## SAFETY DATA SHEET



### Tankguard Special Ultra Comp B

| Section 1. Chemical product and company identification     |   |  |
|--|---|--|
| Product name   | : Tankguard Special Ultra Comp B  |  |
| Product code   | : 8500  |  |
| Product type   | : Liquid.   |  |
| Product description  | : Hardener.   |  |
| Relevant identified uses                                   | of the substance or mixture and uses advised against  |  |
| Use in coatings - Industria<br>Use in coatings - Professi  |   |  |
| Supplier's details   | : 佐敦涂料(张家港)有限公司<br>中国江苏扬子江国际化学工业园南海路39号 215634<br>电话: +86 512 58937988<br>传真: +86 512 58937986  |  |
|  | Jotun Coatings (Zhangjiagang) Co. Ltd<br>NO.39 Nanhai Road Jiangsu Yangtze River International Chemical Industry Park,<br>Jiangsu Province 215634 China<br>Tel: +86 512 58937988<br>Fax: +86 512 58937986 |  |
|  | 中远佐敦船舶涂料(青岛)有限公司<br>中国山东省青岛市高新区春阳路800号<br>总机电话: +86-532-68689888<br>总机传真: +86-532-66726750  |  |
|  | Jotun COSCO Marine Coatings (Qingdao) Co. Ltd.<br>No. 800, Chunyang Road, High-tech Zone, Qingdao, P. R. China<br>Tel: +86-532-68689888<br>Fax: +86-532-66726750  |  |
|  | SDSJotun@jotun.com  |  |
| Emergency telephone<br>number (with hours of<br>operation) | : Emergency Services for Chemical Incident of China. Tel: +86 532 83889090  |  |

### Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture according to GB 13690-2009 and GB 30000-2013

### Section 2. Hazards identification

| Classification of the<br>substance or mixture | <ul> <li>FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3<br/>SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B<br/>SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1<br/>SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1<br/>CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2<br/>SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract<br/>irritation) - Category 3<br/>SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2<br/>LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2</li> </ul>  |
|---|---|
| GHS label elements                            |   |
| Hazard pictograms                             |   |
| Signal word                                   | : Danger.   |
| Hazard statements                             | <ul> <li>H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.</li> <li>H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.</li> <li>H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.</li> <li>H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.</li> <li>H351 - Suspected of causing cancer.</li> <li>H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>   |
| Precautionary statements                      |   |
| General                                       | : Not applicable.   |
| Prevention                                    | <ul> <li>P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.</li> <li>P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.</li> <li>P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.</li> <li>P273 - Avoid release to the environment.</li> <li>P261 - Avoid breathing vapour.</li> </ul>   |
| Response                                      | <ul> <li>P391 - Collect spillage.</li> <li>P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.</li> <li>P304 + P310 - IF INHALED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.</li> <li>P301 + P310, P330, P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON</li> <li>CENTER or doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.</li> <li>P303 + P361 + P353, P310 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.</li> <li>P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.</li> <li>P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.</li> <li>P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.</li> <li>P305 + P351 + P338, P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.</li> </ul> |
| Storage                                       | <ul> <li>P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.</li> <li>P403 + P235 - Keep cool.</li> </ul>  |
| Disposal                                      | : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.  |
| Physical and chemical hazards                 | : Flammable liquid and vapour.  |
| Health hazards                                | : Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. May cause an allergic skin reaction.<br>May cause respiratory irritation. Suspected of causing cancer.   |

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

### Substance/mixture

### Other means of identification

- : Mixture
- : Not available.

| Ingredient name  | %   | CAS number  |
|--|-----|-------------|
| bisphenol f epoxide resin adduct with 1,2-diaminocyclohexane                               | ≤55 | 168612-07-5 |
| xylene   | ≤20 | 1330-20-7   |
| ethylbenzene   | ≤6  | 100-41-4    |
| Formaldehyde, oligomeric reaction products with phenol and m-<br>phenylenebis(methylamine) | ≤6  | 57214-10-5  |
| butan-1-ol   | ≤5  | 71-36-3     |
| 1,2-cyclohexanediamine   | ≤4  | 694-83-7    |
| m-xylene-alpha,alpha'-diamine  | ≤4  | 1477-55-0   |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

| Eye contact  | : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.  |
|--------------|---|
| Inhalation   | : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. |
| Skin contact | : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.  |
| Ingestion    | : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out<br>mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the<br>exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the<br>exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting<br>unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should<br>be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated<br>promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.<br>If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately.<br>Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or<br>waistband.  |

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

| Date of issue/Date of revision : 25.11.2024 Date of previous | s issue : 05.07.2024 Version : 1.06 3/14 |
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|--|--|

### Section 4. First aid measures

| Potential acute health effect | t <u>s</u>  |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Eye contact                   | : Causes serious eye damage.  |
| Inhalation                    | : May cause respiratory irritation.   |
| Skin contact                  | : Causes severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.   |
| Ingestion                     | : No known significant effects or critical hazards.   |
| Over-exposure signs/symp      | <u>toms</u>   |
| Eye contact                   | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>pain<br>watering<br>redness  |
| Inhalation                    | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>respiratory tract irritation<br>coughing   |
| Skin contact                  | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>pain or irritation<br>redness<br>blistering may occur  |
| Ingestion                     | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains   |
| Indication of immediate med   | lical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary  |
| Notes to physician            | : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.<br>The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.  |
| Specific treatments           | : No specific treatment.  |
| Protection of first-aiders    | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. |

### See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Firefighting measures

| Extinguishing media                            |  |
|--|--|
| Suitable extinguishing media                   | : Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.   |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media                 | : Do not use water jet.  |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical     | : Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.<br>In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with<br>the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long<br>lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and<br>prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain. |
| Hazardous thermal decomposition products       | : Decomposition products may include the following materials:<br>carbon dioxide<br>carbon monoxide<br>nitrogen oxides  |
| Special protective actions for fire-fighters   | : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.   |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | <ul> <li>Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained<br/>breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure<br/>mode.</li> </ul>  |
| Date of issue/Date of revision                 | : 25.11.2024 Date of previous issue : 05.07.2024 Version : 1.06 4/14   |
| k  |  |

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

| Personal precautions, protect  | ctiv | e equipment and emergency procedures   |
|--------------------------------|------|--|
| For non-emergency<br>personnel | :    | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.<br>Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from<br>entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources.<br>No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist.<br>Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is<br>inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.  |
| For emergency responders       | :    | If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".  |
| Environmental precautions      | :    | Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains<br>and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental<br>pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful<br>to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.  |
| Methods and material for cor   | ntai | inment and cleaning up   |
| Small spill                    | :    | Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.   |
| Large spill                    | :    | Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal. |

### Section 7. Handling and storage

| Precautions for safe handling               |   |
|---|---|
| Protective measures :                       | Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. |
| Advice on general :<br>occupational hygiene | Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.   |

### Section 7. Handling and storage

| Conditions for safe storage,       | : : | Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved  |
|------------------------------------|-----|---|
| including any<br>incompatibilities |     | area. Store in original container protected from direct surlight in a dry, cool and well-<br>ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and<br>drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising<br>materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers<br>that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent<br>leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to<br>avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials<br>before handling or use. |
|                                    |     |   |

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

| Ingredient name               | Exposure limits                            |
|-------------------------------|--|
| xylene                        | GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022). [Xylene]         |
|                               | PC-STEL: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. |
|                               | PC-TWA: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.      |
| ethylbenzene                  | GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022).                  |
| •                             | PC-TWA: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.     |
|                               | PC-STEL: 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. |
| butan-1-ol                    | GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022).                  |
|                               | PC-TWA: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.     |
| m-xylene-alpha,alpha'-diamine | ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023).         |
| ••••                          | Absorbed through skin.                     |
|                               | C: 0.018 ppm                               |

#### **Biological exposure indices**

| Ingredient name | Exposure indices   |
|-----------------|--|
| xylene          | <b>GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022)</b><br>BEI: 0.4 g/L, methylhippuric acids [in urine].<br>Sampling time: end of work shift.<br>BEI: 0.3 g/g Cr, methylhippuric acids [in<br>urine]. Sampling time: end of work shift. |
| ethylbenzene    | <b>GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022)</b><br>BEI: 0.8 g/g Cr, mandelic acid and<br>phenylglyoxylic acid (MA and PGA) [in urine].<br>Sampling time: end of work shift.  |

| Appropriate engineering controls | : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.                                  |
|----------------------------------|---|
| Environmental exposure controls  | : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure<br>they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some<br>cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process<br>equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.   |
| ndividual protection measure     | <u>S</u>  |
| Hygiene measures                 | : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety |

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showers are close to the workstation location.

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| Eye/face protection    | Safety eyewear complying to ISO 16321-1:2022 should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.   |  |
|------------------------|---|--|
| Skin protection        |   |  |
| Hand protection        | <ul> <li>There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.<br/>The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product.<br/>The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.</li> <li>Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.</li> <li>Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.</li> <li>The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.</li> <li>Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.</li> </ul> |  |
|                        | Wear suitable gloves tested to ISO 374-1:2016.<br>May be used, gloves(breakthrough time) 4 - 8 hours: Viton® (> 0.7 mm), butyl<br>rubber (> 0.4 mm), neoprene (> 0.35 mm), PVC (> 0.5 mm)<br>Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: 4H/Silver Shield® (> 0.07<br>mm), Teflon (> 0.35 mm), nitrile rubber (> 0.75 mm), polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) (> 0.3<br>mm)  |  |
|                        | For right choice of glove materials, with focus on chemical resistance and time of penetration, seek advice by the supplier of chemical resistant gloves.   |  |
|                        | The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.   |  |
| Body protection        | : Use chemical-resistant protective suit / disposable overall.  |  |
|                        | Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task<br>being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist<br>before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity,<br>wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static<br>discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.   |  |
| Other skin protection  | : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.   |  |
| Respiratory protection | : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.  |  |
| Continu O Dhuning      | and chemical properties and cafety  |  |

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

| <u>Appearance</u>            |                   |
|------------------------------|-------------------|
| Physical state               | : Liquid.         |
| Colour                       | : Colourless.     |
| Odour                        | : Characteristic. |
| Odour threshold              | : Not applicable. |
| рН                           | : Not applicable. |
| Melting point/freezing point | : Not applicable. |

Date of issue/Date of revision

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

| Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range | 1 | Lowest known value: 119°C (246.2°F) (butan-1-ol). Weighted average: 152.24°C (306°F)                                 |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|--|
| Flash point   | : | Closed cup: 35°C (95°F)  |  |  |
| Evaporation rate  | 1 | Highest known value: 0.84 (ethylbenzene) Weighted average: 0.73compared with butyl acetate                           |  |  |
| Flammability  | 1 | Not applicable.  |  |  |
| Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit      | : | Greatest known range: Lower: 1.4% Upper: 11.3% (butan-1-ol)  |  |  |
| Vapour pressure   | : | Highest known value: 1.2 kPa (9.3 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (ethylbenzene). Weighted average: 0.77 kPa (5.78 mm Hg) (at 20°C) |  |  |
| Relative vapour density                                 | 1 | Highest known value: 3.7 (Air = 1) (xylene). Weighted average: 3.51 (Air = 1)  |  |  |
| Density   | 1 | 1.043 g/cm <sup>3</sup>  |  |  |
| Solubility(ies)   | 1 |  |  |  |
| Media   |   | Result   |  |  |
| cold water<br>hot water                                 |   | Not soluble<br>Not soluble   |  |  |
| Solubility in water                                     | : | Not available.   |  |  |
| Partition coefficient: n-<br>octanol/water              | 1 | Not available.   |  |  |
| Auto-ignition temperature                               | 1 | Lowest known value: 355°C (671°F) (butan-1-ol).  |  |  |
| Decomposition temperature                               | 1 | Not available.   |  |  |
| Viscosity   | 4 | Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >20.5 mm²/s (>20.5 cSt)  |  |  |
| Particle characteristics                                |   |  |  |  |
| Median particle size                                    | 4 | Not applicable.  |  |  |
| No additional information.                              |   |  |  |  |
|   |   |  |  |  |

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

| Reactivity                         | : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.  |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Chemical stability                 | : The product is stable.  |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.   |
| Conditions to avoid                | : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. |
| Incompatible materials             | : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:<br>oxidising materials   |
| Hazardous decomposition products   | <ul> <li>Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products<br/>should not be produced.</li> </ul>  |

### Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects Acute toxicity

### Section 11. Toxicological information

| Product/ingredient name | Result                 | Species    | Dose        | Exposure |
|-------------------------|------------------------|------------|-------------|----------|
| <b>x</b> ylene          | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat        | 11 mg/l     | 4 hours  |
|                         | LD50 Oral              | Rat        | 4300 mg/kg  | -        |
|                         | TDLo Dermal            | Rabbit     | 4300 mg/kg  | -        |
| ethylbenzene            | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat - Male | 11 mg/l     | 4 hours  |
| 2                       | LD50 Dermal            | Rabbit     | >5000 mg/kg | -        |
|                         | LD50 Oral              | Rat        | 3500 mg/kg  | -        |
| butan-1-ol              | LD50 Oral              | Rat        | 790 mg/kg   | -        |
| 1,2-cyclohexanediamine  | LD50 Oral              | Rat        | 4556 mg/kg  | -        |
| m-xylene-alpha,alpha'-  | LD50 Dermal            | Rabbit     | 3100 mg/kg  | -        |
| diamine                 |                        |            | 0.0         |          |
|                         | LD50 Oral              | Mouse      | 1180 mg/kg  | -        |

#### Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result                                       | Species       | Score | Exposure                    | Observation |
|-------------------------|--|---------------|-------|-----------------------------|-------------|
| xylene                  | Eyes - Mild irritant<br>Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit<br>Rat | -     | 87 milligrams<br>8 hours 60 | -           |
| m-xylene-alpha,alpha'-  | Eyes - Severe irritant                       | Rabbit        | -     | microliters<br>24 hours 50  | -           |
| diamine                 | Skin - Severe irritant                       | Rabbit        | -     | µg<br>24 hours 750          | -           |
|                         |  |               |       | μg                          |             |

### **Sensitisation**

| Product/ingredient name           | Route of exposure | Species                         | Result      |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|-------------|
| 1,2-cyclohexanediamine            | skin              | Mammal - species<br>unspecified | Sensitising |
| m-xylene-alpha,alpha'-<br>diamine | skin              | Mammal - species<br>unspecified | Sensitising |

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### **Classification**

| Product/ingredient name | IARC |
|-------------------------|------|
| ethylbenzene            | 2B   |

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Product/ingredient name | Category   | Route of exposure | Target organs                   |
|-------------------------|------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|
| xylene                  | Category 3 | -                 | Respiratory tract irritation    |
| butan-1-ol              | Category 3 | -                 | Respiratory tract<br>irritation |
|                         | Category 3 |                   | Narcotic effects                |

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

### Section 11. Toxicological information

| Product/ingredient name |            | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|-------------------------|------------|-------------------|---------------|
| ethylbenzene            | Category 2 | -                 | -             |

### Aspiration hazard

| Product/ingredient name | Result   |
|-------------------------|--|
|                         | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1<br>ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

| Information on likely routes of exposure | 1 | Not available.  |
|--|---|---|
| Potential acute health effects           |   |   |
| Eye contact                              | : | Causes serious eye damage.                                |
| Inhalation                               | : | May cause respiratory irritation.                         |
| Skin contact                             | : | Causes severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| Ingestion                                | ; | No known significant effects or critical hazards.         |
|  |   |   |

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

| Eye contact  | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>pain<br>watering<br>redness                           |
|--------------|--|
| Inhalation   | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>respiratory tract irritation<br>coughing              |
| Skin contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>pain or irritation<br>redness<br>blistering may occur |
| Ingestion    | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains  |

#### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

| <u>Short term exposure</u>     |   |        |
|--------------------------------|---|--------|
| Potential immediate<br>effects | Not available.  |        |
| Potential delayed effects      | Not available.  |        |
| Long term exposure             |   |        |
| Potential immediate<br>effects | Not available.  |        |
| Potential delayed effects      | Not available.  |        |
| Potential chronic health eff   |   |        |
| Not available.                 |   |        |
| General                        | Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently ex<br>to very low levels. | xposed |
| Carcinogenicity                | Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and leve exposure.                | l of   |
| Mutagenicity                   | No known significant effects or critical hazards.   |        |
| Reproductive toxicity          | No known significant effects or critical hazards.   |        |

### Numerical measures of toxicity Acute toxicity estimates

Date of issue/Date of revision

### Section 11. Toxicological information

| Product/ingredient name        | Oral (mg/<br>kg) | Dermal<br>(mg/kg) | Inhalation<br>(gases)<br>(ppm) | Inhalation<br>(vapours)<br>(mg/l) | Inhalation<br>(dusts<br>and mists)<br>(mg/l) |
|--------------------------------|------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| ✓ankguard Special Ultra Comp B | 7688.6           | 5884.7            | N/A                            | 49.8                              | N/A  |
| xylene                         | N/A              | 1100              | N/A                            | 11                                | N/A  |
| butan-1-ol                     | 500              | N/A               | N/A                            | N/A                               | N/A  |
| m-xylene-alpha,alpha'-diamine  | 1180             | N/A               | N/A                            | 11                                | N/A  |

### Section 12. Ecological information

### **Toxicity**

| Product/ingredient name  | Result                            | Species                          | Exposure |
|--|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------|
| xylene   | Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water | Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio | 48 hours |
|  | Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas       | 96 hours |
| ethylbenzene   | Acute EC50 7700 µg/l Marine water | Algae - Skeletonema costatum     | 96 hours |
|  | Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l              | Daphnia                          | 48 hours |
|  | Acute LC50 4.2 mg/l               | Fish                             | 96 hours |
| Formaldehyde, oligomeric<br>reaction products with<br>phenol and m-phenylenebis<br>(methylamine) | Acute LC50 25.9 mg/l              | Fish                             | 96 hours |
| m-xylene-alpha,alpha'-<br>diamine  | Acute EC50 12 mg/l                | Algae                            | 72 hours |

### Persistence/degradability

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability   |
|-------------------------|-------------------|------------|--------------------|
| xylene<br>ethylbenzene  | -                 |            | Readily<br>Readily |

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

| Product/ingredient name           | LogPow | BCF         | Potential |
|-----------------------------------|--------|-------------|-----------|
| xylene                            | 3.12   | 8.1 to 25.9 | low       |
| ethylbenzene                      | 3.6    | -           | low       |
| butan-1-ol                        | 1      | -           | low       |
| m-xylene-alpha,alpha'-<br>diamine | 0.18   | 2.69        | low       |

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

#### Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### Section 14. Transport information

|                             | China   | UN  | IMDG   | ΙΑΤΑ  |
|-----------------------------|---|---|--|---|
| UN number                   | UN3470  | UN3470  | UN3470   | UN3470  |
| UN proper<br>shipping name  | Paint, corrosive,<br>flammable  | Paint, corrosive,<br>flammable  | Paint, corrosive,<br>flammable. Marine<br>pollutant<br>(Formaldehyde,<br>oligomeric reaction<br>products with phenol<br>and m-phenylenebis<br>(methylamine)) | Paint, corrosive,<br>flammable  |
| Transport hazard            | 8 (3)   | 8 (3)   | 8 (3)  | 8 (3)   |
| class(es)                   |   |   |  |   |
| Packing group               | 11  | 11  | II   | II  |
| Environmental<br>hazards    | Yes. The<br>environmentally<br>hazardous substance<br>mark is not required. | Yes. The<br>environmentally<br>hazardous substance<br>mark is not required.             | Yes.   | Yes. The<br>environmentally<br>hazardous substance<br>mark is not required. |
| Additional informat         | tion  |   |  |   |
| IMDG                        |   | ne pollutant mark is not re<br><b>icy schedules</b> F-E, S-C                            | quired when transported  | l in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg   |
| ΙΑΤΑ                        | : The envi  | ronmentally hazardous sub<br>ation regulations.   | ostance mark may appea   | ar if required by other   |
| ADR / RID                   | : Tunnel re   | estriction code: (D/E)<br>dentification number: 83                                      |  |   |
| Marking                     |   | ronmental hazardous / ma<br>s containing more than 5 li                                 |  |   |
| Special precautions         | upright a   | rt within user's premises<br>nd secure. Ensure that per<br>t of an accident or spillage | rsons transporting the pr  |   |
| Extinguishing medi          | <u>a</u>  | - <b>-</b>  |  |   |
| Suitable extinguis<br>media | hing : Use dry d  | chemical, CO₂, water spra   | y (fog) or foam.   |   |
| Unsuitable extingu<br>media | iishing : Do not us   | se water jet.   |  |   |
| ncompatible mater           | ials : Reactive   | or incompatible with the fo   | ollowing materials:  |   |

oxidising materials

### Section 14. Transport information

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

### Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product:

#### Law of the People's Republic of China on the Prevention and Control of Occupational Diseases

Regulations on the Control over Safety of Dangerous Chemicals

Measures for Environmental Management of New Chemical Substances

Law of the People's Republic of China on the Prevention and Control of Environment Pollution Caused by Solid Wastes Safety regulations for the use of chemicals in the workplace

General Rule for Classification and Hazard Communication of Chemicals

Classification and code of dangerous goods

#### List of Goods banned for Importing

None of the components are listed.

### Drug Precursors Requiring an Import/Export License

None of the components are listed.

### **Inventory of Hazardous Chemicals**

| Ingredient name        | CAS number | Status | Reference<br>number |
|------------------------|------------|--------|---------------------|
| xylene                 | 1330-20-7  | Listed | 358                 |
| ethylbenzene           | 100-41-4   | Listed | 2566                |
| butan-1-ol             | 71-36-3    | Listed | 2761                |
| 1,2-cyclohexanediamine | 694-83-7   | Listed | 943                 |

#### List of Explosive Precursors

None of the components are listed.

#### List of Goods banned for Exporting

None of the components are listed.

#### List of Toxic Chemicals Severely Restricted for Importing & Exporting by China

None of the components are listed.

#### Catalogue and classification of drug precursor chemicals

None of the components are listed.

#### Inventory of highly toxic articles

None of the components are listed.

### Catalogue of Hazardous Chemicals of Priority Management

None of the components are listed.

### Catalogue of Occupational Disease Hazard Factors - Dust

None of the components are listed.

### Catalogue of Occupational Disease Hazard Factors - Chemical Factors

| Ingredient name | Status |
|-----------------|--------|
| xylene          | Listed |
| ethylbenzene    | Listed |
| butan-1-ol      | Listed |

### International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

#### Montreal Protocol

Date of issue/Date of revision

### Section 15. Regulatory information

Not listed.

### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

### Section 16. Other information

#### **History**

| motory                         |   |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Date of printing               | : 25.11.2024  |
| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 25.11.2024  |
| Date of previous issue         | : 05.07.2024  |
| Version                        | : 1.06  |
| Key to abbreviations           | <ul> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate<br/>BCF = Bioconcentration Factor<br/>GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals<br/>IATA = International Air Transport Association<br/>IBC = International Air Transport Association<br/>IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods<br/>LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient<br/>MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,<br/>1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)<br/>N/A = Not available<br/>SGG = Segregation Group<br/>UN = United Nations</li> </ul> |

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

| Classification  | Justification         |
|---|-----------------------|
| FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3                                      | On basis of test data |
| SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B                             | Calculation method    |
| SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1                      | Calculation method    |
| SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1                                     | Calculation method    |
| CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2  | Calculation method    |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract | Calculation method    |
| irritation) - Category 3  |                       |
| SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2                      | Calculation method    |
| LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2                     | Calculation method    |
|   |                       |

References

: Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### Notice to reader

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Users should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.