	DNEL	Short term	25 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Local
	DIVEL	Inhalation	20 mg/m	population	Loodi
		minulation		[Consumers]	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	8.4 mg/kg	General	Systemic
		Long term Derma	bw/day	population	Oysternic
			Dw/uay	[Consumers]	
	DNEL	Long term	25 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
	DINEL		25 mg/m	population	Systemic
		Inhalation		[Consumers]	
	DNEL	Long torm	25 ma/m3	General	Local
	DINEL	Long term	25 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		LUCAI
		Inhalation		population	
		Long torms Domest	1.0	[Consumers]	Curtans!-
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	1.8 mg/kg	General	Systemic
		Chart to me	bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Short term	5.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Local
		Inhalation	E 0	population	
	DNEL	Long term	5.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Local
		Inhalation	<b>FO 1 2</b>	population	
	DNEL	Short term	5.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	<b>FO 1 2</b>	population	
	DNEL	Long term	5.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	6.3 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		
	DNEL	Short term	44 mg/m³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
		1	I		1
of revision	: 29.11.2023	Original preparation date	: 29.11.2	123	Version :1

ECTION 8: Exposure	controls/h		-		
	DNEL	Long term	44 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Short term	44 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term	44 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
1-methoxypropan-2-ol	DNEL	Long term Oral	33 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	43.9 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	"	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	78 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	183 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		Quatantia
	DNEL	Long term	369 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation		14/	1 1
	DNEL	Short term	553.5 mg/ m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Inhalation Short term		Workers	Svotomio
	DINEL	Inhalation	553.5 mg/ m³	VUIKEIS	Systemic
ethylbenzene	DMEL	Long term	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
euryidenzene		Inhalation	-++2 mg/m	VVUINEIS	LUCAI
	DMEL	Short term	884 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	co- mg/m		Systemio
	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.6 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	byotonno
	DNEL	Long term	15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	77 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	Ŭ		,
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	180 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term	293 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	Ŭ		

#### **PNECs**

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
2-butoxyethanol	Fresh water	8.8 mg/l	-
	Marine	0.88 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	463 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	34.6 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	3.46 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	3.13 mg/kg dwt	-
	Secondary Poisoning	20 mg/kg	-
xylene	Fresh water	0.327 mg/l	-
, ,	Marine	0.327 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	6.58 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	12.46 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	12.46 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	2.31 mg/kg dwt	-
tetraethyl silicate	Fresh water	0.19 mg/l	-
2	Marine	0.019 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	4000 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	0.83 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	0.083 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	0.05 mg/kg dwt	-
1-methoxypropan-2-ol	Fresh water	10 mg/l	-
	Marine	1 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	100 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	52.3 mg/kg dwt	-
te of revision : 29.11.20	23 Original preparation date	: 29.11.2023	Version :1

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

-				
		Marine water sediment	5.2 mg/kg dwt	-
		Soil	5.49 mg/kg dwt	-
	ethylbenzene	Fresh water	0.1 mg/l	-
		Marine	0.01 mg/l	-
		Sewage Treatment	9.6 mg/l	-
		Plant		
		Fresh water sediment	13.7 mg/kg dwt	-
		Soil	2.68 mg/kg dwt	-
		Secondary Poisoning	20 mg/kg	-

Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Individual protection meas	<u>ures</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying to ISO 16321-1:2022 should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	<ul> <li>There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals. The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material. Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly. The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/ chemical damage and poor maintenance. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.</li> <li>Wear suitable gloves tested to ISO 374-1:2016. Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) &gt; 8 hours: Viton® (&gt; 0.7 mm), 4H/Silve Shield® (&gt; 0.07 mm), Teflon (&gt; 0.35 mm)</li> <li>Not recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) &lt; 1 hour: PVC (&gt; 0.5 mm) May be used, gloves(breakthrough time) 4 - 8 hours: nitrile rubber (&gt; 0.75 mm), neoprene (&gt; 0.35 mm), butyl rubber (&gt; 0.4 mm), polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) (&gt; 0.3 mm)</li> </ul>
	For right choice of glove materials, with focus on chemical resistance and time of penetration, seek advice by the supplier of chemical resistant gloves.
	The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

Other skin protection	:	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	:	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

on monitation on sacio phycica		
<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	1	Liquid.
Colour	4	Grey
Odour	4	Characteristic.
Odour threshold	4	Not applicable.
Melting point/freezing point	1	Not applicable.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	>36°C (>96.8°F)
Flammability (solid, gas)	1	Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	:	0.8 - 23%
Flash point	1	Closed cup: 16°C (60.8°F)
Auto-ignition temperature	1	Lowest known value: 222°C (431.6°F) (tetraethyl silicate).
Decomposition temperature	1	Not available.
рН	1	Not applicable.
Viscosity	1	Kinematic (40°C): >20.5 mm²/s
Solubility(ies)	1	
Media		Result
cold water hot water		Not soluble Not soluble
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	:	Not available.
Vapour pressure	:	Highest known value: 5.7 kPa (42.9 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (ethanol). Weighted average: 2.75 kPa (20.63 mm Hg) (at 20°C)
		Highest known value: 1.7 (ethanol) Weighted average: 1.03compared with butyl acetate
Density	4	1.17 g/cm <sup>3</sup>
Density Vapour density		<ul> <li>1.17 g/cm<sup>3</sup></li> <li>Highest known value: 7.22 (Air = 1) (tetraethyl silicate). Weighted average:</li> <li>3.18 (Air = 1)</li> </ul>
	:	Highest known value: 7.22 (Air = 1) (tetraethyl silicate). Weighted average:
Vapour density	:	Highest known value: 7.22 (Air = 1) (tetraethyl silicate). Weighted average: 3.18 (Air = 1)
Vapour density Explosive properties	:	Highest known value: 7.22 (Air = 1) (tetraethyl silicate). Weighted average: 3.18 (Air = 1) Not available.

#### 9.2 Other information

No additional information.

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

10.1 Reactivity	:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	:	The product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	1	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	:	Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
10.5 Incompatible materials	:	Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	1	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.
Shelf life at 23 °C	:	6 month(s)

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Ethanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	124700 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
2-butoxyethanol	LD50 Oral	Guinea pig - Male, Female	1414 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male, Female	1300 mg/kg	-
xylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	20 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Dermal	Rabbit	4300 mg/kg	-
1-methoxypropan-2-ol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	6600 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat - Male	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Resist 78 Comp A	12000.0	16858.2	N/A	23.2	N/A
ethanol	7000	N/A	N/A	124.7	N/A
2-butoxyethanol	1200	N/A	N/A	3	N/A
xylene	4300	1100	N/A	20	N/A
tetraethyl silicate	N/A	N/A	N/A	11	N/A
1-methoxy-2-propanol	6600	13000	N/A	N/A	N/A
ethylbenzene	3500	N/A	N/A	17.8	N/A

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Ethanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 microliters	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	400 milligrams	-
2-butoxyethanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
kylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 microliters	-
etraethyl silicate	Eyes - Mild irritant	Mammal - species	-	-	-

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

•		ogical information				
	1-methoxypropan-2-ol	Eyes - Mild irritant	unspecified Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
		Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
	Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
	Sensitisation					
	Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
	<u>Mutagenicity</u>					
	Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
	Carcinogenicity					
	Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
	Reproductive toxicity					
	Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
	Teratogenicity					
	Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
	Specific target organ toxicit	<u>y (single exposure)</u>				

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
tetraethyl silicate	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
1-methoxypropan-2-ol	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Product/ingredient name	Result	
xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	

### Information on likely routes : Not available.

of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
<u>Long term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	ects
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Other information**

: Not available.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
2-butoxyethanol	Acute EC50 1000 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
,	Acute LC50 1000 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans -	48 hours
		Chaetogammarus marinus -	
		Young	
xylene	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 7700 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

**Conclusion/Summary** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
xylene ethylbenzene	-		Readily Readily

#### **12.3 Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
Ethanol	-0.35	-	low
2-butoxyethanol	0.81	-	low
xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low
tetraethyl silicate	3.18	-	low
1-methoxypropan-2-ol	<1	-	low
ethylbenzene	3.6	-	low

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

Mobility

: Not available.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

**12.6 Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

.1 Waste treatment met	hods
<u>roduct</u>	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	: Yes.
<u>Waste list</u>	
Waste code	Waste code definition
08 01 11*	Waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances

**Packaging** 

- Methods of disposal: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste<br/>packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered<br/>when recycling is not feasible.
- Special precautions
   This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	Paint	Paint	Paint	Paint
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	11	11	11	11
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

Additional information

ADR/RID	: <u>Hazard identification number</u> 33 <u>Special provisions</u> 640 (C) <u>Tunnel code</u> (D/E)
ADN	: <u>Special provisions</u> 640 (C)
IMDG	: Emergency schedules F-E, <u>S-E</u>
14.6 Special precautions for user	: <b>Transport within user's premises:</b> always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do ir the event of an accident or spillage.
14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	: Not available.

#### Turkey Regulation No. 30105, KKDIK

Annex 14 - List of substances subject to authorization

#### <u>Annex 14</u>

None of the components are listed.

#### Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex 17 - Restrictions	: Not applicable.
on the manufacture,	
placing on the market	
and use of certain	
dangerous substances,	
mixtures and articles	

#### **Ozone depleting substances**

Not listed.

#### Regulation on the prevention of major industrial accidents and reduction of their effects

This product is controlled under the Regulation on the prevention of major industrial accidents and reduction of their effects.

#### Danger criteria

Category

P5c

#### **EU regulations**

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

#### Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable. on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU) Not listed.

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.

Not listed.

### International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals Not listed.

**Montreal Protocol** 

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

**UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals** 

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety	:	This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still
assessment		required.

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
acronyms	EUH statement = SEA-specific Hazard statement
	N/A = Not available
	PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
	PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
	SGG = Segregation Group
	vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

#### Procedure used to derive the classification according to regulation SEA: RG.-10/12/2020-31330

Classification	Justification
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method

#### Full text of abbreviated H statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of classifications [SEA/GHS]

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3
Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
STOT RE 2	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3
Date of printing	: 29.11.2023
Date of issue/ Date of	: 29.11.2023
revision	
Date of previous issue	No previous validation
Version	: 1

#### **Contact information of certified author**

Responsible Person: Deren Ercan Mail Address: deren.metiner@jotun.com Certificate No: LONCA KDU81/2021.26 Certificate Expiration Date: 14.10.2026

#### Notice to reader

The information in this document is given to the best of Jotun's knowledge, based on laboratory testing and practical experience. Jotun's products are considered as semi-finished goods and as such, products are often used under conditions beyond Jotun's control. Jotun cannot guarantee anything but the quality of the product itself. Minor product variations may be implemented in order to comply with local requirements. Jotun reserves the right to change the given data without further notice.

Users should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.