SAFETY DATA SHEET



Tankguard SF Comp A

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier : Tankguard SF Comp A

Product code : 7740

Other means of identification

: Not available.

Product type : Liquid.
Product description : Paint.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use in coatings - Industrial use
Use in coatings - Professional use

Supplier's details : 佐敦涂料(张家港)有限公司

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Emergency telephone number (with hours of

operation)

: Jotun Coatings (Taiwan) Ltd. Co. Tel: +886 2 87705061

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

: SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 AQUATIC TOXICITY (CHRONIC) - Category 2

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms





Signal word : Warning.

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Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements : H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Prevention : P280 - Wear protective gloves.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P261 - Avoid breathing vapour.

Response : P391 - Collect spillage.

P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.

: Not applicable. **Storage**

: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, **Disposal**

national and international regulations.

Other hazards which do not : None known.

result in classification

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture Other means of : Not available. identification

Product name	% (w/w)	CAS number	Type
phenol, polymer with formaldehyde, glycidyl ether	≥25 - ≤50	28064-14-4	[1]
epoxy-formaldehyde resin (MW<700)	≤10	9003-36-5	[1]
oxirane, 2,2'-[1,6-hexanediylbis(oxymethylene)] bis-	≤5	16096-31-4	[1]
complex mixture of diamid waxes	≤3	-	[1]
benzyl alcohol	≤3	100-51-6	[1]
物品名稱	% (w/w)	化學文摘社登記號碼(CAS No.)	類型
Menol, polymer with formaldehyde, glycidyl ether	≥25 - ≤50	28064-14-4	[1]
	_10	9003-36-5	[[1]

物品名構	% (w/w)	化學又摘往登記號碼(CAS No.)	類型
Menol, polymer with formaldehyde, glycidyl ether	≥25 - ≤50	28064-14-4	[1]
酚醛环氧树脂(MW<700)	≤10	9003-36-5	[1]
1,6-bis(2,3-epoxypropoxy)hexane	≤5	16096-31-4	[1]
complex mixture of diamid waxes	≤3	-	[1]
苯甲醇	<u>≤</u> 3	100-51-6	[1]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

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Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact

Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contactInhalationNo known significant effects or critical hazards.No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Ingestion: No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It

may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear

gloves

See toxicological information (Section 11)

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Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

: None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide sulfur oxides

halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

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Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage, : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

None.

Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

Appropriate engineering controls

: Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

Individual protection measures

Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Hand protection

There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.

The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.

Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

Wear suitable gloves tested to ISO 374-1:2016.

Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: fluor rubber (> 0.35 mm), neoprene (> 0.35 mm), Viton® (> 0.7 mm), 4H/Silver Shield® (> 0.07 mm), butyl rubber (> 0.4 mm)

May be used, gloves(breakthrough time) 4 - 8 hours: polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) (> 0.3 mm), nitrile rubber (> 0.75 mm), PVC (> 0.5 mm)

For right choice of glove materials, with focus on chemical resistance and time of penetration, seek advice by the supplier of chemical resistant gloves.

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

Eye protection

: Safety eyewear complying to ISO 16321-1:2022 should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.

Colour : White., Yellowish-brown., Grey, Red

Odour : Characteristic.
Odour threshold : Not available.
pH : Not applicable.
Melting point/freezing point : Not applicable.
Boiling point, initial boiling : Not available.

point, and boiling range

Flash point : Closed cup: Not applicable.

Flammability : Not available.

Lower and upper explosion : Not applicable.

limit/flammability limit

Vapour pressure

	Vapour Pres		ıre at 20°C	re at 20°C Vapour pr		ssure at 50°C
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	42.15358	5.6	OECD 104	357.48039	47.7	OECD 104
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	2.7	0.36	OECD 104			
epoxy-formaldehyde resin (MW<700)	0.62	0.083	EU A.4			
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	0.22502 to 0.45004	0.03 to 0.06				
benzyl alcohol	0.05	0.0067				
2,6-ditert-butyl-p-cresol	0.00825	0.0011				
silane, trimethyoxy[3-(oxiranyl- methoxy)propyl]-	0.0082	0.0011				

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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

talc (non-asbestos form)	0	0		
propylidynetrimethanol	0	0		

Relative vapour density : Not available.

Density : 1.66 to 1.698 g/cm³

Solubility(ies) :

Media	Result
cold water	Not soluble
hot water	Not soluble

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not applicable.

Auto-ignition temperature

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	>220	>428	
hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	280 to 470	536 to 878	DIN EN 14522
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	333	631.4	DIN 51794
silane, trimethyoxy[3-(oxiranyl-methoxy)propyl]-	400	752	DIN 51794
benzyl alcohol	436	816.8	

Decomposition temperature: Not avail

Viscosity : Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >20.5 mm²/s (>20.5 cSt)

Particle characteristics

Median particle size : Not applicable.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

Incompatible materials : No specific data.

Hazardous decomposition

products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products

should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
benzyl alcohol	LD50 Oral	Rat	1230 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
phenol, polymer with formaldehyde, glycidyl ether	Eyes - Mild irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
epoxy-formaldehyde resin (MW<700)	Skin - Mild irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
oxirane, 2,2'- [1,6-hexanediylbis (oxymethylene)]bis-	Eyes - Mild irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
, , , , ,	Skin - Mild irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
benzyl alcohol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-

Sensitisation

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
phenol, polymer with formaldehyde, glycidyl ether	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising
epoxy-formaldehyde resin (MW<700)	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising
oxirane, 2,2'- [1,6-hexanediylbis (oxymethylene)]bis-	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on likely routes: Not available.

of exposure

Potential acute health effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Eye contact** Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

: No known significant effects or critical hazards. Ingestion

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Ingestion: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects

: Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General : Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed

to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	(gases)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Tankguard SF Comp A benzyl alcohol	61500.0 1230		N/A N/A	550.0 11	N/A N/A

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
phenol, polymer with formaldehyde, glycidyl ether	Acute EC50 3.3 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
, , , , ,	Acute LC50 7.5 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
epoxy-formaldehyde resin (MW<700)	Acute EC50 2 mg/l	Daphnia	24 hours
,	Acute LC50 2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
oxirane, 2,2'- [1,6-hexanediylbis (oxymethylene)]bis-	Acute EC50 47 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
, , ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Acute LC50 30 mg/l	Fish - Cyprinidae (Leuciscus	96 hours

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Section 12. Ecological information | idus)

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
phenol, polymer with formaldehyde, glycidyl ether	-	-	Not readily
epoxy-formaldehyde resin (MW<700)	-	-	Not readily
benzyl alcohol	-	-	Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
epoxy-formaldehyde resin (MW<700)	2.7	-	low
oxirane, 2,2'-	0.822	-	low
[1,6-hexanediylbis (oxymethylene)]bis-			
benzyl alcohol	0.87	<100	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	IATA	
UN number	UN3082	UN3082	UN3082	
UN proper shipping name	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (phenol, polymer with formaldehyde, glycidyl ether, epoxy-formaldehyde resin (MW<700))	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (phenol, polymer with formaldehyde, glycidyl ether, epoxy-formaldehyde resin (MW<700)). Marine pollutant (phenol, polymer with formaldehyde, glycidyl ether, epoxy-formaldehyde resin (MW<700))	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (phenol, polymer with formaldehyde, glycidyl ether, epoxy-formaldehyde resin (MW<700))	

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Section 14. Transport information

Transport hazard class(es)	9	9	9
Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.

Additional information

UN

: This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8.

ADR/RID

Tunnel restriction code: (-) Hazard identification number: 90

IMDG

: This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2

and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8. Emergency schedules F-A, S-F

IATA

: This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 5.0.2.4.1, 5.0.2.6.1.1 and 5.0.2.8.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according: Not available. to IMO instruments

TCCSCA List of toxic chemicals

Not applicable.

TCCSCA List of concerned chemicals

Not applicable.

Priority management chemicals, Article 2

Section 15. Regulatory information

Chemical substances possessing physical hazards or health hazards (Article 2.2 (II))

Ingredient name	Name on list	Concentration
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate	≤0.3

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

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Section 16. Other information

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 AQUATIC TOXICITY (CHRONIC) - Category 2	Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method

References : Not available.

Organisation that prepared : Jotun AS, Norway +47 33 45 70 00

History

Date of printing : 25.11.2024
Date of previous issue : 26.06.2024

Version : 1.1

Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

▼ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

The information in this document is given to the best of Jotun's knowledge, based on laboratory testing and practical experience. Jotun's products are considered as semi-finished goods and as such, products are often used under conditions beyond Jotun's control. Jotun cannot guarantee anything but the quality of the product itself. Minor product variations may be implemented in order to comply with local requirements. Jotun reserves the right to change the given data without further notice.

Users should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.

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